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# Russians Begin Another Major Counter-Offensive

London, Sept. 10.

ALTHOUGH both the Soviet and German High Commands gave no details of last night's operations on the eastern front, reports reaching London today indicate that the Russian forces under Marshal Timoshenko have started another counter-offensive towards Gomel, about 150 miles south-west of Smolensk, and that they are following up their offensive near Smolensk, in which they recaptured Yelnia and some 50 villages.

The new attack is believed to be the smaller of the two offensives, but the "Red Star," organ of the Red Army, reports that the 29th German motorized division and the headquarters of the 15th motorized division were wiped out with a number of tanks and guns.

While today's German communique reported tersely that the Germans were carrying out constant successful attacks, the latest Soviet statement broadcast by Moscow Radio at 11 a.m. GMT (8 p.m., Shanghai summer time) declared that "during the night of September 9 our troops continued fighting the enemy on the whole front."

**More Than Local Success**

In a supplement to this communique, however, the Russians announced that Soviet tanks during September 7 destroyed 100 tanks and armoured cars, 42 guns, 300 trench-mortars, 560 lorries and cars, 225 motor-cycles, 16 radio stations, three cavalry squadrons and killed 7,000 men.

Last night, the Soviet spokesman, M. S. A. Lozovsky, stated that the smashing of eight German divisions in the central sector was much more than a local success and had important repercussions on other forces on the front. He asserted that fighting was continuing on a scale never known in the history of war, while German losses were growing.

From Leningrad, there has been no news of any change since the Germans claimed the capture of Schluesselburg, on Lake Ladoga M. Lozovsky said last night that he had no information on this German claim.

**German Attacks Frustrated**

The official Soviet news agency, Tass, reports from the theatre of war that during the past few days the Germans attempted to assume the offensive in the Gomel sector. German motorized divisions, in vain, attempted to throw back Soviet troops who passed to vigorous counter-offensives and by a series of concentrated blows smashed an enemy division. Thousands of corpses were left on the battlefield, and Russian land forces alone demolished 47 tanks, six-armoured cars, 11 guns, 96 lorries and several dozens of mine-throwers and machine-guns. Twelve staff officers were killed.—Reuter.

## Utter Destruction Of Leningrad Threatened

Berlin, Sept. 10.

An authorized German military spokesman yesterday said that "if Leningrad is 100 per cent. defended then it will be 100 per cent. destroyed, or, in Russian terminology 'liquidated.'"

Meanwhile, competent German quarters asserted that German troops had contacted Finnish troops, smashed through Russian resistance and completely cut off Leningrad from Lake Ladoga.

Sources indicated that the victory was an outstanding Germano-Finnish drive, accomplished in the shortest period of time, since capture of Schluesselburg on the shores of Lake Ladoga was announced only Monday.

Nevertheless, the authorized German military spokesman did not report further German advances in the Leningrad area and did not indicate where German and Finnish troops had established contact.

According to the spokesman, however, the Kronstadt naval base already was under fire, although the High Command has not announced it yet. The spokesman denied Russian reports that the Germans had been thrown back from bridgeheads already established across the Dnieper.

D.N.B. asserted that German advances in the Volchov sector and Finnish advances in the Svir sector cut off the only hydroelectric supply, and likewise raw materials supply, for Leningrad.

Therefore, said D.N.B., since the city already is under artillery fire "all production must soon cease." The remainder of Russian industry would in no way be able to replace Leningrad's production, said D.N.B.

The simultaneous threat to bases of the Soviet Fleet and Air Force in the Leningrad area endangers such Russian outpoints as Hangoe, Oesel and Dagoe.

Another D.N.B. despatch said that German builders during the advance on Schluesselburg, built a 31 metre, 16 ton bridge in the record time of 13 hours.—United Press.

## Monkhouse Going Back To Moscow After Expulsion in 1933

London, Sept. 10.

It is now definitely established that Colonel Alan Monkhouse, one of the officials in Moscow of the Metropolitan Vickers Electrical Company, who was charged in 1933 by the Russians with sabotage, and later expelled, will be interpreter to Lord Beaverbrook in the forthcoming three-power conference in Moscow.

The Soviet Government has intimated its willing assent.—Reuter.

## French Officers Return From Spitsbergen

London, Sept. 10.

A number of French Army officers and men returned to England with the Spitsbergen expedition. They had escaped from German camps. They are joining up immediately with the Free French Forces.

## Britain Doing Best to Supply Russia With Full Economic Aid

London, Sept. 10.

"Considerable progress" has been made in providing Russia with economic assistance.

The Minister of Economic Warfare, Mr. Hugh Dalton, told the House of Commons that substantial shipments have already been made, including rubber, tin, wool, lead, jute and shellac, and notwithstanding the difficulties of transport, Britain is doing her best to meet Russian requests in full.

Commodities which cannot be supplied from the British Empire or Allied sources are being discussed in Washington, and afterwards at the Moscow conference.

Labourite Mr. Arthur Henderson asked whether the forthcoming Moscow conference will be long delayed. Mr. Dalton said that that was beyond his competence to answer. He added: "My answer applies to non-military supplies."—Reuter.

## Sir Archibald Wavell Inspects Iraq

Simla, Sept. 10

The Commander-in-Chief in India, Sir Archibald Wavell, recently visited General Edward Pellew Quinan's Headquarters in Iraq, it is officially stated here.

He also visited Basra, Abadan and Ahwaz.—Reuter.

## Soviets Smash Through Nazis In Central Sector

Moscow, Sept. 10.

PRAVDA'S Smolensk correspondent yesterday wired his newspaper that the Red Army was advancing at the rate of eight miles a day in the smashing Russian counter-offensive in the central sector.

During the past two days, said the correspondent, Russians broke through a maze of German fortifications and were attacking frontally and along the German flanks. The Germans were being pursued 11 miles from Yelnya, capture of which was previously announced, said the report.

The Wehrmacht had heavily fortified the region with permanent blockhouses and an elaborate system of trenches and entanglements for the German offensive against Moscow, said the correspondent.

**Nazis Fleeing in Disorder**

The correspondent reported that Germans were fleeing in disorder and had left thousands of unburied dead. Russians, he said, had captured at least 102 guns, 200 machine-guns and 100,000 shells.

Meanwhile, the Soviet information bureau announced in a communique that Soviet troops fought stubbornly along the entire front.

The Russian Air Force "scored blows against enemy troops on the battlefield and destroyed planes at aerodromes," said the communique. "Seventy-one German planes were destroyed on Sept. 7 in aerial combats and by anti-aircraft fire and on aerodromes while we lost 24," said the communique, adding that "two German scouting planes were shot down in the proximity of Moscow on Sept. 9.

**Soviet Counter-attack**

The "Red Star" reported that a Soviet counter-attack in the Gordastopol region, resulted in crossing the River Teterev, a tributary of the Dnieper, 75 miles northwest of Kiev.

Soviet artillery, tanks, and aircraft hammered German panzer columns and destroyed hundreds of motor-cars, tanks, a mobile staff headquarters and large munition dumps, said the newspaper.

Red bombers also sank several ferries carrying infantry and artillery and prevented the Germans from crossing, said the newspaper. The "Red Star" said that bunds along the river were strewn with thousands of enemy dead.

**Rumanians Suffer Heavily**

The Red Army on the Black Sea and Marines defending Odessa during the past 10 days of fighting inflicted 20,000 casualties on Rumanian attackers and captured considerable booty, said an official communique yesterday.

The communique also said that the Red Army offensive in the Smolensk area, which began 27 days ago, advanced steadily until the final assault the night of September 5 when it virtually encircled the German army.

On the preceding day Russians bombed German airports, and destroyed 85 planes, said the communique.

After smashing the best part of eight divisions, which lost 70 per cent. of their effectives, the remainder tried to retreat along a narrow road covered on both sides by Soviet artillery which mowed them down, said the communique.

A Russian correspondent said "our glorious troops are continuing pursuit of the retreating enemy without giving them a minute's rest."—United Press.

## Nazi Threat to Kiev Believed Removed

London, Sept. 10.

British military experts today believed that the reported rout of 120,000 Germans in the central Russian sector removed the immediate threat to Bryansk and Marshal Semion Budenny's rear at Kiev and his forces along the lower Dnieper guarding Kharkov.

Even as the Russians appeared to be strengthening their central and southern sectors, the Germans were tightening their ring around Leningrad where Marshal von Leeb was reported to be preparing a new assault under the urgent and personal order of Chancellor Adolf Hitler to take the citadel quickly at all costs in order to shift the Nazi armies engaged elsewhere.

**Situation at Present**

Along the 1,500-mile battle-locked this front appeared to be the picture at present:—

1. Little change in Marshal Budenny's sector along the Dnieper from Kiev to the south.

2. Improvement in Marshal Semion Timoshenko's position in the centre where the main task of the Russians is to defend the approaches to Moscow.

3. Certain deterioration in the position of Marshal Klementi Voroshilov around Leningrad.

The fiercest fighting appeared to be raging in the Leningrad and Smolensk areas, with the Russians reportedly gaining the initiative in the latter sector.

Striking with renewed energy, Marshal Timoshenko was reported to have driven beyond Yelnya, which was recaptured Monday after 120,000 Germans were routed in that sector.

**Enormous German Losses**

Reports indicated that 80,000 Germans were killed, wounded and taken prisoners in the central sector among marshes, woods and the muddy banks of the Desna River.

Another 40,000 remnants of the eight crack divisions which the Nazis threw against the central sector, were reported to be making their way back to Smolensk.

Military experts believed that the remainder of the central German forces appeared to be in a perilous salient, 100 miles south, at Gomel, with General Konlev's counter-attacks threatening to drive them back into the Pripet marshes.

Credit for the reported shattering blow dealt the Germans at Yelnya was said to belong to General Rakovsky, commander of Russia's crack mechanized division.—United Press.

## Palermo Harbour Heavily Bombed By R.A.F.

Cairo, Sept. 10.

General Headquarters yesterday announced that the R.A.F. on Sunday evening successfully bombed shipping in Palermo harbour where "many direct hits were obtained on sheds, docks, the main jetties and dry-dock, causing explosions and large fires visible for 20 miles."

The communique said that one direct hit on Palermo's north jetty "caused debris to be thrown high into the air. Near the power station, further fires broke out.

"On the return journey, our aircraft machine-gunned the coast guard station and railway sheds at Licata."

Aerial reconnaissance revealed that the merchant ship torpedoed in Syracuse harbour by the Fleet Air Arm on the night of August 20 was now under water at the stern, the despatch claimed.

Royal Air Force planes raided Derna and Fort Capuzzo yesterday, and also bombed Bardia.—United Press.

**Industrial Centre Blasted**

London, Sept. 10.

"In an attack on Kassel last night (Monday) some of our bombers came down to as low as 400 feet in order to make sure of their targets," says the Air Ministry news service. "The town, an important objective, is the centre of heavy industries and many of its factories are now given over to production of war materials. Several main line railways meet in the town and carry its products to fronts on which Germany is fighting.

"The attack was sharp, sudden and heavy and even before the main force of bombers had arrived there were many fires to signal immediate success. As the attack progressed our crews reported great destruction. Railway and factory buildings were ablaze."—Reuter.

## Pope to Receive Taylor on Thursday

Vatican City, Sept. 10.

Semi-official sources announced yesterday that Pope Pius XII will receive Mr. Myron C. Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal envoy to the Holy See, in a private audience on Thursday.

Mr. Taylor arrived late yesterday, after meeting Admiral William D. Leahy, American Ambassador to Vichy, at Barcelona.—United Press.

## Lower Petrol Transport Rates in U.S. Likely

Washington, Sept. 10.

The Interestate Commerce Commission yesterday authorized railways to reduce carrying rates on petrol and fuel oil by 25 per cent. in an attempt to alleviate the shortage in the eastern states. It was hoped that petroleum shippers thus will be encouraged to use the 20,000 tank cars reported available.—United Press.

**Battle Expected in Western Desert**

*It is expected in London that warfare in the Western Desert will soon be resumed on a large scale, with the Germans and Italians attempting to force their way to the Suez Canal. The Prime Minister has expressed confidence in Britain's ability to defend Egypt and the Canal from their attacks. The picture shows two British tanks operating in the Western Desert.*

## Sessa Incident May Cause Change In U.S. Policy

Washington, Sept. 10.

THERE is reason to believe that the loss of the two American ships—the Steel Seafarer and the Sessa—at German hands, and the attack on the Greer, are leading to changes in American policy.

## Hull Declines To Comment On Sessa Affair At Present

Washington, Sept. 9.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, did not disclose any additional details on the sinking of the Sessa, and told pressmen at today's press conference that he did not think there was any question as to "who was the author of the attack." Mr. Hull added that he did not wish to discuss the matter further until the full facts had been ascertained.

Asked if the Sessa was considered an American ship, Mr. Hull evasively replied that anyone could appraise that according to his own viewpoint. He emphasized, however, that the ship was owned and operated by an American company, although it sailed on its present voyage under Panamanian registry.

The crew, Mr. Hull added, was composed of various nationalities, and according to reports so far received only one American was included among the missing.

**Awaiting Fuller Information**

The Secretary of State declined to comment on the incidents bearing on the United States policy of freedom of the seas pending receipt of fuller information. He said that the State Department was endeavouring to assemble the facts, but the three survivors were not yet contacted.

Mr. Hull indicated that the State Department was also investigating further on the sinking of the American vessel Steel Seafarer in the Red Sea.

When questioned regarding the Japanese-American negotiations, Mr. Hull replied that he could not say anything yet.

He also declined to comment in detail on Mr. Winston Churchill's appeal for greater American naval aid. However, he emphasized that one answer to such a request was being given in the United States' constant efforts to achieve greater production of war supplies for countries which the United States was aiding.—Domei.

## Two Senators Against Sending A.E.F.

Washington, Sept. 10.

Senator Elbert D. Thomas, Democrat of Utah, in commenting on the sinking of the United States-operated freighter, Sessa, yesterday took issue with the statement by Mr. Robert Cary, British Conservative M.P., asking for an American Expenditionary Force.

Senator Thomas declared that he did not believe the military situation required American manpower.

"If our men are going anywhere, they probably would be used to bolster our Philippine defences and aid the 700 men in China."

Senator Charles W. Tobey, Republican of New Hampshire, said that the British "simply are not going to get" an American army over there.—United Press.

## Wiedmann May Be Nazi Consul in Tientsin

Buenos Aires, Sept. 10.

Captain Fritz Wiedmann, former German consul in San Francisco, yesterday suddenly cancelled plans to fly here from Rio de Janeiro. Instead, said reports from the Brazilian capital, he may remain there two or three weeks and then go to Tientsin, where it was rumoured he may become German consul.—United Press.

## U.S. Political Circles Disturbed By Repeated German Attacks On Ships

Washington, Sept. 10.

Political circles here yesterday were disturbed by attacks on two United States vessels recently and saw reasons to take with unusual seriousness Mr. Winston Churchill's warning of possible concerted Nazi assaults on United States Atlantic patrol lines.

There has been an almost universal assumption here that Chancellor Adolf Hitler would avoid attacks on United States ships because it would be the surest way to incite the United States. But yesterday, some circles believed Chancellor Hitler might, in desperation, order attacks just as did the Kaiser in 1917, although he realizes it would probably bring the United States into the war.—United Press.

Washingtno, Sept. 9.

The Axis air attack on the American freighter Steel Seafarer, coming immediately after the Greer Incident, causes political quarters here to wonder whether the two incidents are not directly connected with the object of stressing the determination of the Axis powers to engage in open acts of hostility against the United States.

There has been no official reaction as yet to the sinking of the Steel Seafarer, the only official report published until now being the State Department's announcement of the vessel's sinking.

As in the Greer incident the attack on the freighter took place in the war zone proclaimed by Berlin but not recognized by the United States Government.—Havas Telemondial.

The Sessa incident is regarded here as even more important than the other two. The Sessa was undoubtedly carrying foodstuffs and lumber to Iceland and the Icelandic Government, who owned the cargo, and not to the British or American garrison there.

The fact that she was flying the flag of Panama is likely to make little difference to the reaction of the United States, since she was American-owned and was in the process of changing from Panamanian to American registry.

There is much speculation as to why the news of her loss was held up so long. Reuter learns that last Thursday the American Marine radio station in Iceland broadcast that the Sessa was long overdue and expressed the belief that she had been torpedoed.

No British or American station appears to have picked up this item, and when the State Department announced the loss yesterday it came as a bomb-shell. It is thought probable that the news was held up pending receipt of further details from survivors.

Reuter understands from a good source that the President would have announced the loss in his broadcast on Monday night, which was postponed owing to the death of his mother and when he broadcasts on Thursday he is likely to answer Mr. Winston Churchill's plea for further naval assistance. Indeed Mr. Churchill was answered before he spoke, for the broadcast was completed for delivery on Monday.

**Change in U.S. Policy Expected**

It is understood here that the President will state that, owing to Nazi attacks on American vessels, there will be a change in the Atlantic patrol policy.

Well-informed circles believe that he will announce an inviolable sea lane between the United States and Iceland, and declare that any hostile warcraft found there will be "eliminated"—in other words, any German submarine, surface craft or plane entering this zone will do so at the risk of instant destruction by American naval forces.

Mere entry into the zone, it is understood, would be regarded as an act of hostility calling for the destruction of the invading craft. The width of this sea lane is not known, but it is fair to guess that it will be generous enough to ensure absolute safety for all supplies for Britain between the United States and Iceland.

**Former Danish Ship**

The Sessa was a former Danish ship which the Maritime Commission took over, and she was flying the Panamanian flag when sunk 300 miles south-west of Iceland, according to a State Department announcement.

The Navy Department on September 6 picked up three of the crew of the vessel, who said that the Sessa was torpedoed and sunk on August 17. Twenty-four other members of the crew are still missing and presumed lost, including an American.

The Sessa, which was acquired from the Danish Government when idle foreign ships in United States were taken over, was transporting supplies to the Icelandic Government.—Reuter.

**U.S. Company Operated Sessa**

New York, Sept. 10.

The Marine Transport Lines of New York operated the Sessa, of Panamanian registry and formerly a Danish vessel, which was sunk off Iceland August 17, it was learned here yesterday.

The Sessa sailed for Reykjavik August 6. It is a 1,700 gross ton vessel built in 1936 in Helsinki for the Danish shipper Lauritzen.—United Press.

**Survivors of Seafarer Landed**

Cairo, Sept. 9.

The crew of the American freighter Steel Seafarer, sunk in the Red Sea by a German air attack were rescued by a British warship and have been landed on the west coast of the Gulf of Suez.—Havas Telemondial.

## *Artillery, Patrol Activity at Tobruk*

Cairo, Sept. 10.

"At Tobruk, patrolling activity continues, and our artillery carried out successful shoots against enemy positions. A small enemy patrol which attempted to approach our lines was driven off," states the latest communique issued by British General Headquarters in the Middle East today.

"In the frontier area, there is nothing to report."—Reuter.

## Crew of Sunken U.S. Ship Tell Experiences

BY REUTER'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Suez, Sept. 10.

A sleek grey Royal Naval vessel slipped into an Egyptian port on Tuesday afternoon with 24 members of the crew of the American vessel Steel Seafarer, which was dive-bombed and sunk by an aircraft in the Red Sea last Friday. The remainder of the crew are safe aboard another vessel believed to be Danish.

These 24 members are very fit and cheerful although the ship sank in 20 minutes and they were forced to row for 12 hours to reach a Red Sea island where they were marooned for 24 hours. All the members of the crew speak most highly of the conduct of Captain John Holliday, native of Baltimore.

The Steel Seafarer's first officer, Ralph S. Pratt, of New York City, in the first account of the sinking, said: "The plane came over at 11.30 p.m. on Friday and peppered us with bombs. We were steaming northwards unconvoyed. The plane swooped over just between the masts. A bomb, or it may have been an aerial torpedo, seemed to hit below the water. I was asleep. When I jumped up I saw all the lights had gone out. I reached the bridge in 30 seconds. The plane had flown off and the ship was sinking rapidly listing to starboard. The captain said, "we hit it."

**Sank in 20 Minutes**

"We got two port boats out and one on the starboard side which was sufficient for the crew in the first nine minutes. Slight injuries were suffered by some of the crew in getting into the water. The ship sank after 20 minutes. The captain and myself and one sailor, Bert Cartwright, of Nantucket, Massachusetts, stayed aboard until the decks were awash.

"After 12 hours rowing in a choppy sea we reached land at 11 o'clock the next morning. One of our boats put up sail and drifted away and we lost her. Then we got the motor working and saw an island. Here the Egyptians were most helpful in giving our position and requesting another vessel to search for our missing boat.

**One Sore Point**

"The crew of the Royal Naval craft eventually picked us up. They couldn't have looked after us better, gave us clothes and everything we needed. The only thing I was sore about was that I carried my money and watch in my belt until the day of the attack when I locked it in a drawer so I lost everything."

Another member of the crew telling of their stay on the island said: "We had plenty of food and bread, milk and water, although the island was on short rations. The Egyptians were very good and did everything for us. One good thing about the Nazi plane was he did not try to machine-gun us."

Seaman Paul Beatty, of New Pittsburgh, dressed in borrowed khaki shorts and a white vest, said: "I was writing when I heard the roar of the plane and saw it heading away. An explosion followed throwing up a giant column of water on the starboard side. From what I saw it looked like a near miss."

**Crew Behaved Very Well**

Another member of the crew said: "I was on the bridge with the captain and saw the attack. The skipper immediately rang the alarm bells, the crew behaved very well."

Another sailor said: "I was near No. 4 hatch when the explosion took place, a great fountain of water shot up and landed with such force that it broke the deck."

James Abernethy, of New York City, the radio operator and one of the last to leave the ship, said: "The aerial crashed down, the transmitter was put out of action. Nobody was seriously hurt although the quarters were a shambles, with chairs and radio sets smashed by the force of the explosion."

**Grand Bunch of Fellows**

The Seafarer's crew seem little worse for their experience, and when I left the naval vessel they were lying on the decks, reading and chatting with the ship's complement. Officers of the rescuing naval vessel, which has already done sterling work in the evacuation from Greece and Crete, said the Americans were a grand bunch of fellows and it had been a pleasure to rescue them.

From all reports it is obvious that the attacker knew that the Seafarer was an American vessel as she was shot blacked-out and was clearly visible in the moonlight.—Reuter.

# Churchill Delivers Cheering Review

London, Sept. 10.

SATISFACTION with Britain's present position as compared with the first anniversary of the war was expressed by the spokesman of the "Opposition" front bench, Mr. H. B. Lees-Smith (Labour), in the course of a debate in the House of Commons last night following Mr. Winston Churchill's long review of the war, which was made to an intensely interested but "unexcited house."

The debate throughout was on sedate lines, without a special feature beyond underlying confidence that the Allies are now, in the Prime Minister's words, masters of their fate, coupled with profound admiration for Russian resistance, and quiet unanimous determination to do the utmost possible to support their resistance.

Among those who were in the Diplomatic Gallery were the Chinese, Russian and Spanish Ambassadors, while occupants of the Dominions Gallery included the High Commissioners of South Africa, Australia and Canada.

**No Rhetoric**

In his review Mr. Churchill made no effort at rhetorical effect. The speech was devoid of anything such of a kind thus causing it to be regarded by many members as an ordinary Parliamentary speech explaining the present position, rather than as one of those orations to which the House is accustomed.

In his address Mr. Lees-Smith said he felt that, in Britain's present position, there were grounds for solid satisfaction as compared with the first anniversary of the war. There had been four great turning points in the war:

1. The fall of France.
2. The Battle of Britain.
3. The Lease and Lend Act.
4. The marvellous Russian resistance, which surprised not only the German High Command, but every general staff in the world.

**No Defensive Expedition Wanted**

Mr. Lees-Smith would like the eight-point declaration to begin to be filled in without further delay, so that it should be published to the people in Europe when the right moment arrived.

"If any land force were to be sent on to the Continent of Europe, he hoped it would be so prepared that it would be able to advance, because "we do not want to put a force there to be on the defensive all the time."

He especially congratulated the exploits of the Navy in the last few days in the Mediterranean, because its successful operations there have been at the very heart of what is likely to be the most probable winter campaign.

Egypt, Mr. Lees-Smith continued, was one of the countries suitable for a winter campaign, and the immense efforts which Hitler was making to transport supplies across the Mediterranean indicated that he was as aware of the fact as Britain was.

**Every Aid to Russia**

"If we can provide Russia with equipment we shall deprive Germany of the one long-run advantage she has had hitherto, namely, that we could not compete with her in actual manpower," he added.

The Liberal Leader, Sir Percy Harris, endorsed the necessity of giving every help to Russia. He was amazed that anyone should quibble about this or that phrase in the Atlantic Charter. "It was signed by the two greatest men of our generation, and provides a foundation on which we can build. I would like the Charter to be endorsed by the Commons and Congress, and then confirmed by all allied governments."

Mr. C. R. Attlee, Lord Privy Seal, replying, said, in reference to criticisms of the Atlantic Charter, that a general statement made by the heads of two great states could not be expected to contain more than general principles. It was impossible to elaborate at present on a detailed programme for the future of the world.

When Mr. Attlee said: "This Government and this country are resolved to do their utmost to assist our allies," Mr. William Gallacher (Communist member for West Fife) asked: "All the government—every member of the Government?"

Mr. Attlee replied: "Certainly, every member of the Government."

**All-out Assistance**

The Lord Privy Seal went on to say what could be done in respect of assistance would be done. "But there was nothing more stupid than to make a futile and disastrous gesture for fear that someone would think they were not doing their best."

He added: "We shall give all we can to Russia, but remember it has got to come out of our production, which is not yet adequate for our

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 9, col. 2 * )

## Churchill Speech Reviewed by London Papers

London, Sept. 10.

Mr. Winston Churchill's review of the war situation forms the theme of editorials in London papers which find in it grounds for hope while at the same time they emphasize the need for greater efforts to help Russia and to replace war material diverted to Russian needs.

"The Times" says: "Mr. Churchill's speech did definitely hail the dawn of new hope both for ourselves and for those fighting or co-operating in the same cause. There was hope in Mr. Churchill's references to the Russian front and to the prospect of material assistance reaching our Allies. This part of his speech received more applause than any other—a token of the deep appreciation by the House of Commons of the feeling which is becoming stronger in this country that no sacrifice would be too great to help those who for three desperate months have been bearing the brunt on land of a struggle in the common cause."

**"Ever Present Danger"**

Dealing with the prospect of help for Russia given "on a scale worthy of a great empire which has been at war for two years," "The Times" refers to "limiting factors" including the "ever present danger—not to be exaggerated but equally not to be forgotten—that Germany may switch huge forces from the east to the west."

The paper adds that when full allowance has been made for all these things many possibilities remain. Nobody should underrate the ever-growing scale of the offensive in the west. "The Times" emphasizes that increase in production is indispensable.

**Resolute British Confidence**

"The Daily Telegraph" writes: "From the stark facts Mr. Churchill showed that unfailing resolute British confidence has been and is being justified by the increased strength of the cause of freedom. The supplies upon which we counted from the United States cannot all come to us now. We must put forth great energy and be ready for further abstinence in order that the gaps may be filled. There need be no doubt that the American people will develop a like intensification of effort."

"The Manchester Guardian" similarly emphasizes that "we have to work harder still to fill the gaps."—Reuter.

## Question of Iraqi Arms Raised in Commons

London, Sept. 10.

When the War Secretary, Capt. Margesson announced in the House of Commons in reply to a question that under the armistice terms the Iraqi army was permitted to retain its arms and equipment. Independent Colonel Wedgwood asked whether this was "not carrying appeasement to a ridiculous extent."

Capt. Margesson replied that this is not the view taken by those responsible, otherwise this condition would not have been inserted in the armistice terms.

Labourite Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell asked whether precautions would be taken so that Iraqi arms would be used not against us, but for us. Capt. Margesson replied "yes."—Reuter.

## Shimada to Command Yokosuka Base

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

Admiral Shimada, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese China Sea Fleet has been appointed Commander of the Yokosuka naval station succeeding Admiral Koishi Shiozawa, who has been appointed member of the Supreme War Council.—Domei.

## Germans Again Threaten U.S. Shipping In War Zones

Berlin, Sept. 10.

GERMAN authorized quarters, commenting on the sinking of the American vessel, Steel Seafarer, in the Red Sea declared yesterday that "naturally there is shooting around the Suez and any ships venturing into that neighbourhood are likely to get it."

German authorized quarters said that reports indicated the Steel Seafarer was sailing on behalf of Britain.

"We find nothing extraordinary in the fact it got sunk if such actually was the case," they added.—United Press.

**Berlin Issues Warning**

Berlin, Sept. 9.

Throwing down the gauntlet, the Berlin government today warned that all ships in the Axis-declared war zones will be subject to attack by Axis war craft "regardless of nationality," authoritative sources close to the Wilhelmstrasse revealed.

At the same time, it was indicated that an Axis plane, either German or Italian, sank the Steel Seafarer in the Red Sea.

A spokesman, however, declared, "It is beyond discussion that there should be any general order to attack American ships." He added that since the Red Sea long has been considered a war zone by the Axis Powers, no one should be surprised, that the Seafarer was sunk there, pointing out that the vessel was lost while en route to Suez, presumably with Lease-Lend supplies for the British.—Domei.

**No Comment As Yet**

Berlin, Sept. 10.

Competent German quarters at 8 p.m. yesterday received first press reports of the sinking of the United States operated Panamanian [illegible] Sea [illegible] declined to comment for the time being.—United Press.

Berlin, Sept. 9.

The Red Sea, and particularly the Suez Canal area, naturally remain part of the war zone with all resulting risks, it was stressed here today in an official note destined for foreign consumption.

The following is the full text of the note published today:

"It is learned that an American merchant steamer navigating apparently on Great Britain's behalf has been sunk in the Red Sea by the Luftwaffe.

"Political quarters in Berlin see in this incident a natural confirmation of the fact that the Italians proclaimed the Red Sea a war zone some time ago.

"President Roosevelt's statement that the Red Sea would no longer be considered as a war zone following the British successes in Ethiopia was a premature signal sounding the all-clear in the Red Sea.

"These same quarters said that the Red Sea and particularly the Suez Canal will naturally remain a war zone with all the risks that this entails."—Havas Telemonial.

**Rome Approves of Sinking**

Rome, Sept. 10.

Official quarters yesterday declared that the reported sinking of an American ship (ss. Steel Seafarer) in the Red Sea was a "perfectly natural occurrence in view of the fact the Red Sea link with the Suez Canal is a declared war zone by Italy."—United Press.

# Hitler's Third Front-Fight Against Occupied Countries

New York, Sept. 10.

CHANCELLOR Adolf Hitler is beginning a third front fight—apart from Russia, and from the air war in the west.

Growing underground terrorism in France reflects a similar movement existing to a greater or lesser extent in nearly all occupied countries. This has been progressing for months but the latest reports indicate it is spreading as winter approaches—adding hunger and cold to the bitterness and discontent against conquerors.

Norway, Holland, Belgium and the Balkans are particularly affected. The first executions in Norway occurred in mid-August when three alleged saboteurs faced Nazi firing squads.

**Discontent in Norway**

Last week the Norwegian Nazi leader Vidkun Quisling announced terror would be met with terror and there would be more trials and executions.

Because of German requisitions, the Norwegian food situation is described as serious. Earlier this year a collective fine of 500,000 kroner was levied on three Norwegian counties for sabotage.

The situation is similar in Holland. Fifteen Dutch were executed as spies and saboteurs recently. Amsterdam was fined US$8,000,000 for disorders.

**Civil Strife in Balkans**

The most serious situation is in the Balkans where general fighting was reported in Yugoslavia, not only against Germans and Italians but between the Serbs and Croats themselves.

Last week General Milan Neditch, Serbian leader, warned that "rivers of blood are flowing. Brother fights brother. Crops, houses and forests are burned. Public works are destroyed. Civilians are killed. I ask you, where will all this lead if it continues? Do the Serbian people want civil war?"

Despatches leaking through the heavy censorship report Serbian patriots and guerilla bands are fighting freely against occupation forces. Reprisals are reported heavy, and executions are running high.

**No Allies Against Russia**

Rising discontent also is reported in Bulgaria, Rumania and Greece. The flow of food and other supplies of all kinds to Germany is being increasingly felt. In addition, reports said the Bulgarians and Rumanians do not want to fight for the Axis against Russia. They are willing to fight only to regain lost territory, when and if the opportunity arises.

Only last week Bulgaria declared she would not fight Russia but would elsewhere, presumably against Turkey—and old enemy.

The liberty-loving Greeks are seeking to be ready to rise when possible, especially in the event of a general Balkan outbreak.

The upshot may be that with the British air force growing and Russia putting up a great fight, Chancellor Hitler will have his hands full this winter. His added foes will be winter and wide open spaces, the same ones which faced Napoleon. It was while Napoleon wasted his strength in Russia that he received word from Paris that conquered countries to the west were on the verge of revolt.—United Press.

## Allied Expedition Returns Safely From Spitsbergen

London, Sept. 10.

The Allied expedition to Spitsbergen has safely returned to Britain, and nothing of any use to the enemy remains in Spitsbergen, according to an official announcement.

During their brief stay at Spitsbergen, the Allied force, composed of British, Canadian and Norwegian troops, smashed coal mines, including a dump of 150,000 tons, and wrecked a wireless station which gave the Germans valuable information.

The entire population has been evacuated, and literally none remain in Spitsbergen who could be of any use to the Germans.

The Canadians were met by a sort of reception committee when they landed in small boats, and the men were practically showered with sweets and cigarettes. Later, the inhabitants helped the Canadians in their work.—Reuter.

**Some Troops Are Left**

London, Sept. 10.

British occupation forces are remaining at Spitsbergen to insure elimination of the possibility of Germany receiving coal from the islands, it was officially indicated here yesterday.

Meanwhile, the War Office announced that "a certain number of French officers and other ranks came to the United Kingdom aboard ships bringing Norwegians from Spitsbergen. It is expected that most of these will join the Free French forces in this country."

**Canadian Commander**

Brigadier General Potts, of Saskatchewan, Canada, commanded the Spitsbergen expedition, it also was learned.

A Canadian newspaper man who accompanied the raiding party returned with some of the troops which made the expedition. His story, released by the British Ministry of Information, also indicated all the troops did not return from the islands.

Principal object of the landing was to prevent Germans from utilizing coal mines, and a communique stated "this store of fuel now has been denied the Germans," leaving to further speculation whether the mines were destroyed.—United Press.

**Nazis Wish British Good Winter**

Berlin, Sept. 10.

German authorized quarters, commenting yesterday on the British landing at Spitsbergen, declared that "we wish them joy up there this winter." No further comment was obtainable on the occupation, which was allegedly carried out to prevent the Germans from using the coal mines there.—United Press.

**Action in Scandinavia Foreseen**

Vichy, Sept. 10.

The Allied occupation of Spitsbergen has evoked lively comment in Scandinavian political and military circles, says a Stockholm message to the Vichy news agency. "The opinion is expressed that the principal British aim is to acquire a new base for eventual action in Scandinavia," adds the telegram. "At the same time the British will be assured of new means of communication with Russia."—Reuter.

## Iran Accepts Terms Of Occupation

London, Sept. 10.

It is officially announced in London that the Iranian Government has accepted the Anglo-Soviet terms, including the closing of German, Italian, Rumanian and Hungarian legations, and the handing over of German nationals in Iran to British and Soviet authorities.—Reuter.

## Stabilization Board Conference Welcomed

Chungking, Sept. 10.

Financial quarters here are pleased with the results of the Hongkong conference called by the Stabilization Board. It is stated that though a small number of money shops and brokers may still continue to deal in foreign exchange the amounts will be small and such transactions cannot affect the exchange market.

"Hereafter, it is declared, exchange rates will be fixed by the Stabilization Board, thereby greatly facilitating control of trade, stabilization of Chinese currency and control of foreign exchange.

The "Central Daily News" reports plans for gradual removal of the exchange market from Shanghai and Hongkong to the interior, also plans to adjust fluctuations of Chinese currency. These plans, it is added, will be discussed at a conference of experts which will be summoned in the near future by the secretariat of the economic conference of the Executive Yuan.

Members of the stabilization board are returning to Chungking shortly.—Reuter.

## Additional Budgets Asked For Dutch Navy in N.E.I.

Batavia, Sept. 10.

The Netherlands East Indies Government yesterday submitted to the People's Council a supplementary naval budget, totalling 46,000,000 guilders, of which 41,000,000 guilders is for the purchase of flying-boats.

The Government also asked for further credits for the current year, totalling more than 12,000,000 guilders, for the carrying out of various engineering work on behalf of the Navy Department, for the clothing, equipping and lodging of the native Sea Militia, and for securing and establishing fuel supplies in the Netherlands East Indies.—Reuter.

## *U.S. Production to Increase Twofold*

New York, Sept. 10.

United States defence production will be doubled in September and October, stated Mr. John D. Biggers, of the Office of Production Management, in an interview before leaving for London on a clipper plane yesterday.

"Our production is moving up what you might say a 30-degree incline," he added. "This month and next month it will begin to move at a 60-degree incline."

Mr. Biggers has been appointed United States Minister in charge of synchronizing and co-ordinating United States and British defence production.—Reuter.

## 1,200 Vichy Troops in Syria Join de Gaulle

London, Sept. 10.

Captain Henry Margesson, War Secretary, told the House of Commons in a written reply yesterday that more than 1,200 Vichy troops in Syria had joined General Charles de Gaulle and the "Free French" movement.

During the debate in the House, Mr. H. G. Strauss was extremely critical of the Churchill-Roosevelt eight point declaration, asserting that it made absolutely clear no advantage whatsoever could be gained by helping the cause of Britain and her allies, while there was no disadvantage or disability whatsoever to be incurred by any nation preferring to join Britain's enemies.

"There are passages in the charter which ran the risk of impeding prosecution of the war and seriously prejudicing chance of a worthy peace," he declared.

**U.S. Expeditionary Force Wanted**

The question of a United States expeditionary force was voiced when Mr. Robert Cary, Conservative, pointed out that both Generals Sir Archibald Wavell and Sir Claude Auchinleck had stressed the necessity for such aid.

"It is a mistake to say we do not need a large army," he said. "We may have to produce a larger army than we possessed in 1918."

The Earl of Winterton criticized the recent speech by Mr. William Lyons Mackenzie King, declaring that "we deeply regret any statement by a newspaper or statesman seeming to suggest to the United States it is her duty at this moment to enter the war.

"Nothing could be more calculated to injure the very delicate machinery of Anglo-American friendship," he added.

**Supplies Diverted to Russia**

Mr. Hastings B. Lees-Smith, Labour Party member for Keighley, Yorkshire, indicated that large quantities of United States supplies were flowing to Russia.

"We can not rely on United States production in the quantities it assumed three months ago," said Mr. Lees-Smith, "because much of the supplies are being diverted to Russia."

He warned that Germany already was preparing a great spring offensive and therefore "production in Britain must be such as to turn the scale in the battle as it turned the scale in Britain last year."—United Press.

## U.S. War Menace Said Shifting to Atlantic

Washington, Sept. 10.

Responsible officials late last night said that the United States war menace had shifted again from the Pacific to the Atlantic and simultaneously suggested that Germany may be following a pattern of unrestricted warfare against ocean shipping.

They cited the attacks on the American ships, Greer, Sessa and Steel Seafarer, as indicating the latter move.

Senator Walter George, until recently chairman of the influential Foreign Relations Committee, said that the "danger of American involvement shifted back into the Atlantic.

"One can not escape the conclusion that the incidents are piling up to bring the United States near war or at least to a definite decision on foreign policy.

**Japanese Tension Easing**

He pointed out that the Japanese tension was easing by force of circumstances largely due to the unexpected sturdiness of the Red Army's resistance.

"The Japanese will mark time until the Soviet campaign is settled—under the present conditions they will not wish to invoke hostilities with interested Powers in the Pacific," he said.

Senator James Murray, Democrat of Montana and a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said that "it looks as if Hitler is going into the unrestricted sinking policy.

"He seems to be seeking to create an incident which might involve us in war. Just how that will benefit him I can not see."

**Cleaving of Northern Area**

There were current reports here that the Spitsbergen expedition may be the forerunner of a general clearing of the northern area, permitting President Roosevelt to remove combat zone restrictions on White Sea ports and allowing the direct despatch of United States materials to Archangel.

It was understood that non-American flag ships already were en route with supplies on that route.

There was some belief here that the sinking of the American vessels would result in an effort to repeal the neutrality act, but there was no indication in Congressional quarters that President Roosevelt would be given the "go ahead" in such an effort nor that the Administration would immediately precipitate a Congressional dispute with such a proposal.—United Press.

## Exercises Held By Gibraltar Garrison Prove Successful

BY REUTERS SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT AT GIBRALTAR

Gibraltar, Sept. 10.

An underground fortress cut of living rock is the obstacle Gibraltar now presents to any would-be attacker. As I write this despatch, hundreds of feet below the surface of "The Rock," above and around me is swarming with men armed to the teeth. They are taking part in defence exercises that began during the evening, when lorry after lorry packed with troops in full battle-dress raced by steep roads and disgorged their human loads at the entrance to a maze of tunnels.

Millitary police directed traffic, as a result of which, with clock-like smoothness, every member of the garrison went to the post assigned to him.

**Like Derby Day**

For a short time "The Rock" resembled Epsom on Derby Day. Twice during the night lights were purposely snapped out for a few moments and the tunnels were in darkness until the emergency lighting came into operations.

Here and there I was stopped by a sentry with a Tommy-gun who refused to let me pass until he had scrutinized my credentials.

The men's quarters are fitted with three-tier bunks. Near them are wash- and cook-houses, one of which alone is capable of feeding 500 men at a time. An excellent meal was served to the troops. In the Officer's Mess, where I dined, we sat at bare tables in a room where, along one side, there was an ancient cannon, a relic of a former garrison.

One object of these exercises—which are held periodically—is to test internal and external communications. The wireless transmitters on the Rock are in direct communication with Britain.

As the underground city grows there are more parts to be tested—since the last exercise new cook-houses, wash-houses and hospitals have been built. Meanwhile the life of Gibraltar's civilians goes on as usual.—Reuter.

## Mrs. Roosevelt Is Buried at Hyde Park

Hyde Park, Sept. 10.

Mrs. Sara Delano Roosevelt, mother of the President, was buried in the cemetery of St. James Episcopal Church here yesterday beside here husband James.

The President, surrounded by members of his family, several intimate friends and retainers of his Hyde Park estate, participated in the extremely simple rites which started in mid-afternoon in his spacious library.

**Those Present**

Only the President, the First Lady, their sons James, Elliott and John, and the wives of John and Elliott, and Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr. an aunt, an uncle and a few employees of the 1,200 acre estate were present.

A choir of eight voices sang a hymn written by the President himself and which was his mother's favourite. Then, with a final plea to the "God of Peace," the rector concluded the rites.

Eight estate workmen, some of whom had served the Roosevelts for more than forty years, then lifted the mahogany casket and carried it to a waiting hearse.—United Press.

## U.S. Railroad Workers' Strike Looming

Washington, Sept. 10.

Zero hour was set for 6 a.m. Monday for a strike of 350,000 members of the five operating railroad companies, which are independent of other labour organizations.

It was announced, however, that mediation provisions of the Railway Labour Act will prevent an actual walkout until 60 and perhaps 90 days thereafter.

President Roosevelt will name a fact-finding commission today to inquire into the controversy and make a report.—United Press.

## *Australia to Have Record Budget*

Brisbane, Sept. 10.

Mr. Arthur W. Fadden, Prime Minister, yesterday revealed he would introduce on September 17 a record budget providing for US$675,000,000 of a total of US$1,050,000,000 for war-time expenditure.

"The irreducible minimum required for our security will ask the people of Australia to contribute to an extent never asked before," he declared. "Sacrifices must be made... the Government will see that no section of the community dodges responsibility."—United Press.

## Russians Here Deny Czar's Ashes Are Hidden In England

Categorical denial of a Vichy report, quoting General Pierre Janin, French World War leader, that an urn containing the ashes of Czar Nicholas II and his entire family lay in the vaults of the Bank of England, was made by well-informed Russian circles in Shanghai yesterday.

The report claimed that General Janin had told newspapermen that he had brought the urn out of Russia in 1918, following his unsuccessful attempt to rescue the Czar. Other personal property of the Czar was said to be resting in the vaults of the Bank of England.

Questioned on the story, local well informed Russian circles declared that it was nothing but a gross fabrication. The Czar, and the entire Imperial family were murdered and their bodies burnt by using sulphuric acid, on them, they said, and added that no signs of the bodies of the Russian Imperial family were ever found, they declared.

**Few Trinkets Left**

The only clue to the fate that had befallen Czar Nicholas II and members of his family, were uniform buttons, melted rings and belt buckles picked out of the ashes of the pyre on which the Emperor's and his family's bodies were burned about ten miles from Ypatiev House.

The story, the Russian circles declared, was apparently an attempt on the part of Vichy pro-Nazi henchmen to start trouble between the British and Russian people, both in the U.S.S.R. and other parts of the world, where Russians had fled, following the revolution in 1917.

Absolutely not a vestige of truth is in the report, another well informed Russian resident declared. The writer of the story, he added, should have read something on the Imperial Family's personal history before and after their death, before believing what General Janin had to say. Some doubt as to whether General Janin had actually given the story, was expressed by the same source.

## Italian Sailor Hurt Fighting With Russians

Having been left out of Italian participation in the European War when the Conte Verde was forced to remain in Shanghai, an Italian sailor working on board the vessel got into the losing end of a private war between himself and six Russians early yesterday morning in the Hongkew district. The seaman is now lying in the General Hospital where he was taken following the fracas.

The international mix-up resulted after the Italian sailor was weaving his unsteady way in Hongkew to return to the Conte Verde, following a visit to several French Concession cabarets. Reaching the corner of Kunping and Wayside Roads, he got into an argument with six Russians, which soon resulted into a free-for-all.

The ultimate result of the battle between the sailor and Russians, saw the Italian badly hurt about the head and a Fire Brigade ambulance being called to the spot to remove the injured man to the General Hospital for treatment, where up to a late hour last night, he was still nursing his wounds.

No arrests were made by the Hongkew Police officers attending the fight, the Russians having taken to their heels before the arrival of the constables. With the Italian unable to give a description of the Russians, no arrests are expected to be made in connection with the case.

## U.S. Concerned Over Finnish Policy

Washington, Sept. 10.

The United States Government is believed to be seriously concerned over the direction which Finnish policy has take lately. Unless some change in that policy can be discerned soon it is regarded as likely here that Washington's attitude towards Helsinni will rapidly change.

The steady submerging of Finland beneath the Nazi wave has been noted with concern. Germany, it is stated, now dominates Finland's press and radio and uses both against America, particularly against American and Latin-American policy. All military information in the Finnish press is based on German communiques and German news agency statements. Editorial opinion faithfully reflects Nazi viewpoints.

**Armistice Talks Took Place**

It is reported from Europe however that a small section of informed opinion recognises the realities of the situation and knows that continuation of the war will mean ruin for Finland. These Finns also realise that Germany cannot supply food which Finland needs and that only the United States and Britain can. Many Finns sincerely desire peace.

It is reported here that Russo-Finnish armistice talks actually took place but that Field-Marshal's Mannerheim's statement that Russian Karelia must be incorporated into Finland caused the Russians to break off the talks.

It is understood that in view of increasing Nazi domination of Finland, Washington is considering how far Finland can be regarded as a free agent. Observers here are beginning to feel that recent Finnish action almost justified Russia's action last year in strengthening her defensive position at the expense of Finland.

It is believed here that Washington would like to see peace talks resumed soon. Unless this is done it is felt that America's attitude towards Finland will become similar to that now shown towards Italy, Hungary, Slovakia and other satellites of Berlin.—Reuter.

## Battle of Africa Expected to Be Resumed

Berne, Sept. 9.

It is generally believed in London that the Battle of Africa will be resumed shortly and that its outcome will be of major importance for the war in general, the London correspondent of the "Gazette de Lausanne" reported today.

"Everyone knows that for months past the British have been preparing for the coming autumn and winter campaign," he added. "British and American war material is reaching the Allied forces in Africa in increasing quantities. The imperial forces are concentrating for the forthcoming battles which, it is considered in London, will be decisive for the fate of Africa."

"Experts and travellers arriving here from Egypt stress that the imperial forces have never been better equipped and so strong numerically," the correspondent went on. "However the Italians are also increasing their effectives. Convoys of troops and war material to Africa have assumed such enormous proportions that it is wondered whether they intend merely to defend themselves or to attack. Although the British Navy and the R.A.F. had taken steps to prevent the reinforcement of the Axis troops in Africa many Italian vessels were able to slip through. British pilots returning from raids on Tripoli and Benghazi report that they always see new vessels unloading war material there. Doubtless the Axis forces in Africa have been considerably strengthened and are continuing to be reinforced. The return of the season of military operations will certainly be hard and sanguinary, and the results of the campaign in Africa will have major repercussions on the final outcome of the European war."—Havas Telemondial.

## *THE CINEMA*

### "The Great Lie"

| | |
|---|---|
| Maggie | Bette Davis |
| Pete | George Brent |
| Sandra | Mary Astor |
| Aunt Ada | Lucile Watson |
| Violet | Hattie McDaniel |
| Joshua Mason | Grant Mitchell |
| Jock Thompson | Jerome Cowan |
| Senator Greenfield | Charles Trowbridge |

By all means go and see this film for superb acting and dramatic moments. Every women will be moved by its important message to the fairer sex while the men should easily feel the moving scenes involving the love of the two women for one man. Miss Bette Devis alone is the trade-mark for a superb production, but with Miss Mary Astor and Mr. George Brent included in the cast, the film ranks head and shoulders above its class. A slight departure from the usual Miss Davis productions—there is a happy ending—is seen here, but the change comes as a welcome one to the audience tired of daily strife Miss Davis, tears and exquisite sufferings are all in while Mr. Brent remains as suave as ever, with perhaps a little more dignity than usual. Miss Mary Astor lives up to that aristocratic name with impassive, cold and hard features which are rapidly propelling her towards stardom. The three principal players give a first-rate performance. There is nothing left to be desired throughout the entire picture and cinema-goers are left wondering how the producers could ever have made such an excellent film without any flaws. This is not a film that can be forgotten in a hurry. There is behind every scene, moving or humorous, the tragedy of life. From the opening to the finale, the audience feels the power of Miss Davis behind the production. Without her there could not have been this film, which is another triumph in her already glorious career. Scarlett O'Hara's "Mammy," Miss Hattie McDaniel is indeed a happy choice in the well-balanced cast. A word of warning, the film commences immediately after the overture.—F.

### "Reluctant Dragon"

More and more is one amazed at the boundlessness of Mr. Walt Disney's genius, but the flights of fancy presented us in "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs," "Pinocchio," and "Fantasia" (Shanghai will probably have the misfortune not to see the last-named) give us but a slight inkling of the fertility of the human imagination which is revealed in "The Reluctant Dragon." There will be some, who will sniff at the latest Disney creation as a mere cartoon, but one visit to the Grand Theatre should convince anyone that here is a truly great film—unless he be one of those who is described by Shakespeare with: "Seldom he smiles, and smiles in such a sort as if he mock'd himself." Children will enjoy this film, but it will be the adults who will really appreciate it. Described as the "picture of a thousand surprises," this latest film from the Disney studio more than carries out its promise. Relatively little "ballyhoo" has preceded this cartoon, but it will speak for itself. The manner of presenting the film is a novel departure, human characters blending nicely with celluloid caricatures. The audience is shown through Disney's studios and all the stages of production for his creations—this, in a nutshell, is the story of the picture. Here is where Mr. Robert Benchley comes in: he is escorted through the various departments. Entertaining though Mr. Benchley is, he is unable to compete with all the magic conjured up by Walt Disney and his huge staff, many of whom appear on the screen.—S.T.B.

## Indian Textile Output Reaching Maximum

Bombay, Sept. 10.

The production capacity of the textile mills of this country is expected to attain concert pitch as the result of a general agreement reached at the Textile Conference.

The Indian Government has agreed to transfer the textile section of the Supply Department to Bombay, where it will begin to function shortly.

It is learnt that an agreement has also been reached in respect to the prices of textiles supplied to the Government, which it is stated will be based mainly on prices the Government has been paying since the beginning of May.

Matters relating to supplies of cotton textiles to the civil market were also discussed, and it is understood and generally felt that to ease the present situation the main remedy will be to quicken the pace of production.

No question of direct price-control arose, as this would come within the purview of the Price Control Conference which will be held in Simla in the middle of October.—Reuter.

## *Sub Sinks Large Italian Schooner*

London, Sept. 10.

"A large Italian schooner has been torpedoed and sunk by one of our submarines in the central Mediterranean," states an Admiralty communique.

"Off the harbour of Benghazi, another submarine engaged two self-propelled supply lighters by gunfire. Both were hit and damaged, and one may have been sunk."—Reuter.

## Appeal For More Aid to Russia By London Press

London, Sept. 10.

Inspired by Mr. Winston Churchill's admission of the need of urgent aid to Russia, the local press today unanimously appealed for more arms and ammunition to help Britain's allies at all costs.

The "News Chronicle" said that "not a voice will be raised in protest against Mr. Churchill's declaration that large American war supplies earmarked for Britain must now be diverted for the sustenance of our Russian ally."

The "Daily Express" said "At all costs we must arm Russia's millions of fighting men on a grand scale."

The "Daily Mail" said. "It is better to strengthen the Russians than prematurely venture in the west by neglecting the east."

The "Daily Herald" said, that the "military situation in Russia demands that not a day be lost" in holding the Moscow conference.

"The feeling is becoming more and more strong in this country that no sacrifice will be too great to help those who for three desperate months have been bearing the brunt of the land struggle in the common cause," the "Times" said.—United Press.

**Russia Urgently Asks Aid**

London, Sept. 10.

Sir Stafford Cripps, British Ambassador to Russia, was reported yesterday to have held an important conversation with M. Joseph Stalin in which it was said the Russian dictator described the gravity of Russia's position and attempted to drive home the urgent necessity of hurrying up and enlarging Anglo-American deliveries of armaments and other supplies.

M. Stalin's definition of the situation and his allusion to various military eventualities was said to have made a considerable impression on Government circles in London.

It was understood that during the talks, M. Stalin reaffirmed the pledge contained in the Anglo-Soviet alliance that Russia would never conclude a separate armistice or peace with Germany.—United Press.

## Britain's Food Supply Near Normal Level

Newcastle, Sept. 10.

"We are the only nation at war increasing its rations in the third year of the struggle and I am hopeful of further increases," said the Food Minister, Lord Woolton, in a speech here yesterday.

"The nations of Europe who voluntarily or otherwise became allied to the Axis Powers, comparing their food supplies with ours, must seriously wonder whether the profits and rewards of conquest are really worthwhile.

"We are in a position in which there is almost a normal food supply. We have such a supply of wheat that we hardly know where to store it. Some foodstuffs have now to be brought 14,000 miles instead of a few hundreds. It would be foolish to attempt to prophesy but we are certainly better off than any nation in Europe."—Reuter.

## Canada, U.S. Planning Joint Blackout

Vancouver, Sept. 10.

Mr. J. W. Corbett, Mayor, yesterday disclosed that the Canadian and American Governments were planning a test blackout of the entire North American west coast area from California to Alaska.

Mr. Corbett said that plans under way were still in the formative stage and that no date had been set so far. An announcement was expected to be made in the immediate future, he said.

Mr. Corbett said that delay in the official announcement was due to the current Japanese-American negotiations for an amicable settlement of differences in the Pacific.—United Press.

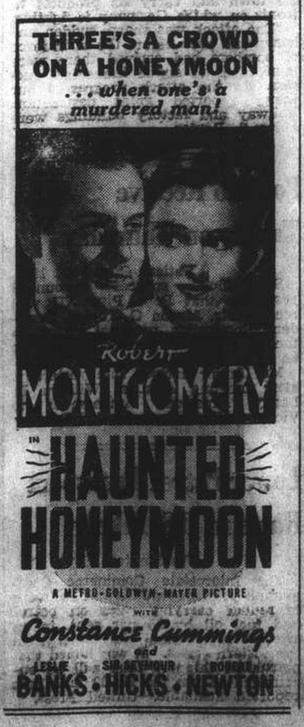
## New Zealand's Navy to Bear Royal Name

London, Sept. 10.

New Zealand's naval forces will in future be known as the Royal New Zealand Navy, and the ships known as His Majesty's New Zealand Ships.

This new designation follows representations made by New Zealand's Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser, when he was in England recently.—Reuter.


COMING SOON!





## Emergency State Proclaimed in Oslo by Nazis

London, Sept. 10.

The Germans have proclaimed a State of Emergency in Oslo, the Stavanger Radio announced today.

Josef Terboven, Nazi Commissioner for Norway, has issued the decree because "Communist" elements have been disturbing work in a "criminal manner for the preparation of strikes."

The Oslo Police have issued orders imposing curfew on the city from 8 p.m. till 5 a.m. cinemas and theatres are to remain closed. Public dancing is banned. All restaurants will close at 7 p.m. and no alcoholic drinks are to be sold. All transport, except railway, is to stop after 7.30 p.m. The Police threaten that all opposition to these orders will be broken by force.

**Fires Increase**

Meanwhile, the Norwegian press reports a considerable increase in the number of fires which occurred this year. During the first half of the year, there was an increase of 28 per cent. in the amount of fire insurance paid out as compared to the same period of last year. Most of the fires broke out in garages containing German military cars and in factories producing war materials. It is reported that complete chaos is developing in the Norwegian Civil Administration as a result of German attempts to remove from office all anti-Nazis. Nearly 100 officials have been dismissed from the Postal Services.

Terboven's order concludes: "Anyone resisting these orders will be brought before court-martial. I appeal to the population to maintain peace and order and carry on with their daily work. Anyone who desires peace and order is under protection of the authorities."—Reuter.

## German Destroyer Sunk In Channel

London, Sept. 10.

British light forces on Monday night sank a German destroyer, an armed trawler and another vessel supplying troops on the Murmansk front, the Admiralty announced yesterday in an official communique.

"An enemy convoy of two supply ships and strongly escorted was intercepted and attacked last (Monday) night by our patrols in the English Channel," said the communique.

"In the first attack just before midnight one of the supply ships, a vessel of about 3,500 tons, was hit by a torpedo.

"This ship certainly was badly damaged and probably sunk," said the Admiralty. While the enemy convoy was being shadowed after the first attack an engagement took place between our ships and the enemy convoy's escort.

"In this engagement one E-boat probably was sunk an armed trawler was set afire," said the communique. "Shortly thereafter a second attack was made on the enemy convoy. In this attack the remaining supply vessel, of about 4,000 tons, was torpedoed. This caused a very big explosion and much wreckage was seen to fly into the air.

**Italian Schooner Torpedoed**

The Admiralty yesterday claimed that a Italian schooner had been torpedoed and sunk by a British submarine in the central Mediterranean.

"Off Benghazi harbour, another of our submarines engaged two self-propelled supply lighters with gunfire and both were hit and damaged. One may have been sunk," said the communique.—United Press.

## Tokyo American School Not to Reopen

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

The Board of the American School in Tokyo met today and decided to adhere to its previous decision not to reopen the school at present. It was not revealed, however, whether the school would be opened at a later date, or whether the property would be sub-leased in the meantime.—Domei.

## *19-Gun Salute for New H.K. Governor*

Hongkong, Sept. 10.

The new Governor, Sir Mark Aitchison Young, arrived here at 11.30 a.m. today and was accorded a 19-gun salute on his arrival.

After introduction to the Colony's notables, His Excellency proceeded to Government House, where he was sworn in at 12.15 p.m.—Reuter.

## F.B.I. Tricks Gestapo Into Giving Away Spies

New York, Sept. 10.

The trial of 16 accused spies yesterday revealed through testimony that the Federal Bureau of Investigation in April, 1940, established a short-wave radio station on Long Island with which it had maintained contact with the German Gestapo (Secret Police) until now.

Several hundred messages concerning United States defences were sent to Germany; however, most of the information was carefully doctored and worthless.

As a result of the exchange of messages which the supposed agents were sending Germany, F.B.I. received valuable advices regarding activities of German spies in the United States, testimony revealed.

**Ex-German Works Against Nazis**

Mr. Harold Kennedy, United States Attorney, introduced the first important Government witness, stating that he was William Sebold, a naturalized American, who had exposed the Nazi spy ring despite threats from German police.

Mr. Sebold, a German soldier in the World War, came to the United States and became a citizen. He worked in the Consolidated Aircraft plant at San Diego. He visited Germany in 1939 and pretended to cooperate with the Gestapo spy plans. After consulting with the American consul at Cologne, he took a special spy training course.—United Press.

If you crawl out of bed only half awake.
If a wash and brush up doesn't make you feel really smart.
If you are not ready for breakfast and your mouth feels stale afterwards.
*It's probably constipation.*
You may be "regular." But if elimination is not *complete*, poisons remain, get into your blood. And if your blood isn't clean, how can you be well?
There is an honest prescription for this. Kruschen Salts. The analysis is on the bottle. It isn't the latest fad. It's an institution. It doesn't need to be coloured or have its flavour disguised. It's almost tasteless. It's not a drug. It's a unique combination of salts. Doctors have prescribed it for years because their medical knowledge tells them that Kruschen Salts are unquestionably right.

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## Current Films

**NANKING.**—"Broadway Limited."—Hilarious mixups and goofy situations follow in quick succession when a famous cinema star decides that it would add to her appeal if she had a baby. When a friend "borrows" one for her, he starts a fun-riot that lasts right up to the final fade-out. With Victor McLaglen, Dennis O'Keefe, Marjorie Woodworth, Patsy Kelly, Zasu Pitts, Leonid Kinskey, George E. Stone.

**GRAND.**—"The Reluctant Dragon."—Walt Disney shows how his famous cartoons are made in a personally conducted trip round his studios and presents a full length fantasy in multi-plane Technicolour introducing his newest and funniest creation, a Dragon who invites his would be slayer to a tea party. In addition to the cartoon characters, there is a human cast that includes Walt Disney himself and Robert Benchley. Reviewed elsewhere.

**CATHAY.**—"The Great Lie."—The love story of a magnificent cheat..a woman who rises to the greatest heights of sacrifice for the man she loves—even to mothering his child by "the other woman." With Bette Davis, George Brent, Mary Astor, Lucile Watson, Hattie McDaniel. Reviewed elsewhere.

**ROXY.**—"Andy Hardy Meets Debutante."—With Mickey Rooney, Lewis Stone With eight bucks in his pockets and the Deb of the year on his mind Mickey's out to paint the big town red.

**CAPITOL.**—"Santa Fe Trail."—Combining romance with history, this sweeping and spectacular action drama brings two almost forgotten mid-nineteenth century personalities to the screen. With Errol Flynn, Olivia de Havilland, Raymond Massey, Ronald Reagan and Alan Hale.

**DOUMER.**—"Fifth Ocean."—A story of love, enacted in the inspiring background of Russia's aerial preparedness which plays such an important role in the current events. A first-run Soviet production with English slides shown.

**UPTOWN.**—"The Shadow."—Part two. Victor Jory, Veda Ann Borg, Roger Morre and Robert Fiske. Filled with excitement, and packed with thrills! From the thilling radio programme and magazine stories.

## Films Coming

**"Romeo and Juliet."**—With Norma Shearer and Leslie Howard. A re-issue. An entertainment even for the ages! Beyond a doubt the greatest thrill ever to come from the screen Coming to the **ROXY.**

**"Dulcy."**—With Ann Sothern, Ian Hunter and Roland Young. Laugh away a week-end with society's dizziest doll! Anything can happen and everything does as "Maisie's" star brings to the screen the man-adventures of a dumb-belle who's so daffy, she's dandy. Soon at the **ROXY.**

**"Texas Rangers Ride Again."**—Trading their pintos for patrol cars and their six-shooters for Tommy-guns, the Rangers go "scientific" to catch up with a gang of ultra-modern cattle thieves, in a drama packed with suspense and surprises. With John Howard, Ellen Drew, Akim Tamiroff, May Robson, Broderick Crawford and Charlie Grapewin. Coming to the **GRAND.**

**"Youth Will Be Served."**—Drama laughs, excitement in a tale of the hill billy country that travels all the way from holdups and moonshiners to a girls camp and its inevitable variety show which, in this case, is tops! With Jane Withers. Jane Darwell. Robert Conway, Joe Brown, jun., John Qualen, Tully Marshall, Charles Holland and ten other featured players. Coming to the **GRAND.**

**"Citizen Kane."**—A new kind of biography.....life of a great public figure laid bare, the bad with the good, and analyzed. Revolutionary camera and story treatment. Swell entertainment. Featuring Orson Welles, who wrote produced and directed it himself, creating the greatest interest a film ever did in all screen history. Coming to the **NANKING.**

**"Little Nelly Kelly."**—with Judy Garland and George Murphy. Singing your favourite ballads in the swingy Judy style. Bringing the world out of its gloom with that catchy Judy smile. Coming to the **ROXY.**

**"The Trial of Mary Dugan."**—With Robert Young, Laraine Day. Surprises jump at you in the most exciting courtroom thriller ever filmed in Bavard Veller's drama of Mary Dugan, a girl with a dangerous past. Coming to the **ROXY.**

**"Kiss the Boys Goodbye."**—The hilarious and tuneful story of a talent search to find an unspoiled Southern belle to portray a role in a Broadway show. Packed with diverting incidents and song specialties, this ace music stars Don Ameche, Mary Martin, Oscar Levant, Connie Boswell, Raymond Walburn, Virginia Dale, Barbara Allen and Elizabeth Patterson. Coming to the **GRAND.**

**"Caught in the Draft."**—Sidesplitting comedy follows the dippy doings of a movie hero who first tries to dodge the call to serve Uncle Sam and then succeeds in gumming up the works in a last minute attempt to convince his gal that he's the real McCoy. With Bob Hope, Dorothy Lamour, Lynne Overman, Eddie Bracken, Clarence Colb and Paul Hurst. Coming to the **NANKING.**

**"The Black Cat."**—Sinister thrills, punctuated by three mysterious murders in the eerie home of an eccentric old lady with an obsession for providing shelter for cats! The denouement is as macabre as it is unexpected. There is a great cast headed by Basil Rathbone, Hugh Herbert, Brod Crawford, Bela Lugosi, Gale Sonder-gaard, Anne Gwynne, Gladys Cooper, Claire Dodd, Cecilia Loftus, John Eldredge. Coming to the **CATHAY.**

## To Dine and Dance

**ALI BABA.**—Night club. Guy Roberts orchestra.—Geza and Gino.

**ARGENTINA.**—Night club. Lundstrem and his orchestra. Mila and the Two Nicks. Garden open.

**BOLERO.**—Night club. Charlie Albert's orchestra. Tamara.

**CASANOVA.**—Gloria Andico's orchestra. Kniazeff Duo.

**CATHAY HOTEL LOUNGE.**—Morning and afternoon tea, cocktails.

**CATHAY RESTAURANT.**—8th floor.

**COSMO CLUB.** — Morris' orchestra Dorothy Baker.

**D. D.'S NIGHT CLUB.**—Russian and foreign style cuisine. Tino's orchestra.

**FARREN'S.**—Farren's music-makers Sally and Tourenin Troupe. George and Allen.

**JESSFIELD.**—Night club. Teddy and Ferry Guzza—also Havsky.

**METROPOLE HOTEL.**—Grill and dining rooms for business tiffins and other occasions.

**PARAMOUNT.**—Cabaret, Tony Diaz's swing orchestra.

**PARK HOTEL.**—Dancing nightly. Sunday and Thursday tea dances. Itkis' orchestra. Largo Trio, Ballan and Pan troupe.

**TOWER.**—Night club. Tower orchestra. Nightly excepting Sunday.

## Only Actress Permitted To Walk Out at Will

Mary Astor is the only actress in Hollywood who can walk out of a picture for 48 hours without warning Her contract says she can.

She had that odd clause put in her contract when she signed with Warner Brothers for the feminine lead in "The Maltese Falcon."

She will employ the time—if and when she decamps—to fly to Canada, where her husband, Manuel del Campo, is awaiting final induction into the royal Canadian air force, for which he volunteered recently.

Miss Astor's husband is of Spanish decent and was born in Mexico but he was educated in England and spent most of his youth there.

# FROM SHANGHAI FOOTLIGHTS AND FILMS

**"The Great Lie"**

*Bette Davis reaches the greatest heights in this love story of a magnificent cheat. George Brent and Mary Astor lend sterling support. Currently at the Nanking.*

**"Andy Hardy Meets Debutante"**

*Mickey Rooney and the entire Hardy family, plus Judy Garland, continue to please movie audiences at the Roxy Theatre where the picture has been going on since last Saturday. Diana Lewis is the debutante.*

**"Broadway Limited"**

*Marjorie Woodworth scores in her first appearance here in a comedy of a Hollywood star and "her" baby. Victor McLaglen and an all-comedy cast in support. At the Nanking.*

**"The Reluctant Dragon"**

*Walt Disney's newest effort, a fantasy in multiplane technicolour, is the current attraction at the Grand. In addition to the Dragon, there is a human cast headed by Robert Benchley.*

## Hattie McDaniel—Best "Mammy" on The Screen

Few picture-goers can be unacquainted with Hattie McDaniel who recently won the Academy Award for her work in "Gone With the Wind" when she appeared as Scarlet O'Hara's 'coal black mammy'. Certainly she is one of the most competent as well as popular actresses on the screen.

She will appear prominently in "Reap the Wild Wind" and again will be 'mammy' to the heroine played by Paulette Goddard. It seems almost inevitable that Miss McDaniel shall play 'mammy' to a Southern heroine. But Hattie is not the only one of her family to fill the role. Her sister, Etta, is almost if not quite, as gifted and has been on the screen two years longer than Hattie.

At present, Etta is playing 'mammy' to Barbara Stanwyck in "The Great Man's Lady." At one time there were four McDaniels, two sisters and two brothers, who took out a touring theatrical company. When one of the brothers died, Hattie and Etta found their way to Hollywood and became two of the most distinguished members of its community.

The story of "Reap the Wild Wind" deals with wreckers at Key West, Florida, a hundred years ago, when like the famous Cornish wreckers, they preyed on merchant ships to the average extent of three a week. After their extermination, marine insurance became a practical policy in the United States and the merchant service expanded rapidly.

**Eleanor Powell**

*Popular M.G.M. star cooling off after completing a role in a musical film.*

## Argentina's Features

Next Monday, the Argentina Night Club will open the largest cocktail bar in the city, while among other features of this popular rendez-vous are its charming foreign hostesses—more than a score of them—the private dining rooms, beautiful decorations and music by the noted accordeonist, Sandor Stern, and his orchestra.

In the summer garden at present, Mila and the Two Nicks headline the floor show. The music is by the new Oleg Lundstrem orchestra, a unit of nine talented and versatile musicians and including three vocalists. In case of inclement weather, dining, dancing and entertainment will be transferred to the night club proper.

## Bolero Night Club

The Bolero Night Club specializes in good music, good food and first-class service. The service is under the personal direction of Joe Elfir, who has invaluable training in smart night clubs of Europe. Music for dancing is provided by the Charles Albert orchestra, the personnel of which includes Jack Reiss, Ernest Schlitzner and Freddie Loewy, all stated to be highly-versatile musicians Vocal numbers by Miss Tino Tamara. Open all night.

## New Night Club

The Merry Widow Night Club, 1354 Yu Yuen Road, the city's newest night life establishment, will have its formal opening tomorrow night. The Merry Widow is foreign-owned and will have a foreign-managed and will have a six-man dance band, members of which include some well-known and talented musicians. The new night club will serve tasty short orders and standard dishes and will be open all night.

## Marx Bros. Plan to Retire from Screen

As has been already announced, the Marx Brothers have decided on their retirement from the screen on the stated ground that they have almost outstayed their welcome. But before they go they are to make one more film for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer and that film will be called "Bargain Basement."

Although most of the action will take place in a great department store, some of the scenes will be modest and even shabby in their dimensions. For example, the picture will open in the unobtrusive room of the private detective, Wolf J. Flywheel, otherwise Groucho Marx. On the door will be seen a list of some of the activities of Groucho: "Flirting Husbands Trailed, Ant Control, Bridge Partners Psycho-Analysed, Blood-Hounds Transfused, and Finger-Prints Manicured."

Groucho, so far, is without a case and Harpo plays the part of his cook, housekeeper, chauffeur and general handyman. In the picture will be quite a lot of music. It goes without saying that Harpo will play the harp and Chico the piano. In addition, Tony Martin will be the romantic, singing lead, and there will be Charles Holland, a noted negro singer and Virginia O'Brien an expert swing-songstress.

## Charlie Chaplin to Portray a "Drunk"

Charlie (or Mr. Charles) Chaplin is one of those doubly blessed personages in the film world: he is never in a hurry about production and he produces what he likes. One supposes that no one could say that he has a soul above money, for he has made a large fortune. But certainly he can make his films without money as the primary consideration.

That is why his most recent pictures always have a purpose and so annoy some of his critics. The latest news of him is that he is thinking definitely about a successor to "The Great Dictator." He has devised for himself the character of a "drunk" in New York, who is at once the spectator and the victim of changing modern times.

As he sees the role, he will be once more the lonely and pathetic Charlie we have known for so many years. But light and hope will come to him in a chorus girl to be played by Paulette Goddard. It will be seen by this that the great actor will be going over some of his old ground. But there will be this difference. Chaplin has declared that he is writing the story more for the sake of Paulette Goddard than his own. If this is true for the first time Chaplin's leading lady will really lead.

## "Jitterbug" Final

The final of the $1,000 Jitterbug Contest will be held in the New Winter Garden tomorrow night. There will be a minimum charge per person tonight, but this will not be a cover charge but will entitle each guest to the full amount in trade. A special dinner also will be served. In view of the strong popularity of these entertaining Jitterbug contests, early reservations are suggested. Prizes will be awarded immediately after the contest. Tonight is Country Store Night and at regular intervals baskets of imported groceries will be auctioned.

## Sparkling Farren's Show

The Tourenin Troupe continues to reap success at Farren's with their "La Conga" number and it is expected that it will be held over for another week. The troupe, eight pretty girls, opened their engagement at the popular night club last Friday and more than enhanced the already sparkling show by their vivacity and charm. Suzanne and the three Nelson sisters are the favourites.

The floor show includes George and Allen, diminutive stars, while Sally sings her best numbers with the Farren's famous band.

## Four Vocalists

The dance and concert music orchestra of the Ali Baba Night Club boasts four pleasing singers, they being Guy Roberts, who also is leader and violinist; K. James, accordeonist and vocalist, and Geza & Gino, known as the two G-Men. The latter are pianists of unusual talent. Foreign waiters attend to the wants of guests and short orders and standard dishes are served at all hours. The Ali Baba is open all night and is under the management of Mr. Kurt Wauer.

## Korda Working on New Indian Film

After three years of the most exhaustive preparation, Alexander Korda has at last placed his picturization of Rudyard Kipling's immortal "The Jungle Book" before the cameras, and a dream of many years standing is about to be realized, here in Hollywood.

As a child in his native Hungary, Korda read and re-read many times the thrilling tales of little Mowgli and his adventures in the jungles of India, of Shere-Khan the tiger, of Bagheera the panther, the bears, the wolves and the myriad animals that fill Kipling's vivid pages.

The book remained a prime favourite through the years and ever since he became a producer of motion pictures, Korda has cherished the idea of making a picture of the stories. It was not until now that he has been able to fulfill this ambition.

Naturally, bringing to life the characters in "The Jungle Book" is a project of almost insurmountable difficulties. Such a classic must be brought to the screen without in any way changing the spirit of the original. There must be no deviation from the written page and the finished article must coincide with the classics in every respect. Korda approached his task with proper appreciation of his problems.

In the first place, it was no simple matter to secure the film rights from the estate of the beloved author. The Kipling family only consented to Korda's purchasing the rights after being convinced that he was the proper person to properly transfer their treasure to the screen. His past successes with "The Thief of Bagdad," "Drums," "Elephant Boy" and other cinematic masterpieces of India was his greatest point of argument. Korda was ultimately granted the rights with very few limitations.

### Versatility of Kordas

He assigned his brother, Zoltan, to the directorial chore. It was Zoltan who discovered Sabu and brought him to the screen first in "Elephant Boy," and later in "Drums" and "The Thief of Bagdad." Long a resident of India and a student of its traditions and history Zoltan Korda approached his task with utmost enthusiasm.

Laurence Stallings, noted screen author, was assigned to the script. For ten months he has worked on it in conjunction with the Korda brothers. His finished script remains amazingly true to the spirit of the book.

Naturally, some slight compromise had to be made. Certain characters had to be built up and certain situations stressed which were only slightly sketched or glossed over in the book. A method had to be devised so that the conversation of the animals would seem natural and real. But with only slight deviations the script is all Kipling.

Vincent Korda, third of the Korda triumvirate, and recent winner of an Academy Award for his work on "The Thief of Bagdad," began preliminary art work months ago.

Today every separate scene has been drawn by Vincent and his assistants, and over ten thousand sketches and oils tell the story of the motion picture almost as vividly as it will appear on the screen six months from now.

In addition to the drawings, scale models were made of all scenes and in these superb models every bit of action was worked out.

Working with the Kordas as technical assistants are Charles David and Paul Singh, both authorities on East Indian matters. It is their duty to make certain that no errors shall occur in either setting or action.

### Sabu Chosen to Star

Sabu was selected to play the role of Mowgli and fits into the part as though Kipling had him in mind when he wrote the book. For three months Sabu has spent most of his waking hours at the Goebel Lion Farm working with the various wild animals which have been quartered there awaiting the start of the picture. He has made friends with the fiercest of them and earned the respect of the animal trainers for his skill in handling all of the wild beasts.

During the time of production Sabu works with leopards, tigers, bears, crocodiles, a black panther, wolves and snakes.

In addition to Sabu the cast will include Jerome Cowan, John Qualen, Patricia O'Rourke, Rosemary De Camp, Ralph Byrd and Frank Puglia, a cast of virtual unknowns. This casting was done purposely by Korda who felt that unknown people would give a vastly more real quality to the roles than would actors who were familiar to moviegoers.

As for costumes, Korda has had huge bales of authentic clothes sent to Hollywood from India.

Duke Green, one of the most highly skilled Technicolor cameramen of Hollywood, has been assigned the camera work. His is the difficult task of catching the true "feel" of the Indian jungles. Miklos Rozsa, Korda's staff musical director, is already searching musical libraries for authentic East Indian music, an entirely different type of music than that which he created for the fanciful "Thief of Bagdad."

**"Caught in the Draft"**

*Bob Hope, one of the Hollywood's most liked comedians, will appear soon at the Nanking Theatre, with Dorothy Lamour, Lynne Overman and Eddie Bracken in the cast.*

## Mr. Gable Senior on His Famous Son

Clark Gable may be a great star with his public, but he's just a "good boy" to his father, William Gable, who observed his 71st birthday.

The elder Gable, driving a new car, gift of the day from his son, visited the "Honky-Tonk" set at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer and watched a scene Clark was doing with Lana Turner.

"Great boy!" enthused Director Jack Conway to the father.

"Well," said the elder Gable, "he's a good boy."

"And," continued Conway, "no conceit; unspoiled."

"He never had enough money to be spoiled," smiled the father, "until it was too late to spoil him, I guess."

## Trained Polecat Gets $150 a Week

An actor that never speaks a line of dialog rates a movie salary of $150 a week.

Meet "Skunky," a trained skunk.

Gentle as a kitten as a result of constant handling, skunky has a routine of tricks. Looking like a fur scarf he'll permit himself to be draped around a woman's neck or over her arm. He never moves from the position in which he's placed.

Hand-raised on a nursing bottle skunky was found in the Santa Susanna mountains when he was about six weeks old. He's now about a year and a half old and has appeared in 12 pictures.

## Donat and Howard Busy in England

The booking experts tell us that there are precisely four-and-a-half major stars in England at the moment, and at the time of writing the balance of them are just about ready to take off with new pictures.

At Shepherd's Bush Robert Donat, who has been away from films since "Goodbye, Mr. Chips," is busy with make-up tests for "The Young Mr. Pitt." When we saw him the other day he was sweltering in his shirt-sleeves in a penthouse dressing room giving onto the sun-baked London leads. He spoke enthusiastically about this new film, which is being directed by Carol Reed.

"I like it," he said, "because it is such an intensely tragic story—a story of great singlemindedness and loneliness. You aren't a specialist on Pitt? Good, neither am I. I started off without any prejudices, not knowing a thing. I read two or three books, skimmed through 'em, chucked 'em away, and sketched out my own ideas of the character.

"Somebody said to me the other night. But wasn't he a frightful prig? I don't see him that way at all. He was born a weakling, and they didn't think he'd survive. At 8, Dr. Abington put him on to port and it was an amazing paradox to see him in later days, this tall, slender young man, putting away his two, three and four bottles of port a day. Of course, port helped to kill him in the end, that and the defeat of Austerlitz.

"His personal life was practically non-existent. He was terrified of women. Once, when he was very young, he came to the point of proposing to a Miss Eleanor Eden. Then a great political crisis occurred and he gave her up. I think it was a mistake myself. Two years later she married, and when he heard the news he was knocked out—really passed out—for eight hours. I think he never quite forgot that woman.

"His country, though, was his first love, without any shadow of doubt. He started as rather a gay young spark, then put it all away when he accepted the Premiership at 24, and finally died very tragically in the early forties, at a time when Napoleon only wanted the wind in the right quarter for twelve hours to invade England. How are we going to end the picture? Ah, that's something I mustn't tell you. But I think you'll find it's a good ending."

### Leslie Howard's Activities

Another major star who is almost ready to go on the floor is Leslie Howard. Mr. Howard, as we have noted in earlier communiques, is to produce, direct and play in the biography of R. J. Mitchell, inventor of the Spitfire. The latest news is that he hopes to borrow David Niven now in the Army, to co-star with him as the test pilot who flies the machines that Mitchell invented.

The title is to be "The First of the Few," and no wonder. The part is one of those visionary concepts after Mr. Howard's own heart. "Reg," said the inventor's widow, who is advising on the film, "never said very much." But he seems to have had a passion for the lovely line, the line the artist and mechanic knows, that makes for beauty and efficiency.

His Spitfire model, which never radically changed, was patterned on the seagull. The film has a motif of seagulls running through it. It begins and ends with the Battle of Britain. In a flashback the test pilot tells the story of his hero. We see the inventor's struggles to design a machine, the old Super-Marine, as it was called then, that would win the Schneider Cup for England. Then, his pot-hunting days over, we see Mitchell visiting Germany, sensing the menace, begging our Air Ministry to let him design a new fighting machine that would be faster and more efficient than anything in commission. The Air Ministry gives him twelve months to complete his model. Meanwhile the doctors have given him eight months to live.

"The First of the Few" will take the floor at Denham as soon as "Hatter's Castle" gets off it. That shouldn't be long now, as Dr. Cronin's Edwardian melodrama is well in its latter stages. Robert Newton, who doesn't belong to the elect four-and-a-half yet, but soon will, according to the experts, came storming into the studio restaurant the other day in a thespian mood of almost Barrymore exuberance. Immense in a black frock-coat and side-whiskers, roaring an odd mixture of Scottish and his native Cornish, he pulled out a vast halfhunter watch and chain that proved, on examination, to be his domestic bath-plug. "At four-thirrty," he boomed. "I bur-rn doon ma ancestral mansion. Ma dochter—" he added menacingly, as the demure Deborah Kerr passed through the doorway. "There goes ma dochter! Little she kens that the morn's morn I put her oot in the snaw."

## New Film Career of Bruce Cabot

When Bruce Cabot grew a moustache and played his first romantic leading role opposite Marlene Dietrich in "Flame of New Orleans," he created a brand new screen career for himself.

Producer Walter Wanger saw the picture at a Hollywood preview and lost no time in arranging a long term contract for stalwart young Mr. Cabot.

Wanger's ability to create new careers for screen players through careful casting and experimentation is well known. He made a star of Hedy Lamarr in "Algiers" when her future was in grave doubt. He induced Charles Boyer to return to America after the French star had left in disgust and he gave Boyer leading roles in six pictures which established him as a leading romantic star. Wanger also gave new careers to Madeleine Carroll, Sylvia Sydney and Ann Sothern (in "Trade Winds") and Thomas Mitchell (in "Stagecoach.")

The producer sees in Cabot one of the most mannish, natural and intelligent romantic leading men of the new year. Cabot's first appearance as a Wanger star will be in "Sundown," the handsome six footer will have an unusual opportunity in this romantic action story of war in Africa to impress audiences with his ability and personality.

## Plagiarism Suits in Film Capital

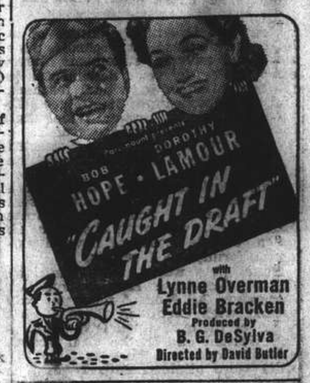
Hollywood never likes to think about plagiarism suits. [illegible] face them. In spite of this antipathy the industry was confronted with three recently; one of which approached the status of the [illegible]

## Greta Garbo Maintains Power to Draw

Delightful to small town theatre managers who can bill her with a minimum expenditure of marque lights is the motion picture star Garbo, who has made her fame with just one name.

Fame she has achieved with the single moniker, but during her life she has had many names.

In Sweden as a little girl her nickname was Keta and it was thus she was known to her parents and school friends. When she first appeared in foreign movies, Greta Gustafsson was changed to Gussie Berger. She did not like this, however, and took the name of Garbo.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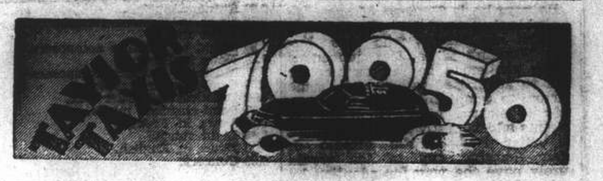


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## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

### S.M. Education:

#### The Question of French

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In the course of a letter to you headed "Comparison with Home," criticizing the teaching in the four foreign S.M.C. schools, your correspondent TIMOTHY says:—

> There is one fact that appears to me to want some explaining, and that is the teaching of French in the S.M.C. schools of this city. It must be bad, for I gather that nearly all the senior pupils have to get extra coaching by "outside teachers."

Now this is entirely untrue of at least one of these four schools. Such sweeping, adverse statements, however false, are very detrimental to the reputation of individual teachers, and since they cannot themselves take up their pens in answer, I feel that, in fairness to those concerned, I, who am not in any way connected with the schools or staff, should do so.

This particular school has, over a long period of time, annually sent in girls for the School Certificate Examination, who with absolutely no extra "outside" coaching have obtained uniformly good results.

Four girls were entered for the School Certificate Examination last December. All four of them not only passed with Credit in French, but three of them obtained Distinction in the Written and/or the Oral French examinations, and these excellent results were attained entirely through the teaching in the school, not one of the girls having at any time received extra coaching by "outside" teachers.

This, I am sure, TIMOTHY will agree, reflects a high degree of efficient teaching, and makes an excellent comparison with Home.

CREDIT WHERE CREDIT IS DUE.

Shanghai, Sept. 8.

### Personal Advertisement:

#### A Reader's Views

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Permit me through the medium of the correspondence column of your esteemed journal the liberty of airing my views on the personal advertisement in your issue of today which reads:—

> Serious young gentleman, Scandinavian, 25 years, wishes to meet rich lady between 40-50 years of age, for marriage. Address Box 1928, NCDN.

No doubt by this time Box 1928 has been sub-divided somewhat into captions A, B, C, D, etc., to accommodate a steady influx of replies from suitable candidates all setting forth their personal qualifications and details of monthly income, property, bonds, jewellery, etc., in order to gain this unusual opportunity and privilege.

However, I cannot help but feel that the advertiser has made a very courageous step towards sacrificing all that he holds dear by auctioning himself to the highest female bidder. No doubt he has a very good reason for mortgaging his principles. Perhaps he has something to give the world, something that requires financing, something which he feels should not be suppressed merely on account of poverty or a limited income.

He says he is 25 years of age. He probably has received an education, perhaps has parents who are living. Wouldn't it be less innocuous if the gentleman be an orphan for him to advertise rather for some person to adopt him than for some lady to marry him? Or if he has parents and honestly feels they might be better dead, a little arsenic in their morning cup of tea would surely pave the way for adoption by richer folk.

I do not wish to be cruel or unsympathetic. At least this gentleman offers legitimate marriage.

I am not a prude. I am not a gossip. I am not a woman. As my grandfather's grandfather used to say—"It takes all kinds....."

A CASUAL OBSERVER.

Shanghai, Sept. 8.

### Bus Conductors:

#### New Form of Rudeness

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Further evidence of the utter disregard of the public by employees of a public utility company, has appeared in the callous manner the Conductors of buses bar would-be passengers from boarding busses, unless first being assured that such passengers can tender subsidiary notes for their fares, and, if they cannot (as it was in my case), press the bell twice, leaving me to glare at a smirking grin that rapidly spread over his face.

This is no doubt due to the shortage of small change, but surely the adoption of such an extreme measure is wholly unjustified; nor do I think that the executives of the China Omnibus Company are aware that such "happenings" are prevalent.

The scornful attitude of almost all Conductors towards passengers is really beyond all understanding. It has been bad enough in the past, but if such distasteful occurrences crop up periodically, I, for one, will walk and force myself to like it!

NONPLUSSED.

Shanghai, Sept. 6.

### Wanted:

#### Information on Excursions

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Many people feel the desire to rest and relax on Sundays after the work of the whole week. But unfortunately we live here in Shanghai somehow as in a bird-cage and it seems under the prevailing circumstances really difficult to leave town for a short rest in the countryside enjoying the beauties of nature. I am of course referring here only to the nearer environs within a circumference of say, up to fifty miles from the city itself, where excursions can easily be managed in a week-end's time. I believe that many folks here feel about this matter in just the same way as I do.

For this reason it seems to me that it would be highly appreciated by a substantial majority if such people who are experienced in the Shanghai environs and who know about existing regulations for foreigners and Chinese as well would be so kind as to describe and discuss some nice excursions around here, which can be undertaken under prevailing conditions. I sincerely believe that this suggestion will not fail to reach the interest of the public.

H. M.

Shanghai, Sept. 9.

## Signs Show Japan May Abandon Axis Alliance

Washington, Sept. 10.

International circles received reports yesterday that many leading Japanese were convinced Germany cannot win the war and therefore desire to weaken Axis ties while strengthening those with Great Britain and the United States as rapidly as possible consistent with efforts to "save face."

The reports, however, in no way indicated that Japan intends to break openly or formally with the Axis. Such a course, according to the reports, would be so abrupt as to cause grave internal repercussions.

The Tokyo spokesman's comment that Japan probably would acquiesce to shipments of United States oil to Russia if the United States resumed oil shipments to Japan was interpreted as a sample of the adjustment the Japanese may undertake.

**"Exploratory" Negotiations**

Informed quarters speculated whether the impending announcement by Prince Fumimaro Konoye, Premier, would likely be a notice to the Japanese that negotiations have been opened with the United States to improve relations between the two countries. It was presumed such negotiations would be described in the same language that Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, used here—namely, "exploratory" to see if a way can be found to give Japan an "honourable" escape from her present predicament.

Japan might later abandon the Axis, particularly if Russian resistance continues strong, it was stated. United Press.

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TELEPHONE 80567

*Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.*
*Short wave: 24.80m., 12.09mc.*

Daily broadcast in four languages.

*Time table*

12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music (requests)
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin)
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music.
8.00 Broadcasting letter box.
8.15 Semi-classical music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

*From North to South.*

Jean Sibelius: Symphony in Mi Minor; De Falla: Spanish popular Suite; Life is brief: Albeniz: Catalanian song; Arbos: Arabian nights; E. Grieg: In Spring; Albeniz: Tango; Granados: Spanish Dance; De Falla: Jota; Grieg: Sonata for cello in La Minor.

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At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

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**XCDN**

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
*Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.*
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Telephone 16967

*To-day's Programme*

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme with News Broadcasts at 7.45 and 11.00 and Chinese lesson at 8.15
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Light Organ Music
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home, including a Talk by Stella Alexander at 3.50
4.30 Chinese Programme, News at 5.20
5.35 Prof. Wei Chung Loh's Classical Music
6.00 News
6.15 Commentary
7.00 Polish Programme
7.30 Summer Evening Melodies
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News, War Commentary and Listening Post
8.30 "Out of the Bag"—George Devon
9.00 News in English
9.20 Unrest in Japan—Talk by "Sense!"
9.30 An Hour at the Opera, Popular Selections
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

**BBC**

*The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and later on GSF in the 19 and GSD in the 25 metre bands are:—*

*p.m.*
8.00 NEWS, War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 London Carries On. E.N.S.A.'s Overseas Half Hour.
9.15 Britain goes to it.
9.30 The Lights of London.
10.00 NEWS and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Joyce Grenfell.
11.00 War Correspondent.
11.15 Concert by the B.B.C. Theatre Orchestra
11.30 Home Going Mail.
Midnight. On Young Shoulders. Girl's wartime work.
7.45 p.m. French Programme on GSG 16 metre band.

## Britons Take Active Interest In World's Future

XCDN BROADCAST BY JOHN HARFORD

PEOPLE far removed from Europe and particularly from England are apt to think of that country in terms of the past, in terms in fact exclusively of their own experience.

In many respects one can believe and expect that the British Isles will not change, but in many other respects they have changed already with a speed and to an extent that would have been impossible in normal circumstances.

The circumstances, however, are not normal, for total war which Great Britain is now waging is as sudden and as far reaching in its effects as a revolution. It compels tremendous alterations in the national economy, it disperses the people, moves them from place to place, changes their ways of life, but above all, it makes them think.

**Better Era Sought**

What a number of people before the war were largely uninterested in the future particularly from the point of view of the part they would take in shaping it. But now that they are fighting to preserve their right to live with the dignity of individual freedom, they are examining their lives and their institutions. They are making up their minds, too, about what they can permanently do without, of the things they have discarded for the sake or because of the war. They are deciding what changes are essential in the conditions about which, through ignorance rather than indifference, they never concerned themselves before.

It is thought directed towards the idea of a better social order and it is thought with a will behind it, because it was born of a great physical and spiritual experience.

Service, discipline, responsibility, these are virtues which are being rediscovered because people find that they are really necessary to preserve freedom and that without them the pursuit of happiness on which our precious liberty was spent was often a vain pursuit, because it was selfish and too personal.

People are discovering in themselves new capabilities, they are discovering that it is after all human beings and not a machine called "The Government" who actually administer the country and they are deciding to take their part in doing what has to be done.

**Nazi Propaganda**

There is plenty of rather stupid propaganda put about by the Nazis to the effect that the British are fighting to preserve what they call the "Fox Hunting Class" in England. They try to make out that the average Englishman is just doing what he is told because he is told to do it. This is not to them a surprising thought because the Germans have been behaving in this way for years. But it is a thought which they hope will be taken up by the Americans, of whose growing aid to Britain they are desperately afraid.

And what of this thought? It is not true, of course, for revolutions such as that which is changing England do not reverse their course and pass back again leaving things as they were.

Whatever one may say about the post war world being better or worse than the pre-war world, one thing is certain, that it will be different. For that reason alone this Nazi propaganda is a rather futile effort.

But again, without indulging in any special pleading on behalf of the "Fox Hunting Class," one can assert with conviction that in spite of its limitations the kind of social order that it sought to make was more decent and more tolerant than the kind of social order that Hitler is trying to impose in Europe.

Rule by "gentlemen" may be the object of much legitimate criticism but its very defects would be regarded as virtues by the unfortunate Poles and Czechs and other oppressed nations who are suffering the sort of rule that Hitler would like to make universal.

**Only Kind of Change**

Change that the people themselves demand is the only kind of change that can produce an enduring "New Order," and it is worth while to point out that Great Britain is the one country in Europe today in which ordinary people may indulge the right to dream of what they can and what they will do to bring about that change.

But it is not Great Britain alone who can bring about the new world order that decent people wish to see, any more than it is Great Britain alone who can win the war and make this possible.

Indifference is impossible, for in a world crisis of this intensity no one can stand aside. To remain aloof is to choose the other side and it makes no difference from what motives an individual endeavours to keep out of the struggle.

Hitler's greatest achievements have been the bloodless conquests by which he secured a grip on Central Europe in the years before the war and his method, not a new method, was to bank on the indifference of those who might have stopped him.

**What Indifference Means**

There is nothing to be gained by trying to apportion the blame for this indifference, but the lesson is obvious, that he who is not against him is with him. I know that it would shock some people, genuinely friendly though they may be towards Great Britain but they imagine themselves as apart from the struggle, to be told that they are supporting Hitler, yet that is what an attitude of indifference means.

The subtlest Nazi propaganda is that which is done for them rather than by them and it is a fact that has to be faced that everyone in the world today must, as it were, vote for one of the alternatives. "Democracy" or "Dictatorship." It is not an issue from which one can shrink, for every vote that is withheld means one less supporter of the cause.

Those who have voted for Democracy have done so in the knowledge that sacrifice is demanded. It may not be necessary to give up position, means of livelihood, home and life, but these people are prepared to do so because they realize that to make any reservations, to say that there are limits beyond which one will not go, is to deny to the cause of liberty that complete and whole-hearted support that is essential.

Whatever monuments may be destroyed, the riches of the past, those qualities that have given to life its dignity and self-respect, are safe with the victory of the Democracies.

Without that victory they are driven out of sight and put in danger of being lost altogether, as everyone in a country occupied by Hitler knows.

The sacrifices of the present will be rewarded by the better life the better world of the future, but the reward must be created by ourselves it will not be given since the privilege of freedom is a sense of its great responsibilities.

## Tempo in Japan Slowed Down Says Duff Cooper

Singapore, Sept. 10.

"There would appear to have been a slowing down of the tempo in Japan, if not in temperature," declared Mr. A. Duff Cooper, former British Minister of Information and now special representative of the War Cabinet in the Far East, in an interview with the press here yesterday on his arrival by Clipper from Manila. "Which is something to be thankful for," he added.

Mr. W. J. Keswick, formerly Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council, arrived with Mr. Duff Cooper. He is, Reuter learns, Mr. Duff Cooper's deputy.

The new American Minister to Thailand, Mr. Willys R. Peck, also arrived in the same Clipper.

Mr. Peck and Mr. Duff Cooper travelled all the way from the United States together and took the opportunity to have a number of frank talks which both state will probably be most useful in the future.

**Aiming at Co-ordinated Policy**

Mr. Duff Cooper left London on August 6 on a mission which he described as one in which he was to report direct to the War Cabinet regarding the possibilities of establishing a decentralized unit of the War Cabinet in Singapore, which would co-ordinate British policy throughout the Far East and eliminate constant references of problems to various departments in London.

Mr. Duff Cooper said he had little to add to his previous statements regarding Japan, which can be summarized as that Japan missed the bus, since Britain's defences in the Far East now are immeasurably stronger than a year ago.

Questioned regarding Britain's reaction to possible further Japanese encroachments, for example into Thailand, Mr. Duff Cooper said: "A very serious view will be taken of any further Japanese aggression, though the action we would take in such a hypothetical case I naturally cannot forecast.

**Co-operating with U.S.**

"We are working in close co-operation with the United States and this co-operation is of the utmost importance. I think I can fairly state that neither Britain nor the United States desire to see the war spread to the Pacific, but if it does we are ready to face whatever comes."

Mr. Duff Cooper said that in his investigation of the Far Eastern situation he almost certainly will visit Burma, Australia and the Netherlands East Indies. The possibility of his going to Chungking is not excluded, though there is no immediate likelihood of his going to Japan.—Reuter.

**Charges by "Yomiuri"**

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

The widely-read "Yomiuri," in its column "Viewpoints," declared that Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper's arrival in the Far East presages an intensified British political drive menacing Japan in the Orient.

Pointing to Mr. Duff Cooper's past work as War Secretary, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Minister of Information, the paper declared that there is no question that he is the man for the job of co-ordinating Britain's war efforts in the Far East. The "Yomiuri" added, however, that there was more significance in the mission than that.

**Said G.H.Q. in Far East**

The paper stressed that Mr. Duff Cooper's statement at a press conference in Manila on September 8, in which he hinted that he would establish a fact-finding and dissemination office in the Far East as one means of carrying out his mission, "can easily be inferred that it will mean the establishment of general headquarters for Britain's political warfare in the Far East."

The journal bluntly charged that the crisis in the Far East is of Mr. Cooper's own making, blaming the propaganda campaign conducted by him as Information Minister since the spring of this year. The purpose of that campaign was to create an encirclement ring around Japan, which was given concrete form as the ABCD line-up.

His purpose now is to strengthen the line-up and stir up trouble in Thailand, which now stands between the ABCD Powers and the East Asia prosperity sphere, while awaiting a moment to his liking to ignite the spark in the Far East, the "Yomiuri" charged.—Domei.

## Japanese Officials Going to Europe

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

Of the three Japanese ships which are being sent to Europe for the purpose of evacuating Japanese nationals who are desirous of returning home, it is officially announced that one of the vessels will carry newly appointed Embassy officials from Japan.

This may be cited as supporting a certain optimism towards improvement in Japan's international outlook, although tension in Tokyo remains divided between pessimism and optimism.

The Privy Council is meeting today to hear reports from the Army, and possibly others on international affairs, but foreign broadcast reports that a statement will be made by Prince Konoye thereafter cannot be confirmed.

In the meantime, foreign circles in Tokyo are displaying keen interest in the nature of the forthcoming speech by President Roosevelt.—Reuter.

## Britain Said Cutting Down Export Trade

New York, Sept. 9.

The "New York Times" learned from Washington that Britain and the United States have reached a comprehensive agreement under which Britain will accept a drastic reduction in export trade for the duration of the war. Details of the agreement will be announced in London and Washington tomorrow.—Domei.

## Yoshizawa Is Invested Before Emperor

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa, new Special Ambassador Plenipotentiary to French Indo-China, was invested into office at 10 o'clock this morning in the Phoenix Hall of the Imperial Palace in the presence of His Majesty and Premier Prince Fumimaro Konoye.—Domei.

**Indo-China Hails Appointment**

Hanoi, Sept. 9.

Formal announcement in Tokyo of the appointment of Mr. Kenkichi Yoshizawa as Special Ambassador Plenipotentiary to French Indo-China, was hailed in authoritative circles here. Mr. Yoshizawa's appointment, they said, will accelerate the settlement of pending questions between Japan and French Indo-China.—Domei.

**Delegation to Assist**

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

The Government announced today that the ten-man delegation, which will assist Special Ambassador Kenkichi Yoshizawa's diplomatic efforts in Indo-China, will include Mr. Shigeru Kuriyama, former Ambassador to Belgium, who, testifying to the importance of the mission, was conferred the rank of "Shinnin" (Imperial appointee).

Other members besides Mr. Iwataro Uchiyama, Mr. Yoshizawa's adviser who was previously announced, include Baron Yasushi Hayashi, Consul-General at Hanoi; Mr. Fujio Minota, Consul-General at Saigon; Colonel Isamu Cho, Colonel Isamu Cho, Colonel Saichiro Nakata, Lieut.-Colonel Akira Hayashi, Captain Shigetada Horiuchi of the Imperial Navy; Commander Takanobu Sasaki, and Mr. Tanichiro Yoshida, who was appointed new Consul-General at Hanoi.

Mr. Fujio Minota arrived at the Fukuoka Airport at 11.20 o'clock this morning en route to Tokyo aboard a chartered plane of the Japan Airways Company.

**Headquarters in Hanoi**

It was understood that Mr. Yoshizawa will be proceeding to Indo-China about the middle of October and will spend most of his time in Hanoi assisted by Mr. Kuriyama, Baron Hayashi and Mr. Yoshida, while Mr. Uchiyama will station himself at Saigon where his duties will include liaison work with the Thai-Indo-China Border Committee.

It was reported that the Sumita military mission in Hanoi will be dissolved as soon as Mr. Yoshizama arrives, and the continuation of its work will be undertaken by Mr. Yoshizawa's mission.

Meanwhile, authoritative quarters said that the Yoshizawa mission will be all-embracing and will deal with diplomatic, cultural and economic questions.—Domei.

## Economic Meeting to Be Held at Peiping

Peiping, Sept. 9.

The East Asia Economic Council, with headquarters in Peiping, has decided to hold a conference in this city some time at the end of October. Representatives from Japan, North and Central China, and Mongolia will be summoned to attend the conference.—Domei.

## Minota on Way to Tokyo With Indo-China Report

Taihoku, Sept. 9.

Mr. Fujio Minota, Japanese Consul-General at Saigon, is now speeding to Tokyo by plane for the purpose of reporting to the Government on Indo-China affairs.

On his arrival at the local airport at 3.34 o'clock this afternoon, Mr. Minota told the press that Indo-China was prepared to co-operate wholeheartedly with Japan. He added that the work of the Thailand-French Indo-China Border Demarcation Committee was progressing smoothly.

Mr. Minota, after spending the night in Taihoku, is expected to continue his trip to Tokyo at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning.—Domei.

## Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 11, 1871

We abridge, from the Daily Press, an interetsing account of a typhoon which occurred at Hongkong, on the night of 2nd instant. Great damage appears to have been done to the Praya and to the native craft, but less to the foreign shipping. We learn that its effects were equally severe at Macao, a private letter stating that four out of seven foreign vessels in that harbour had been sunk, as well as numerous native craft.


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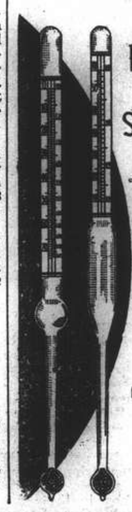

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In Main Salesroom—On View Friday

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80 Pieces Weasel Skins, 24 Sheep Skin Blankets
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

## PROVOCATIVE ATTACKS

The attack by a German submarine on the U.S. destroyer Greer, south of Iceland, has been rapidly followed by the news of two other incidents, namely, the sinking, on August 17, of the Panamanian vessel, Sessa, laden with goods destined for the Icelandic Government, and the attack by aeroplane and sinking in the Red sea of the American vessel Steel Seafarer. Both are clearly breaches of international law, for, though the enemy have declared certain areas as blockade zones, the fact that the blockade has not been rendered anywhere nearly effective, justifies the full use of all the high seas by neutrals. It seems quite clear that Germany, and Italy are doing their utmost to get the United States into the war in the hope that the material assistance which America is giving the democracies and Russia will be reduced in order that American war needs should be met first. It is only to be expected in the circumstances that other American vessels will also be attacked with the idea that rising casualties might sufficiently inflame opinion in the United States to support immediate entry into the war.

But President Roosevelt will probably not be misled by so transparent a device. Rather is it to be expected that there will be an extension of the American convoy system, as was adumbrated when it was announced that the United States would not hesitate to take whatever steps are necessary to see that the war material which is being manufactured for the democracies shall reach its destinations. There is in all probability a very definite connection between these attacks and the conversations which are proceeding at present between Japan and the United States. Japan is still a member of the Axis,—probably not so enthusiastic a one as when the agreement was first made,—and the possibility of the talks between the two Governments proving fruitful of more friendly relations is something which Hitler and Mussolini must regard with considerable dismay. It is likely, therefore, that these incidents, which undoubtedly will be multiplied, are designed to bring the United States into the war before any settlement of outstanding difficulties between Japan and the United States can be reached.

That is undoubtedly being done in the hope that Japan woud then stand by her commitment actively to join the Axis. The trick is a very transparent one through which the Japanese Government will probably see, and if they do Hitler's chances of assistance from his Far Eastern partner should be considerably reduced. Whether the sinking of the Sessa and the Steel Seafarer will be sufficient to arouse American opinion to support the President in an actual declaration of war against the Axis, remains to be seen. The reaction to the attack on the Greer suggests that much greater provocation will be required and that the United States Government will be more concerned with the broader aspects of the whole international situation than with the irritation which these acts on the part of the aggressor nations is likely to create. The circumstances indicate that resort to U.S. naval escort of American mercantile vessels is the next step rather than a formal declaration of war, and if Washington accepts this view Hitler may be foiled in what are quite clearly his present intentions.

That is not to be taken as meaning that in no circumstances will the United States declare war. A time will come when the rapidly-expanding defence production of the United States will place it in a position to accept all the results of a declaration of war upon the Axis with equanimity, even should Japan be so ill-advised as to intervene. Already the production for war purposes of Great Britain and the United States are being coordinated and synchronized, and as the two develop with increasing tempo the danger to anyone seeking to intervene in this war on behalf of the Axis will become all the greater. That needs to be remembered especially in the Far East, where Hitler would dearly like to get the assistance of Japan in pulling the chestnuts out of the fire of his own kindling. Neither Britain nor the United States fear war in the Pacific, and they will accept any challenge which may be thrown at them. Hitler is seeking by these provocative sinkings to start one, but it is believed that both Washington and Tokyo are too adroit to fall into the trap.

## MR. CHURCHILL'S REVIEW

Mr. Winston Churchill's review of the war situation which he gave on Tuesday in the House of Commons was a quiet, sober account of what has happened in the past, in which he balanced the advantages secured by Great Britain and her Allies against the reverses which have been sustained. These latter he did not seek to minimize. In June of last year Great Britain, as he remarked, was in a position which "looked forlorn and well-nigh desperate to all eyes but our own." The situation was indeed an alarming one, and Great Britain owes an enormous debt to Mr. Churchill for the manner in which he was able to inspire confidence, and determination in the hearts of the British, and those who still stood with them that the end had not yet come and would not come until defeat had been turned into success. The uphill task which had then to be undertaken is still a long way from completion, but progress has been made, and out of disaster has been plucked the prospect of eventual victory.

One of the features of the review is the manner in which Mr. Churchill emphasizes the extensive scope of British and Allied activities. Germany is encircled by a line of hostility probably the longest in history. Huge numbers of men and masses of material have had to be despatched to north Africa and the Near East. The comparatively small force which was originally stationed in that area has been increased sevenfold, and the position in that theatre of war is such that the outcome of the pending struggle can be awaited with confidence that the Italians in Libya, even though they are reinforced by German troops, will again meet the same defeat which was administered to them last autumn. These men have to be equipped and maintained over thousands of miles of sea routes, and the fact that it has been done with comparatively little loss is in itself a striking commentary on the effectiveness of the enemy's sea campaign. Mastery of the seas is still Britain's as is so patently demonstated.

There has been an improvement in the Battle of the Atlantic. To say that it has been won would be manifestly untrue, but all the evidence goes to show that, though the Germans are reported to have more U-boats at sea than ever before, they are inflicting damage on a considerable reduced scale. With 2,000 ships daily at sea, and 400 continually within the danger zone, offering plenty of targets to the enemy's submarines, the casualties they manage to inflict show that the convoy system which has been considerably improved is becoming increasingly effective. The U-boat menace was got under control during the last war, and there is every reason to believe that the same thing will be brought about in this one. Mr. Churchill makes but a passing reference to the British and Allied air force. That is mounting in strength with increased acceleration. It is probable that, if Britain did not have to disperse her air force over so wide an area, actual numerical superiority over Germany would by now have been obtained. The speed with which all theatres of war have been served in this respect is the best promise that actual superiority in the air over Europe will not be delayed over long.

Mr. Churchill sums up the achievements of the past year with the statement that, whatever the future may contain, they are such as to earn the respect of history. A gigantic effort to mend Britain's fortunes which were then at so low an ebb has been successful. The Empire and its Allies stand stronger now than at any time since the commencement of the war. There is still more strength to come. There is a determination that when the opportunity offers, the enemy shall be made to feel the weight of the preparations which have been and still are being made. The debate which followed Mr. Churchill's speech showed a unanimity which of itself is highly significant. The House was as unexcited as a normal shareholders' meeting, with both sides of the chamber obviously firmly behind Mr. Churchill. It is possible, if the debate is continued, that there may be some criticism, but that the Prime Minister has the broad support of the whole of Parliament is indicated by the proceedings in both Houses.

## The Third Front

German occupied Europe is every day becoming more and more of a problem to Hitler. The peoples which have been overrun and systematically looted by the Nazis have been stirred out of passive resistance into the beginnings of active opposition which the Nazis have been unable to control. Symptoms of this opposition are to be found in the growing number of cases of sabotage and murder which are being reported. The Germans doubtless expected a certain amount of this kind of thing, which is inevitable in every country occupied by hostile armies. But it is usual in similar circumstances for news of sabotage and murder to be as ruthlessly censored as the saboteurs and killers are treated when they are caught. Especially is this the case insofar as the Nazis are concerned, since they have been attempting to hold out as an inducement to the world which is still against them, a "new order" in which individual and national worries are to be replaced by security and plenty, at the cost of Nazis overlordship. It is therefore doubly worth their while to ensure that news of opposition to their "new order" should not leak out; they should be painting a picture of happy households expanding under a benevolent government. It may reasonably be supposed that the Nazis would never have allowed so much news of the troubles they are experiencing to have reached the world if the situation had not been in danger of getting out of hand. That this is the case is supported by the extremely drastic punishments they have threatened and carried out—punishments on a par with their mentality, such as the shooting of hostages in retaliation for the death or wounding of any German. In addition to fighting against the Russians in the east and suffering heavy raids from the R.A.F. in the west—to say nothing of enormous shipping losses inflicted by the R.A.F. and the Royal Navy—Hitler has now to fight on a third front, which should tax even the ingenuity of his Gestapo, since the war on this front will be beneath the surface. His secret police will be confronted with a secret organization as efficient, if not more so, as itself, and backed by the almost unanimous sentiments of the people among which it is operating. Of a different type is the trouble Hitler is experiencing in the Balkans. In Yugoslavia and in parts of Greece bands of guerillas are operating openly from mountain strongholds, arming themselves and feeding themselves from German stores. In Croatia the Italians have had to intervene in order to restore order. In Bulgaria, the government has refused to fight the Russians, though it has been forced to give obedience to all other orders from Hitler. In Rumania there is growing antagonism to the Nazis, fed by the streams of wounded returning from the Odessa front, after fighting in a war which has no real interest for the Rumanians. Rumania and Hungary, instead of behaving like good little allies, are bickering among themselves. Norway, despite the most rigorous repression, is in a ferment of subterranean rebellion. The Baltic states, instead of welcoming the Nazis as deliverers, have shown that they prefer the domination of the Soviets to the tyranny of the Nazis. Poland is a chronic sore which Hitler cannot heal. The sum total is this: Hitler hoped for a unified and consolidated Europe, submissive under the rule of his so-called super-race, but has got instead a continent on the verge of a disastrous explosion.

## ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Sept. 9.—Amongst the younger generation, Spinach *(Spinacia oleracea)* must be one of the best known and, at the same time, one of the most generally disliked vegetables. It is said to be native to the lower hills of Western Asia from where it was collected by the Arabs. The Moors are reported to have taken the plant into Spain and it was from that country that Spinach found its way into the gardens of other European countries. Arabian physicians cultivated the plant for its medicinal properties and it is fairly safe to assume that Spain was the first European country where it was grown, for early botanists referred to the plant as *Olus hispanicum* and it was also known as *hispanach* or Spanish plant. It was in common cultivation in England in 1568, but as early as 1351, it was consumed by Monks in Europe on fast-days. The true spinach is a cool weather plant and can only be successfully grown here during the Winter, but in England it is cultivated at all seasons except Summer. Male flowers are produced on long spikes on different plants to those which yield the seed, which appears close to the main stem. Seed sown at the present time should produce plants sufficiently large for supplying leaves for the table in November and one of the best varieties to grow is that known as "Bloomsdale Long Standing." Care should always be exercised in picking leaves: this job is often carried out on cold days when it is probably more pleasant to pick quickly and damage plants than to pick each leaf carefully without damaging the main stem. "Good King Henry" or Wild Spinach is found extensively in parts of Lincolnshire where it is often preferred to the real spinach. This plant is a perennial and both the stems and leaves are edible, the stems being used like asparagus and the leaves as spinach. "Good King Henry" does not appear to like being grown in places other than its original habitat for it has often caused disappointment when tried elsewhere. For Summer crops here and elsewhere, a totally different plant is used as a substitute for spinach. This is known to botanists as *Tetragonia expansa* and to most of us as New Zealand Spinach. This plant was found growing wild on the shores of New Zealand when Captain Cook first landed there and it is said that although the natives at that time never used the plant as a vegetable, naturalists who accompanied the expedition, recommended its use as an esculent owing to its general character not being unlike "Good King Henry" *(Chenopodium bonus Henricus)*. —W.J.K.

Low people in good circumstances, fine clothes, and equipages will insolently show contempt for all those who cannot afford as fine clothes, as good an equipage, and who have not (as their term is) as much money in their pockets.—*Lord Chesterfield.*

* * *

Take rather than give the tone of the company you are in. If you have parts, you will show them more or less upon every subject; and if you have not, you had better talk sillily upon a subject of other people's choosing than of your own choosing.—*Lord Chesterfield.*

* * *

A man heated in talk and eager of victory, takes advantage of the mistakes or ignorance of his adversary, lays hold of concessions to which he knows he has no right, and urges proofs likely to prevail in his opponent, though he knows himself that they have no force.—*Samuel Johnson.*

* * *

Sometimes I have been troubled that I have not a deeper intuitive apprehension of the relations of numbers. But the triumph of the ciphering hand organ has consoled me. I always fancy I can hear the wheels clicking in a calculator's brain. The power of dealing with numbers is a kind of "detached lever" arrangement, which may be put into a mighty poor watch. I suppose it is about as common as the power of moving the ears voluntarily, which is a moderately rare endownment.—*Oliver Wendell Holmes.*

## R.C.A.F. PICKS CADETS

The training of airmen by the Royal Canadian Air Force for the British Commonwealth Air Training Plan is a highly selective process. For the RCAF seeks to find the various talents of the recruits who come to it, so that each man fills his own niche, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

While the pursuit pilot is the cream of single-engined flying, nevertheless in twin-engined flying categories, which include bombing and observation missions, the observers, bombers, and gunners play equally important roles.

It was at No. 1 Training Commmand in this City, which taps the most populous area of the Dominion, that we watched the RCAF training process begin.

At once the separation of the RCAF from the other military services impressed those of us who have watched the struggle in the United States for a separate air force. Air recruits in Canada enlist at a number of RCAF centers located in the principal cities of the Dominion, and their training continues in exclusively RCAF depots until they come out as pilots, observers, or technicians.

Typical of the haste with which the Air Training Plan was set up in Canada is the "Manning Depot" in Toronto to which all air recruits are sent first. There are four of these depots, one located in each of the four training areas into which the Dominion is divided. This depot is located in the Canadian National Exhibition grounds in Toronto. Here recruits bunk in spotlessly clean and renovated areas where cattle stalls, animal pens, and poultry cages were once located as fair exhibits. In exhibition rings where prize horses and cattle once were displayed the boys drill and participate in sports during the first month of their enlistment when they learn the "ABC's" of soldiering—drill and regulations.

The Manning Depot period takes from two to six weeks and from here recruits move to an Initial Training School—what the Air Force calls a spit and polish station. Here they learn the finer arts of soldering as the picturesque phrase suggests. This is an important school since it is at this point that the RCAF determines whether boys will become pilots or observers.

The Toronto I. T. S., located in a former exclusive hunt club in the Forest Hill section, is again typical of buildings that were adapted for the training plan. At I. T. S. comes academic work, training, radio training, link-training instruction in a miniature craft with flight instruments, low-pressure tests to find a candidate's behaviour in high altitudes, armament instruction, and gas drill.

At the end of this five-week course a board of all the officers who have had a part in the recruit's training meet to decide his classification. From this point those chosen as pilots move to an Elementary Flying Training School and observers go to an Air Observers School. Even if a candidate fails to make these two grades he still has a chance in the RCAF as a gunner or ground crew personnel. Or, if he elects, he may be remustered to another military branch.

### First Taste of Flying

The Royal Canadian Air Force recruit's first taste of flying comes in approximately eleven weeks after enlistment. After having gone through Manning Depot and Initial Training School he enters one of 26 Elementary Flying Training Schools in the Dominion The RCAF, it may be observed, wastes no time. If a candidate shows the talent he is pushed along in training rapidly.

The Elementary Flying Training School in the No. 1 area near London, Ontario, is roughly comparable in operation to the Civilian Pilot Training programme in the United States. The London school is operated by a local private flying service supported by local capital. With this notable exception, however, American training at this stage is completely separated from the military even to the types of planes used. In Canada, however, the Government supplies the training planes—Fleet Finches and Tiger Moths; the instructors, who rank as sergeant pilots on leave without pay—their pay at this stage being supplied by the contractor: also supervision, testing, discipline, and supplies.

Here pilot candidates get 50 hours of flight training, both dual instruction and "solo." Each pilot also gets ten hours in the Link Trainer—unquestionably one of the best on-the-ground flight training devices in operation. An average course takes about 48 days here so that it may be observed that each candidate gets well over an hour's flying each day. The London school has 32 training planes, of which eight are spares.

At 20 hours, each fledgling pilot is checkflown by the "C. O." (commanding officer), or his assistant, who is able to designate at this point whether the pilot will be pursuit or bombing plane material. At this stage, too, the RCAF technique is careful to avoid a sense of defeat in a pilot who may have had ambitions in pursuit, i. e., the "glamour" role of flying. Careful handling assures the RCAF of men who will contribute their best to whatever task is selected as their real forte.

Parallel with the elementary flight training, the youth who has been selected as an observer leaves Initial Training School for an Air Observers School. Here he takes a 12-week course consisting of air navigation, photography, and reconnaissance. At London is a separate, adjoining, observers school. The men here were an older age group than the pilots whose average age is between eighteen and nineteen. This school, like the Elementary Flying Training School, is operated under private contract, though the Government supplies the air field, the aircraft, hangars, barracks and equipment, and maintains full supervision of the school's activities.

Elementary Flying Training School graduates now receive their first lesson in military flying when they enter a ten week course at one of the Service Flying Training Schools for advanced instruction. This course corresponds to the initial training given in the United States by entrants to Randolph Field, Texas, the "West Point of the Air."

At Uplands, just outside Ottawa, is one of the S.F.T. schools in the No. 3 Command. Here the pilots are training in North American single-engined Harvard trainers, built in California, some in Canada, and whose characteristics are close enough to be primary training for the Spitfires and Hurricanes of the Royal Air Force in Britain.

At Uplands, pilots receive the coveted "wings" insignia which they wear on the left breast of their tunics—indicative of their rank as full-fledged pilots. A period of 22 weeks has elapsed since entering Initial Training School. From this point they are "posted" to the eastern seaboard embarkation depot. From there they go overseas to get their operational training in combat aircraft preparatory to active service.

In the Maritimes, therefore, an RCAF pilot has begun to take his role in the Battle of Britain.

### WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 433 days and there have been 9,074 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 439 days and there have been 1,636 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

| *Fund* | *Amount* Ch. $ | *Contributed* £ Sterling |
|---|---|---|
| Central British War Fund | 214,666.32 | 69,738. 4. 2* |
| Vol. War Contribution Fund | 103,879.58 | 209,200. 3.10§ |
| War Savings Association | 60,116.90 | 165,000. 9. 7‡ |

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

## IN PARENTHESIS

### Must Be His

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### Clear as Mud

"My good woman," said the learned judge, "you must give an answer in the fewest possible words of which you are capable, to the plain and simple question whether, when you were crossing the street with the baby on your arm, and the bus was coming on the right side and the taxi on the left and the motorcycle was trying to pass the bus, you saw the plaintiff between the motorcycle and the taxi, or whether, and when you saw him at all, and whether or not near the motorcycle, taxi and bus, or either, or any two, and which of them respectively, or how it was."

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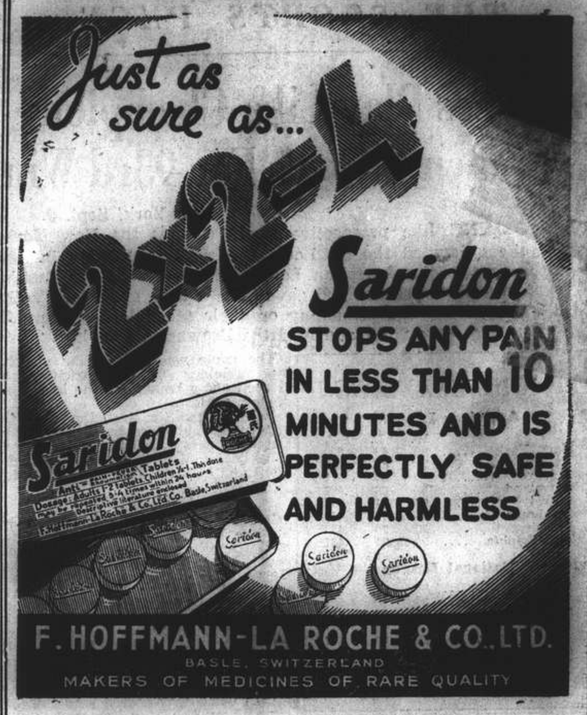

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### Country Walks

Contrary to popular opinion, perhaps, the country to the west of Shanghai is as open and as attractive as ever to the nature lover. This is the ideal season to explore it. There are a variety of routes to follow, each one with its own characteristics, and most of them fully described in "Country Walks," the walker's handbook compiled by Mr. E. S. Wilkinson. It costs $5 and can be obtained from most booksellers, or from the "North-China Daily News" Office. A feature of "Shanghai Country Walks" is the excellent collection of maps it contains.

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## THE SPORTS PAGE

# Yankees Play Like Champions To Down Browns For 93rd Win

New York, Sept. 9.

PERFORMING like prospective world champs the New York Yankees downed the St. Louis Browns 1 to 0 today in the feature game of the American League play. It was the Yank's 93rd victory of the season and gave them a 20½ game lead with only 15 more contests remaining on their schedule. "Spurge" Chandler was on the hill and held the Browns to four hits.

The game was won in the eighth by outfielder Tom Henrich who clouted out a homer for the lone run of the contest.

Boston's Red Sox strengthened their grip on second place by blanking the Detroit Tigers 6 to 0 Heber Newsome capably handled the mound assignment and held the Tigers to four hits.

### Like Joe Like Dominic

Dominic Dimaggio showed that brother Joe was not the only slugger of the family when he personally accounted for five of Boston's six runs. Dominic hit a three bagger in the first inning and on the next play scored. In the second frame he knocked the ball out of the park when the bases were loaded. Roger Peckinpaugh's Cleveland Indians took a slugfest from the Philadelphia Athletics by a 13 to 7 score. The big inning for the winners was the fourth when they scored a half dozen runs. Lou Boudreau homered in the third and his teammate Geoffrey Heath came through with a four bagger in the eighth frame. Catcher Jim Hegan ended the heavy hitting for the Indians by connecting with a circuit drive in the final inning.

### Bob Feller on Mound

Bob Feller was on the mound for the Indians and allowed seven hits and hurled shutout ball until the seventh inning.

The Washington Senators, with a big sixth inning rally, beat out the Chicago White Sox 7 to 2 in a night game. Arnold Anderson did the pitching for the Senators and held his foes to nine hits.

Old Man Weather today halted the scheduled performance of the Dodgers and Cardinals, resulting in the positions for the heated National League race remaining unchanged with the Dodgers entering home stretch with a three-game lead.

### Jupiter Pluvius Again

Rain checks were issued at Chicago when a heavy downpour stopped the game between the Dodgers and Cubs at the end of the first inning. At the time, the game was scoreless and neither club had recorded a hit.

At St. Louis, the Cards' game with the Philadelphia Phillies was also halted by rain.

Weather permitting, the same clubs will tangle tomorrow.

Cincinnati's Reds picked up a half-game on the leaders by downing the Boston Braves, 9 to 7. The Reds are now 13½ games behind the league leaders.

### Walters Rises From Slump

Bucky Walters emerged from his slump to turn in his 17th win of the season. Previously, the Cincinnati ace had suffered three successive mound losses.

Walters also did his part with the willow by batting in three runs. The big inning for the Reds was the third when they collected a half dozen scores.

Behind the eight-hit hurling of Hal Schumacher, the New York Giants came through with a 4 to 2 win over the Pittsburgh Pirates.

Babe Young was the hero of the game, tying the score in the eighth with a homer and then winning it with a circuit drive with a mate on base in the tenth.

They were Young's 23rd and 24th homers of the season.

### American League

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cleveland | 13 | 13 | 0 |
| Philadelphia | 7 | 9 | 5 |

Batteries: Feller and Hegan; McCrabb, Ferrick and Hayes.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Boston | 6 | 7 | 0 |

Batteries: Gorsica, Thomas, Mueller and Sullivan; H. Newsome and Pytlak.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| New York | 1 | 7 | 1 |

Batteries: Harris and Ferell; Chandler and Dickey.

Chicago-Washington night game.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 2 | 9 | 1 |
| Washington | 7 | 10 | 1 |

Batteries: Smith, Humphries and Turner; Anderson and Evans.

### National League

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 4 | 10 | 2 |
| Pittsburgh | 2 | 8 | 0 |

Batteries: Schumacher and Danning; Sewell and Baker, Lopez.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 7 | 14 | 4 |
| Cincinnati | 9 | 15 | 3 |

Batteries: Javery, Errickson and Berres, Montgomery; Walters and Lombardi, West.

Philadelphia-St. Louis postponed because of rain.

Brooklyn-Chicago postponed because of rain at the end of the first inning which ended with scoreless tie.

Batteries: Hamlin and Owen; Passeau and McCullough.—United Press.

## LEAGUE STANDINGS

### American League

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 96 | 46 | .669 |
| Boston | 72 | 66 | .522 |
| Chicago | 71 | 68 | .511 |
| Cleveland | 67 | 68 | .496 |
| Detroit | 67 | 71 | .486 |
| St. Louis | 61 | 75 | .449 |
| Washington | 58 | 76 | .433 |
| Philadelphia | 59 | 78 | .431 |

### National League

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 88 | 47 | .652 |
| St. Louis | 84 | 49 | .632 |
| Cincinnati | 74 | 60 | .552 |
| Pittsburgh | 72 | 62 | .537 |
| New York | 63 | 69 | .477 |
| Chicago | 61 | 75 | .449 |
| Boston | 54 | 78 | .409 |
| Philadelphia | 38 | 94 | .288 |

—United Press.

# Buccaneers Score Second Triumph Over Race Club

The league-leading Buccaneers of the Men's Softball League came through with a 7-5 triumph over the second-berthed Race Club at the Race Course yesterday in a closely contested game. The Jockeys had only two frames of scoring to account for their five markers. The second and third frames in which the Racers garnered four and one runs respectively were the only loaded spaces in their ledger. Meanwhile, the Pirates had a big second canto and made sparse runs during the latter part of the fray. The Bucs big bag of runs came in their first part of the second canto when Pate met the horse-hide for a clean hit which scored two runners on the bags. Stolley followed up with another timely clout to chase in the third tally for the Buccaneers.

Not to be out-done so early in the encounter, the Racers came to bat in their half of the second inning to out-shine the Bucs by one marker gathering no less than four heavy stickers for the second space. But the swashbuckling Bucs tightened up in all departments after that Jockey threat and allowed but one more tally for the Racers in the third before they closed the scoring lid.

### Race Club Starts

The Race Club started their second frame merry-go-round with Sonny Oliveira whacking a scorching two-sacker down the center-field pocket to drive in a pair of needy runs. Two more safe clouts later in the inning brought in two more markers to swell the total to four runs for the inning. With the winning of yesterday's game against so formidable a rival as the Race Club, the Bucaneers seem to be the logical champions of their section of the league. Most of their recent games have been with outfits at the top of league standings which speaks well of their victories. There are a few more games to be played before the softball season will officially close. But most of the coming contests will have little bearing on the outcome of the league standings as most of the future battles are understood to be foregone conclusions. Rainy weather has slowed up the softball schedule this year and there are some postponed affairs to be played-off. But these are of secondary importance.

### Cubs and C. of C. Draw

In the other Men's softball fixture played on the Race Course yesterday, the ill-fated "Y" Cubs again fought an up-hill battle only to find themselves knotted at the end of the contest. The Jaycees were on the other end of the nine-all score which an extra session failed to dissolve, so the game had to be called off on account of impending darkness. It may be brought to mind that the Cubs hit the same snag in a game with the S.F.X. last week in which the tied score of eight-all likewise halted the encounter after an extra inning still found the count tightly spliced at eight-all.

Yesterday's contest was a heart-breaker for the Chamber of Commerce as they had the game well in hand on the long end of a 9-5 count before the beginning of the seventh inning. When the seventh came along, the "Y" Cubs came to the fore with a spirited rally which banged in no less than four weighty runs to tie the score and rob the Chamber-men of almost certain victory.

Score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Buccaneers | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | — | 7 |
| Race Club | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 5 |
| C. of C. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| "Y" Cubs | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 9 |

## Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1. Sam Haler; 2. Dai Wu Day.
Also ran:—Boxing Fan, Dalebird, Harvard, Nagasaki.
5 lengths.—Time, 18.84.
Win, $61.40. Forecast 2-4 Div. $130.50.
Place, 1st $13.40; 2nd $7.50.

2—300 yd. flat.—1. Husky Query; 2. Coy Nancy.
Also ran:—Our Joy, Princeton, Talisman, Five Stars II.
2 lengths.—Time, 18.86.
Win, $27.40. Forecast 5-1 Div. $252.20.
Place, 1st $15.10; 2nd $21.70.
Double Event 1/2 2-5 Div. $156.50.

3—300 yd. flat.—1. Lady Ruby; 2. Blue Moon.
Also ran:—Open Blade, Speed Cop, Cute Villain, Captain Cora.
Short head.—Time, 18.24.
Win, $28.60. Forecast 6-3 Div. $132.20.
Place, 1st $12.60; 2nd $9.90.
Double Event 2/3 5-6 Div. $91

4—440 yd. flat.—1. Stolen Quota; 2. Glenmore Loura.
Also ran:—Lone Plume, Best Candidate, Great Regret, Jorrock's Alone.
3 lengths.—Time, 26.36.
Win, $19.80. Forecast 3-4 Div. $100.90.
Place, 1st $9.30; 2nd $14.50.
Double Event 3/4 6-3 Div. $67.50.

5—500 yd. flat.—1. Double Six; 2. Stolen Quibble.
1 length.—Time, 30.49.
Win, $49.40. Forecast 3-4 Div. $525.60.
Place, 1st $24.30; 2nd $27.70.
Double Event 4/5 3-3 Div. $130

6—500 yd. flat.—1. Fu Avon; 2. Albatross.
4½ lengths.—Time, 30.04.
Win, $19.80. Forecast 5-2 Div. $154.90.
Place, 1st $9.60; 2nd $26.80.
Double Event 5/6 3-5 Div. $110.80.

7—500 yd. flat.—1. Sea Sand; 2. Cordon Noir.
1 length.—Time, 29.43.
Win, $10.90. Forecast 5-2 Div. $35.60.
Place, 1st $9; 2nd $12.10.
Double Event 6/7 5-5 Div. $21.60.

8—500 yd. flat.—1. Woodstock Ivan; 2. Alton Arab.
3 lengths.—Time, 29.68.
Win, $69.50. Forecast 6-3 Div. $259.70.
Place, 1st $24.30; 2nd $10.10.
Double Event 7/8 5-6 Div. $69.30.

**Will Lou Nova Suffer the Same Fate?**

*The controversial point now among the boxing fans in America and in the other parts of the world is whether Lou Nova will be able to wrest the heavyweight title from Joe Louis when they meet on September 29. The picture above shows referee Josephs waving the champion, Joe Louis, to a neutral corner after he had brought Conn to the canvas in the first round of the titular bout which eventually ended with the challenger being counted out in the 13th round.*

# First Trounces Headquarters To Vacate Cellar Position

IN a rather poor and uninteresting baseball game played yesterday afternoon at the Race Course, the First Battalion crept out of the cellar and pushed the Headquarters Orphans in the place they had occupied throughout the season. Aided by 15 hits which included a three bagger by Mudry, the First Battalion emerged victorious by the one-sided score of 12-3.

The contest was one of the poorest witnessed throughout the season and had it not been for some of the poorest bit of umpiring which gave the fans a chance to yell their opinions, the game would have been minus any spectators as the fans kept telling the umpires what to do.

### Pitchers in Poor Form

Neither pitcher had any form to cast about as they kept walking players. Laffoon of the First Battalion was the better of the two as he allowed his opponents seven scattered hits throughout the encounter while Middleton of the Headquarters aggregation showed poor form despite the fact that he had eight strikeouts credited to him.

The First Battalion went to town early in the encounter as, in the second inning, on two hits and two errors, they scored three runs to take an early lead which they never relinquished. They continued their scoring spree in the second inning when, through three hits they scored an additional three runs to sew up the contest.

In the second inning, with the First Battalion at bat, Penick was given a base on balls and advanced to second on a stolen base. Kopacz was safe when Provencher dropped an easy pop fly. McMillian fanned, and J. Robinson hit a line drive into centre which Terrell let past him and all three runs was scored on the play.

The First Battalion continued to run up a score in the third inning as Mudry singled, stole second and scored on a hit by Klusendorf. Penick was safe on an error by Ruge Kopacz was awarded a hit when he attempted to sacrifice both runners. McMillian fanned for the second time in the game Robinson walked to force in the third run of the inning.

In the fourth inning, the First scored two more runs and they continued to score in the eighth and ninth innings. The Orphans scored their three runs in the second and fourth innings.

The box score follows:

### First Battalion

| | AB. | R. | H. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Robinson, A., ss, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Horvath, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Mudry, 3b. | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Klusendorf, 2b. | 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Penick, c | 4 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Kopacz, lf. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| McMillian, 1b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Davis, ss. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Robinson, J., rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Laffoon, p. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | 43 | 12 | 15 | 27 | 9 | 4 |

### Headquarters

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ruge, 1b. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 1 |
| McKinzie, 3b. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Silk, rf | 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Terrell, cf. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Miller, ss. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| Jurkovics, lf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Hicks, lf. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Middleton, p. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Provencher, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
| Prickett, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| | 37 | 3 | 7 | 27 | 14 | 4 |

Score by innings:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| First Bn. | 033 | 200 | 013—12 |
| Orphans | 010 | 200 | 000— 3 |

Summary: Earned runs—First Battalion 6, Headquarters 1. Two base hits—McKinzie, Three base hits—Mudry. First on balls off Middleton 5, Laffoon 4. Struck out by Middleton 8, Laffoon 5. Left on bases—First Battalion 10, Headquarters 11. Double plays—Mudry to Klusendorf to McMillian. Passed balls—Provencher. Hit by pitcher—A. Robinson by Middleton. Stolen bases—Mudry 2, Penick, Ruge, Jurkovic, Prickett. Runs brought in—Mudry 3, Klusendorf 2, Perick 2, Robinson, J. Laffoon, Middleton. Umpires: Allender and Rossell. Time of game—2 hours and ten minutes.

# Jem Carney Famous Bare-Knuckle Fighter Dies at Age of 84

London, Sept. 10.

The death of Jem Carney at the age of 84 recalls a great figure of boxing's bare-knuckle years. Carney was formerly English Lightweight Champion, but one of his greatest fights took place in America, at Boston, when he was 30 years old.

In this fight he battled in a barn with Jack Macauliffe, the Irish World Champion, and after a terrific five hour fight the bout was drawn. Carney was reputed to have left his opponent during the fight to knockout two troublesome spectators, then returning to the ring.

"Modern boxers are not villainous enough they haven't the Jaws and ears," Carney once said. He himself was the hero of many bare-knuckle fights.—Reuter.

## Cricket Teams

### Shanghai Recreation Club

Police Recreation Club v. The S.R.C. Colts. Saturday, Sept. 13, on the Police Ground at 1.30 p.m. (League).

Colts:—P. Madar (Capt.), J. H. Anderson, Y. T. Barma, T. Buckley, A. P. Gomes, E. Grundt, D. F. Harris, J. Leriou, L. P. Quincey, C. J. Smith, A. L. Symons. Reserves: R. N. Manley, W. Quincey. Umpire: O. Strome.

## *Joe Louis May Join Services in Oct.*

Chicago, Sept. 10.

The draft board yesterday announced that Joe Louis, World's heavyweight champion, had been placed in the 1-A class and "probably" will be inducted into service in October. The negro champion must take a physical examination shortly.—United Press.

## Lawn Bowls Teams

### Hongkew Golf Club

FIRST DIVISION

H.G.C. (v. Police Recreation Club, H.G.C. greens. Saturday, 3.30 p.m.):—C. M. Sequeira (skip), A. Portaria, A. H. Corveth, S. A. Pintos; J. M. M. Britto (skip), A. G. Costa, J. J. Souza, J. A. Rocha; A. M. Gutierrez (skip), E. C. J. Pereira, L. A. M. Ozorio, T. Baptista.

MERCURY CUP

H.G.C. (v. Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club, J.G.C greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.):—E. C. J. Pereira (skip), C. A. Pereira, S. A. Pintos, O. R. Holmes; J. M. M. Eritto (skip), A. G. Costa, J. J. Souza, J. A. Rocha; C. M. Sequeira (skip), A. R. Portaria, J. M. O. Sequeira, A. M. Jesus; A. M. Gutierrez (skip), A. H. Corveth, L. A. M. Ozorio, F. Medina. Reserves: T. Baptista, Alb. G. Costa, A. M. Gonsalves.

### Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

FIRST DIVISION

S.L.B.C. Blues (v. Lusitano Reds, Lusitano greens, Saturday, 3.30 p.m.):—C. Richards (skip), F. S. Ward, A. Braid, E. E. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. T. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan; E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Bell, J. P. Stalker. Meet at S.L.B.C. 3 p.m. If unable to play, please notify E. R. Harmer.

S.L.B.C. Reds (v. S.R.C., S.L.B.C. greens, Saturday, 3.30 p.m.):—W. Train (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Jacobs, J. Stevenson; W. A. Turnbull (skip), E. Owen, W. J. McDermott, J. J. Evans; W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, D. A. McFarlane, H. S. Bartley. If unable to play, please notify E. Jacobs.

SECOND DIVISION

S.L.B.C. (v. S.R.C., S.R.C. greens, Saturday, 3.30 p.m.):—T. Sayle (skip), S. G. Mills, H. B. Lobb, D. E. Harbottle; C. Pratt (skip) J. A. Stoddart, A. E. Howkins, L. A. Whittaker; J. Frost (skip), D. B. Scrimgeour, J. Henry, J. Case. If unable to play, please notify S. G. Mills.

MERCURY CUP

S.L.B.C. (v. Hongkew Golf Club, Junior Golf Club greens, Sunday, 3.30 p.m.—no tea interval):—C. Richards (skip), J. Munro, A. S. Russell, J. P. Stalker; W. J. Monk (skip), W. J. Ward, F. S. Ward, H. S. Bell; W. A. Turnbull (skip), E. R. Harmer, E. Owen, F. McLennan, J. F. Harvey (skip), W. H. Train, T. T. Goodman, E. E. Wallwork. Meet at the Clubhouse at 2 p.m. If unable to play, please notify E. R. Harmer. Cholera certificates are required to cross into Hongkew.

COUNTRY CLUB

Country Club (v. Clube Lusitano, Country Club greens, Saturday, 4.15 p.m.):—I. A. Beith (skip), R. Lock, J. Davidson, E. F. Bateman; C. W. Porter (skip), A. K. Ward, J. B. Gilroy, A. W. Akers; H. C. Hopkins (skip), J. T. W. Brooke, H. C. B. Way, P. W. Massey. Reserves: Dr. J. H. Jordan, H. F. Prybrough. If unable to play, please notify F. F. Bateman (Tel. 17589).

# China Eliminates America to Enter Roper Cup Semi-Finals

THE Chinese couple of Harry Li and V. T. Wang had little difficulty in entering the semi-final of the Roper Cup (International Doubles) Competition yesterday afternoon at the Association Court when they took the measure of America (C. C. "Dud" Squires and Bishop Roberts) by the overwhelming margin of 6-2, 6-2, 6-1.

Age proved too much a handicap for Bishop Roberts to overcome and with Squires feeling the pinch of years into the bargain, Li and Wang virtually coasted along in each set without being extended in the slightest. Rallies were few and far between and in fact the entire match was completed in exactly 30 minutes.

### China to Meet Portugal Today

Li and Wang will meet a stiffer test, however, this afternoon at 5 o'clock when they clash with Portugal, who will be represented by Humberto Collaco and the rising young Portuguese star, A. M. Rozario. Collaco and Rozario are reported to play very well together, and though there is little doubt that China will emerge victorious, it would not be surprising if the Portuguese succeed in snatching at least one set from their opponents.

The winner of this match—and that is almost certain to be China—will meet Japan in the final, probably this week-end. The Japanese earned their passage into the last round of the competition on Sunday, when Okada and Kiyosu eliminated L. F. Stokes and Molly Benavitch in straight sets, 6-1, 9-7, 6-3.

### America Out of Picture

With the exception of two games—each won on Squires' services—the American couple were completely out of the picture yesterday afternoon in the first set. Squires seemed to feel the weight of the responsibility on his shoulders too much, while Bishop Roberts, though exceedingly sprightly for a man of his age, lacked the speed necessary to cope with such first-class volleyers as Li and Wang.

The second set was almost a repetition of the first, with the Americans winning the third and fourth games only and then collapsing in the remaining four. Bishop Roberts made two very fine placements at net in the fourth game, which he won on his service, catching Wang twice off guard in an identical position. On the whole, however, the standard of tennis was lackadaisical and well below championship form.

With the exception of the second game, which Squires took on his deliveries, the third set proved a walk-over for the Chinese, and was completed at 6-1 in under 10 minutes.

### Hardcourt to Be Revived

Tennis enthusiasts in the city will be pleasurably interested to learn that efforts are being made by three well-known local tennis leaders, M. Spiegler, Secretary of the S.L.T.A., J. G. Forbes and F. Shaffer, both noted umpires, to revive the hardcourt championship this year which used to be a regular feature here during the October and November months.

These three tennis leaders have written to all local tennis clubs possessing three or more hard courts inviting them to form a body to sponsor a hardcourt championship. The scheme would entail each club being responsible in turn for the full arrangements of the championships, and in return would receive all revenue accruing therefrom.

Interested clubs are invited to communicate with Messrs. Spiegler, Forbes or Shaffer for further information regarding this scheme, which, if sufficient support is forthcoming, would come into operation in October.

# Erin Villa Beats A.S.P. "B" in One-Sided Tussle

In league game played yesterday afternoon the Erin Villa "A" walked off with twelve points against the four scored by the A.S.P. "B" Division. The latter were unable to line up their usual players and were obliged to fill several gaps with "C" grade players.

The Portuguese were unable to cooperate and several wild passes were made, thus allowing the Erin-Villagers to romp home in easy style several times during the game. However, several of the Erin girls were caught short by the able A.S.P. catcher, Elvie Correa, who not only guarded the home plate with an eagle eye, but hurled several accurate balls to the second and third bases, eventually discouraging base-stealing by the Erin squad. Another A.S.P. bulwark of defence Elsie Betines who took charge of the first bag.

### Beale Slams a Homer

Although the Erin Villa aggregation took the game with little effort, they were far from playing their best. Several good catches were made by Girlie Ellie at third base, whilst Edna Savage took good care of the second. Batting honours were taken by Lily Beale, who slammed a homer in the sixth inning, and Edna Savage, both making three runs each.

The game started with Erin Villa team out on the field but they took their turn at bat without conceding any runs to the A.S.P. ladies, who were unable to score until the fifth inning when Elvie Correa and Mamie Victal came dashing home. The latter then decided to change pitchers and Olga Caldas took her place at the mound. Meanwhile the Erin Villas chalked up ten points and inspite of the change of pitchers made by the A.S.P., they took two more and called it a day at 12-4.

The teams were as follows:—

Erin Villa:—L. Oliveira, M. Favacho, L. Quincey, Edna Savage, L. Ellis, Naiu Sakari, Pris Remedios, Connie Edwards, Lily Beale, J. Palmer.

A.S.P. "B":—L. Azevedo, E. Correa, E. Betines, M. Remedios, L. Lopes, Hilda Mercal, O. Jose, O. Caldas, M. Victal, Y. Canavarro.

## *S.F.A. to Hold Meeting Today*

The annual meeing of the Shanghai Football Association will be held in the Engineers' Club at 220 Szechuen Road at 5.15 p.m. today.

Besides the officers and referees of the Association, and such other persons whose presence is considered necessary by the Executive Committee, two representatives from each club in full membership of the Association will be entitled to attend the meeting.

## Renowned U.S. Runner Rejected by Army

South Bend, Indiana.—On March 23 Gregory Rice, the greatest distance runner ever produced in the United States, ran the fastest two-mile race, indoors or outdoors, ever recorded when in the Chicago Relays indoor track and field meet he set the sensational time of 8:51.1.

A few days later Rice had to appear before the Draft Board for examination prior to possible induction into the Army for a year's training. The board pronounced him physically unfit for military service, and disclosed that he was suffering from a triple hernia.


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# Titlebaum Trial Concludes In U.S. Court For China

TERMINATING with an almost dramatic suddenness with the defence calling no witnesses and the accused not giving evidence in his own behalf, the trial of Sam Titlebaum, former Deputy Marshal of the U.S. Court for China, on twelve counts of embezzling government property, came to an end before Judge N. E. Lurton yesterday after only a second morning's session. The case was adjourned until 10 a.m. on Friday for delivery of judgment.

In his review of the evidence the District Attorney, Mr. Leighton Shields, referred to the peculiar grip of a gun whose identification by a police officer, according to the prosecution, led to the exposure of the accused and which the D. A. characterized as "one of those straws which sometimes change the destiny of a man's career." Mr. Shields' address concluded with the declaration delivered with some emotion, that accused had put a "blot" on the name of the court. He said :—

"This court has had a fine and honourable record. I have been with it for four years and have always been able to hold up my head with pride regarding the conduct of its affairs. I have always been able as a member of the Shanghai bar, to meet my friends including Kops, Allman, Franklin and others, with pride and I knew that they could face the American community with the same feeling of pride as members of the bar of a court that had lived up to its traditions and the best traditions of the many American lawyers in the courts in the United States.

"Why must we bend our heads in shame as officers of this court when we meet the American community here, because of the actions of this vile man? What right has he to rob us of our self-respect and put this blot on the name of this court?

"For over three weeks I have had upon my shoulders the heavy responsibility, the choice of whether I should suppress this thing or to meet this matter courageously, impartially, without fear and without favour. That burden has rested on my shoulders up to this time. Now, as the jury and the judge, Your Honour, that burden has passed on to you."

### Has He Ever Told the Truth?

The accused knew that he had sold the gun through Mr. Albert Rosenbaum, Mr. Shields declared, and yet when it came to a frank statement regarding its possession, had deceived the police. "To make his lie more plausible," counsel continued, "to make it more emphatic, to make this untruth more official, he invited the police officer to come the next day." The following day, Mr. Shields added, accused told the officer that he had radioed to Mr. Chas. Richardson, jnr., the absent marshal of the court, enquiring about the gun and stated that Mr. Richardson had replied "that he had given two weapons to a Nanking Government official and wanted the matter kept confidential. Did he (pointing to accused) tell the truth then? Has he ever told the truth? Is he capable of telling the truth?"

After submitting that the evidence of all the witnesses for the government had "dove-tailed," Mr. Shields dwelt at some length on the evidence of Mr. Albert Rosenbaum, the principal witness. Anyone who heard Mr. Rosenbaum counsel suggested, must have felt convinced that he was a courageous man, not being under the court's jurisdiction, to give evidence in the case, "owing to the political background" which, counsel pointed out, might render it extremely dangerous for the witness to become too closely identified with factions of the Chinese government.

### Evidence of Indebtedness

Five more witnesses were called by Mr. Shields regarding the indebtedness of the accused who, counsel declared, had lived "extravagantly." The purpose of the evidence, counsel submitted, was to adduce a motive for the crime.

Mr. Chang, an accountant of Farrens, told the court that on July 24, accused owed Farrens $1,123 and was indebted to the resort in June to the extent of $406.90. Mr. K. B. Hill, insurance agent of 51 Canton Road, said that Titlebaum owed US$108.07 insurance premium on his life policy due since March. Mr. Robert Tu of the Park Hotel stated that on July 24, accused had an outstanding account of $226.70. Mr. N. Sogrin of D.D's Night Club said that the unpaid account of accused on July 24, amounted to $687.25. Mrs. Ella Jenkins, Deputy Marshal of the Court, stated that she knew that accused on July 24, was owing $600 and US$25 to Mr. Richardson, the court's marshal.

Mr. Shields then handed into court a number of exhibits including two guns produced at the trial, a bundle of documents including inventories of the court's armoury and a receipt for a cheque purported to have been received from accused for $1,300 to the Argentina Night Club, which counsel pointed out went to show the motive for the crime and the extravagant mode of living of the accused. Two boxes of ammunition and a Taylor Garage chit purported to have been signed by Titlebaum on July 24, giving the itinerary on the back, were also handed in.

In summing up his case the District Attorney said the proceedings were brought under the statutes relating to protection of government property. A full review of the evidence, he said, was hardly necessary.

### Circumstances Stronger Than Words

Accused had approached Mr. Rosenbaum as a friend, Mr. Shields said, when dwelling on the evidence. Accused stated that he was badly in need of money and represented that he owned two revolvers, counsel continued, and asked Mr. Rosenbaum to sell them for him. Witness demurred, as selling guns was not in his line counsel said, but subsequently disposed of the weapons to an official of the Nanking Government on July 24.

Counsel then described the trip of the accused to the home of witness as brought out by the prosecution the details of which counsel characterized as being vital to the case. Mr. Rosenbaum's account of the visit of the accused, he said, was borne out fully by the evidence of the chauffeur of the hire car. Witness, he said, could not have known about the car chit which was in the possession of the garage people. "These are circumstances that are stronger than the vocal testimony of any witness, as the corroboration of the truth of Mr. Rosenbaum's statement," counsel submitted.

Mr. Shields then referred to the evidence of Mr. Ku, an employee of the court who stated that after Mr. Richardson's departure he saw accused go to the store-room in the court after office hours on two occasions in one afternoon. The second time, witness said, he saw accused remove four boxes of ammunition which witness wrapped up for him and which accused took away. The chauffeur's evidence showed that accused was in the consulate building at the time, counsel said, and that the chauffeur drove accused back to the address in Rte. Remi. There was the story of Mr. Rosebaum that the ammunition was delivered later that afternoon, counsel pointed out, adding that it was corroborated by circumstances of which Mr. Rosenbaum could not have been aware. The statement of Mr. Rosenbaum regarding the payment of the money, "the loot this defendant received" also was borne out, counsel said, by Mr. Ku who recalled taking six $100 bills as part of a sum given to him by Titlebaum to be deposited into his bank account. Mr. Rosenbaum told the court that the Nanking official also paid him in six $100 bills.

### Discredit a Friend

The evidence of Mr. Rosenbaum remained unshakened throughout, counsel declared, despite the attempt of the accused to "discredit his friend." Reverting to the evidence of the accused counsel said:

"Let us see now how the defendant handled the truth. Detective Sergeant Wall said that when he found this gun in the possession of the police on an application by a Chinese for its registration....he came here to see Mr. Richardson. He came over to ask how the property of the United States was in the hands of a Nanking Government official." Counsel went on to say that the officer was told by Mrs. Jenkins that Mr. Richardson was away. Then he met accused who stated that Mr. Richardson had taken all his guns away with him, knowing all the time that he had sold it, counsel said.

The officer had seen the gun in Mr. Richardson's office on a previous occasion when he remarked on its peculiar grip, counsel emphasized, which led to an investigation when the same gun which Mr. Richardson had once given him to have the grip changed, turned up at the police station for registration. This coincidence, counsel suggested, subsequently led to the exposure of the accused.

The following day, Mr. Shields went on to state, accused told the same officer that he had radioed Mr. Richardson and received a reply that he had given two guns to a Nanking government official and desired the matter kept confidential.

### "Defendant Was Desperate"

"I don't think it is necessary to review all the testimony of this case," counsel continued, "as it must still be vividly in the memory of the court. There is no question that this gun was the property of the U.S. Government and that at the time he delivered and sold it through Mr. Rosenbaum, he was the custodian of it, and under the statutes that is a crime. There is no doubt that he got money for it.

"The defendant had embezzled the property with the intent to adapt or to use it for his own purpose. You have seen the motive here. He apparently owes a large sum of money throughout this town. He owed money before he became appointed deputy marshal and when he was appointed marshal, his financial condition did not improve. He went from bad to worse....he was engaged in the high living of the night life in Shanghai. He frequented night clubs and hotels that had night clubs. There was the temptation to steal these guns. He was desperate. He had to get more money and more money to spend it at night....He knew he was doing a desperate thing and taking a desperate chance to get money so that he could spend it at night."

Mr. Kops in a brief address stated that defendant was accused of embezzlement of two guns and a quantity of ammunition, the counts being brought under three statutes of the U.S. Government relating to purloining or stealing, purloining or larceny and embezzlement. Defendant was the custodian of the property, counsel argued, and the only charge that could stand against him was one of embezzlement. Counsel contended that there was no larceny.

### "Rosenbaum, Man of Mystery"

Mr. Kops went on to describe Mr. Rosenbaum as a man of mystery who stated that he used three names viz: Albert, Jacob, Rosenbaum. Counsel emphasized that Mr. Rosenbaum was described as a diamond broker, but had no office or telephone. Counsel then submitted that the story told by this witness was hardly worthy of belief.

Counsel went on to submit that contrary to the contention of the District Attorney, there had been no corroboration of the prosecution's submission that there was a system adopted in the commission of the alleged crime. Mrs. Ella Jenkins, Deputy Marshal, he said, had been called by the prosecution in an endeavour to show that a total of eight guns and 1,300 rounds of ammunition had been disposed of.

Referring to the bank account of the defendant which, counsel said, had been laboured by the prosecution, it was not uncommon in his submission, for people to maintain balances in their current accounts of an amount below $1,000 as the account was used for meeting current expenses.

Mr. Kops then declared that an attempt had been made to show that accused was heavily in debt. The only real one that he could see was the indebtedness to Mr. Downs. The prosecution had laid stress on total obligations of the accused amounting to more than $5,300 and US$300, counsel continued. Seeking to explain his client's failure to meet the insurance premium, counsel said that Mrs. Titlebaum left Shanghai, an occurrence which made it difficult for accused to pay for the insurance. It could hardly be said, he argued, the position of the accused was desperate. Mr. Shields waived his right to reply to Mr. Kops and Judge Lurton then briefly announcement the adjournment of the proceedings.

# Confessed Slayer Held For Judgment

Liu Ching-cheng confessed yesterday in the First Special District Court that he shot and killed Chang Kong-mei, late manager of the now closed Yung Yuen Gambling House in the Western District, on July 28 two years ago in Tifeng Road. Five other persons stood trial as his co-defendants but he said that he alone opened fire, killing Chang on account of business competition. Judgment was reserved by Judge Shih.

It will be recalled that already two persons have been sentenced by the same court in connection with the murder. One was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment while the other was given life imprisonment sometime ago. The police had been looking for the ringleader until Tuesday when the Sinza police tracked down Liu in the New World Hotel in Yu Ya Ching Road. The other five accused were also arrested there.

# Manipulation of Commodities By Merchants Feared

Informed Chinese circles in close touch with banking quarters believe that if loopholes can still be found after the efforts which have been made by the Stabilization Board of China to stop transactions in the black foreign exchange market in Shanghai, there will be little hope for improvement of the price situation here. Merchants whose chief aim is to make profits will sell their goods according to foreign exchange rates quoted in the black market, despite the fact that part of the goods they sell may have been bought with foreign exchange obtained in the official market.

### Doubts Expressed

Similar views are expressed by Chinese commentators and in reports regarding the future foreign exchange market here. The Chinese press recently expressed doubt in news articles as to the complete abolition of the black market and it was even said that a "black market within a black market" outside the banks might continue its operations.

One commentator urged the Board to take note of the possibilities since it will not improve prices here if importers cannot be satisfied in respect to both quality and quantity. He took an importer of flour as an example. If he was allowed to import only half of the flour he desired to buy, he would try his best to obtain foreign exchange from the black market enough to buy the other half of the flour he was forbidden to import. After importing all the flour he desired, he would naturally sell all of it according to the black market rate plus a profit despite the fact that half of his cargo was bought by paying a cheap rate offered by the Board. Limitation of quantity; therefore presented a knotty problem, he reasoned.

### Rice Market Example

His words found an echo in the Shanghai Rice Market on Tuesday reducing their prices for several days when merchants there who have been suddenly increased their prices by $3 or $4 owing to reports circulated by themselves that they would be allowed to import only between 150,000 and 200,000 bags of foreign rice to Shanghai monthly. Thus, the fact that the Board is willing to supply foreign exchange to rice merchants, which has caused prices to go down, is causing rice merchants gradually to increase their prices when they learn that their foreign exchange allotments will be limited.

An unconfirmed report published by the "Chinese American Daily News" yesterday said that foreign exchange to be granted for buying goods belonging to the Categories A and B would be limited to US$6,000,000 monthly. It was said that to rice merchants US$1,000,000 will be granted, while US$750,000 will go to tobacco importers. There will be US$900,000 for oil merchants and US$1,000,000 for coal merchants. For other goods, US$2,350,000 will be granted. No foreign exchange will be given to cotton importers for the time being, it was said. A person whose family is living abroad may be granted US$200 monthly. Capital raised by selling immovable property is not to be sent abroad.

# Little Change Noted In Labour Situation

Despite the fact that twenty employees of the Poloson Shoe Store, at 1041 Bubbling Well Road, declared a strike at 9.50 a.m. yesterday as a protest against the management's decision to reduce their wages, the labour situation was somewhat better yesterday, with another 400 strikers resuming work.

The strike at the Bubbling Well shoe store, however, is expected to entail other disputes among workers of shoe companies here, but up to a late hour yesterday no other strikes were reported.

The silk dyeing trade and the Tuh Fong Weaving Factory, affected by strikes since last Saturday, reported no change yesterday. Some 1,500 workers of various dyeing factories are involved. The others, also numbering about 1,500, continue with their work.

The dispute at the New Textile Co., at 1457 Ferry Road, has been completely settled. The strikers, with the exception of eleven who had been dismissed by the management, resumed work unconditionally.

Some 170 workers of the Nicholl's Rug Co., at 620 Yulin Road, who were dismissed by the management, have been issued a bonus of $220 each and have also been given repatriation fees to Tientsin.

# B.R.A. Annual Meeting On November 7

At the regular fortnightly meeting of the General Committee of the British Residents' Association of China held on September 9, the question of the date of the annual general meeting of the association was discussed. The date selected, tentatively, was Friday, November 7, at 5.30 p.m.

At the meeting, on behalf of the Committee, the Chairman welcomed Mrs. G. E. Marden, the representative of the British Women's Association on the General Committee of the B.R.A., in place of Mrs. Arnold-Jones who has recently left Shanghai.

## Oxford Pamphlets

The latest Oxford Pamphlets (Oxford University Press, London, 6d) make an interesting collection. "Decision" is by Lionel Curtis, and there is a second edition of "Lies as Allies —an Indictment of Hitler" by Viscount Maugham, lately Lord Chancellor. In the "America Faces the War" series "The Monroe Doctrine Today" is by Grayson Kirk, Associate Professor of Government at Columbia University and head of the Government Department at Columbia College; "Food or Freedom—the Vital Blockade" by Dr. William Agar, a Fellow of the Geological Society of America. Contributing Editor of "The Commonweal"; "Germany Then and Now" by Alonzo E. Taylor who in the last World War visited the countries of the Allied and Associated Powers as a member of the House Mission and subsequently as a member of the War Trade Board represented the United States on questions of the food supply of the Allied and neutral countries as well as of the Central Powers; "German Youth and the Nazi Dream of Victory" by E. Y. Hartshorne, who as a Fellow of the Social Science Research Council in Germany in 1935-36 made a study of the effects of National Socialism in Germany higher education: "A Summons to the Free" by Stephen Vincent Benet; "The Faith of an American" by Walter Millis, a member of the editorial staff of the New York "Herald Tribune"; "An American Looks at the British Empire" by James Truslow Adams.

# Public School Education High As Graduates Hold Big Jobs

THE heated controversy over the statements that local Shanghai Municipal Council Schools do not enjoy too high a standard of education, were cleared up yesterday when school authorities, interviewed on the question, gave out several Old Boys' names and the role that they are playing in the city's various occupations.

From the list of names released by the school authorities, it was learned that former pupils of the local Public Schools today occupy leading positions in their various occupations. In practically every important institution in Shanghai, there will be found graduates of the Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys, Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Girls, Public School for Girls and the Western District Public School.

In connection with the last named school, it was learned that due to the fact that the educational centre has not been in existence for a period long enough as compared to the other Public Schools, there are only a few graduates who have carved niches for themselves in Shanghai. The school, however, despite its comparatively recent opening in the city, can boast of a high percentage of successful graduates who are today occupying positions of trust.

### P.T.H. Leads

Occupying the chief position in this respect is the Public and Thomas Hanbury School for Boys which celebrated its Jubilee in 1936, thus having been in existence for over 55 years. From its start as the Masonic School of Shanghai on April 5, 1886, the school has held the role of the most important centre of education in Shanghai. From that school for the past 55 years have graduated pupils who today are occupying executive positions all over the world. Those of the boys who did not leave the city in pursuit of higher education, made their name right in this city and today their children and their children's children are continuing to uphold the prestige of the Public School.

With the passing of years and with the numerous crises through which Shanghai has passed since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities in 1937, the Public and Thomas Hanbury school, although faced with great hardships, continues to flourish on a smaller scale at its present site on Kinnear Road where the quality of teaching and the teachers employed remain at the same high level.

The entire number of Public Schools, the city's educational centres supervized by the Shanghai Municipal Council, have on record and on their honour, boards the names of Shanghai's leading citizens of whom, through their various pursuits, the city can be proud. It is these former pupils of the schools who today are holding up the fifth greatest port in the world and who look with optimism on the future of this metropolis.

### Names Are Cited

A few of those leading local graduates of the school are: Mr. R. D. Abraham of D.E.J. Abraham & Co., Messrs. Arthur and Theodore Sopher, former publishers of the "China Press" and leading financial writers in Shanghai today, Mr. R. V. Dent of the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, Mr. E. T. Nash, former official of the Municipal Council, Mr. H. G. Mackenzie and Mr. Carroll Lunt, editor and publisher.

Another well-known Shanghailander and graduate of the P.T.H. is Mr. George B. Fryer, Superintendent of the Chinese Institute for the Blind. Mr. David Benz, a recent graduate of the School and former local newspaperman now working on a Honolulu paper, and a special correspondent for a local publication, is another example of the standard of education in local Public Schools.

The following list of Old Boys who were educated at the Public and Thomas Hanbury School gives a striking illustration of the teaching the school has employed throughout the years: Mr. A. E. Lanning, Mr. T. Sayle, Mr. C. A. Christiansen, Mr. W. J. Gande, Mr. J. M. Hykes, Mr. A. B. Hykes, Mr. T. J. R. Jones, Mr. A. R. Ollerdessen, Mr. G. E. O. Mayne, Mr. A. E. Olsen, Mr. K. McKelvie, Mr. H. H. Ivy, Mr. T. W. R. Wilson, Mr. S. Sudka, Mr. R. H. Purcell, Mr. P. W. Mansfield, Mr. E. V. Feathers-tonhaugh, Mr. G. E. Marshall, Mr. P. Madar, Mr. T. Beesley, Mr. C. Ezra, Messrs. S. B. and A. B. Tata, Mr. J. Greiner, Mr. B. O. Thorpe, Mr. A. A. White, Mr. M. Benavitch, and J. D. Spunt.

These names given are only a very small fraction of the actual well-known and popular graduates of the Council School. There are others, hundreds of them, who during half-century of S.M.C. education in Shanghai, have made the name of the local Public Schools well known all over the world.

### Examination Passes High

The bi-annual Junior and Cambridge Examinations held in Shanghai show an extremely high percentage of passes that the Public Schools enjoy. There is a very small percentage of failures in these examinations which are mainly due to the pupil's lack of interest in his work or natural learning slowness, it was learned. The yearly marks of the entire school show satisfactory teaching power.

It is interesting and timely to note that local Public School graduates not only occupy leading positions in Shanghai, but also abroad where they maintain high-ranking status in their various pursuits. A great number of local lads who have graduated from the Public Schools are serving with the Allied Forces overseas. Many of these men have already fallen in the present war, the last Great War taking toll of many local lives.

Any doubts expressed over the educational standard of local schools usually come about from the difficulties that many Shanghai boys have in finding jobs in the city's firms. This is hardly due to the lack of schooling but rather to the present difficulties with which offices have to contend. All efforts to give their graduates a good start following the completion of their education, are made by the Headmasters of the respective schools.

### Girls' Schools

Besides the Public School for Boys, the local girls' schools also play an important part in the city. Considerable numbers of the graduates are today working in secretarial and executive departments. Whatever they may be doing, however, it is an established fact that they have qualified for their occupations through the schooling which they have received in Shanghai.

# Language Classes At Foreign "Y"

Educational classes in Chinese (Mandarin and Shanghai dialect), English, Japanese, French, German, Spanish, Greek, Radio Operators and Technical courses will begin in the Foreign Y.M.C.A. on Monday, September 15, at 6 p.m., it was announced by the Educational Office of the Y.M.C.A.

The Chinese language is taught by the direct or conversational method which requires that teaching is done only in Chinese. The pupils are taught to speak Chinese from the beginning. Classes in beginners, intermediate, and advanced Chinese will be organized both in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect.

Class in the five European languages will be under qualified teachers, who have been connected with the Educational Department of the Foreign "Y" for a number of years. Mrs. S. Fukuda will be the teacher of Japanese. Mrs. Fukuda has had considerable success in conducting the Japanese classes at the "Y" for the past four years.

The Radio Operators and Technical Courses will again be under Mr. George Oglodkoff and Mr. A. V. Cattell respectively, who are qualified radio technicians and teachers.

These classes are held in the Foreign Y.M.C.A. Building between the hours of 6 p.m. and 10 p.m. and reasonable fees are charged. The classes are open to members of the Association and a limited number of non-members. Persons who are interested may apply in person or by writing to Mr. Wm. Nieh at the Educational Office, Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 92250.

# Japanese Detective Succumbs to Wounds

Detective Sergeant Muneo Yamaguchi of Central Station of the Shanghai Municipal Police, who was wounded by unidentified gunmen outside the Japanese police quarters in Gordon Road at 8.40 a.m. on Tuesday, died at the Fooming Hospital at 6.30 a.m. yesterday in spite of all efforts made by doctors to save his life.

Deceased was wounded three times, one of the bullets lodging in his spine. It was this bullet that cost him his life as no operation could be performed to extract it.

The late detective is survived by his wife and a three-year old daughter. Mrs. Haruko Yamaguchi was by her husband's side at the Fooming Hospital when he died. His parents, both residing in Japan, are expected in Shanghai, having taken a plane to get here for the funeral.

Burial arrangements, however, have not been made and the body of the late detective is at present in the Honoguku Temple in Chapoo Road.

Mr. Yamaguchi was 34 years old at the time of his death and had been with the Settlement police for more than thirteen years. He was considered an efficient worker and his death is deplored by all who came into close contact with him.

# $944,912 Damage is Caused by Fire

Damage to the extent of $894,342 was caused by fire in the Settlement during the month of August, according to the monthly report of the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade.

During the month under review 73 calls were received, 46 being fire alarms, 21 special emergency calls and six being false alarms.

Damage caused by fire in the special rated area was estimated at $50,570. Two lives were lost, and fifteen civilians and two members of the brigade staff were injured in fire outbreaks.

A total of 777 calls for emergency ambulance service was received during the month and 803 patients were conveyed to various hospitals.

# Mrs. Roosevelt's Memory Observed in Shanghai

Approximately 200 Shanghai American firms were closed yesterday afternoon as a token of respect to the memory of Mrs. Sarah Delano Roosevelt, mother of the President of the United States. At the same time, all American flags were hung at half-mast as a sign of mourning.

The closing of the firms followed a request by the American Chamber of Commerce. Offices will re-open for business today as usual, it was learned.

MR. Shigezo Tanaka, newly appointed Japanese Consul at Hangchow, invited a number of representatives of all circles in Hangchow to a cocktail party at the Lakeview Hotel on Monday evening, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

# War Said to Be Inevitable If U.S. Protects Supplies

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

In an editorial entitled "Blockade Penetration," the "Japan Times and Advertiser" this morning dwelt at length on the international principles involved in the Greer incident, predicting that if the United States continued to protect its transports carrying supplies to Britain it was difficult to see how an armed clash could be avoided.

The paper pointed out the Germany would consider herself "legally justified" in attacking American vessels in blockaded waters. It asserted that the new question which has been raised was one of "effective convoy as opposed to effective blockade."

Two principles, the "Times and Advertiser declared," were being given the test of war in the blockaded waters, first, the authority of a state to declare, as well as to make effective a blockade, by which the penetration of a blockaded zone could be rendered unlawful according to international laws and the usages of war, and second, the right of a neutral state to protect its shipping in an area blockaded by a combatant Power.

### Clash of Principles

"Both nations have proceeded to hold up their contentions by armed force. The Greer case is the opening incident in this clash of principles," the paper declared.

A forecast of President Roosevelt's radio speech due tomorrow night indicated that the American Navy was now ready to convoy American shipping to Iceland and Great Britain, the "Times and Advertiser" declared, adding that in effect this would be an attempt by the United States to abrogate international law, and by this means would constitute herself to be the arbiter of naval procedure."—Domei.

# Owen Lattimore Has Narrow Escape in Chungking

Chungking, Sept. 10.

As a result of a heavy downpour, which began on Sunday night and which was probably one of the worst in the city's history, there were several big landslides within the city limits damaging roads, demolishing many houses, causing some casualties and resulting in at least one fire.

Mr. Owen Lattimore, personal and political adviser to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek and Gen. Wu Te-cheng, Secretary-General of the Kuomintang, both had narrow escapes. A huge rock above their residences tumbled down the cliff, demolishing one building above them, killing one person and injuring several others on Monday night. The rock stopped just 100 yards from their houses.

The landslide blocked both sides of the road and closed garages holding up traffic. Mr. Lattimore had to climb over the rocks and wade through the mud in order to leave his house to attend the Generalissimo's dinner yesterday.

Huge signs were put up on many important road crossings warning the populace that bridges and road beds were washed out or damaged, thereby holding up both incoming and outgoing motor traffic.—Reuter.

# 1,000 at Anti-Jewish Rally in Japan

Tokyo, Sept. 9.

Approximately one thousand persons attended an anti-Jewish rally held here on Sunday afternoon under the auspices of the "Japanese anti-Espionage League," an organization encouraged by the Government.

Among those attending were representatives of various Japanese regions extending from Kyushu to the Hokkaido.

A resolution was adopted at the rally stating that Jewish aspirations towards world domination were absolutely incompatible with the spirit prevailing at the foundation of the Japanese Empire.

Mr. Eiji Shimomura, President of the Japanese Anti-Espionage League, who organized the meeting, delivered a speech in which he urged the Japanese people to study Jewish history in order to understand the need for an anti-Semitic policy.

Stressing that the meeting was the first of its kind to be held in Japan, Mr. Shimomura asserted that the anti-Semitic movement was not a temporary one but inaugurated a lasting action among the Japanese masses and middle classes to convince the nation that the best anti-Jewish defence is a return to the real Japanese spirit.—Havas Telemondial.

A LARGE hog-raising farm, covering fifteen acres, will be laid out on Chumen Road in Nantao by Mr. Kisaburo Hatanaka, head of the Great China Industrial Company, and Mr. Kantaro Nakayama, proprietor, of the Taiko Yoko, according to the "Shanghai Mainichi." For the projected farm, 200 Hampshire breed hogs, will be imported from Japan. Mr. Hatanaka had 30 years' experience in hog-raising at Long Beach, California.

# U.S. Warned on Japan's Manoeuvres

Chungking, Sept. 10.

A warning to the United States not to play into Japanese hands was sounded today by the "Ceneral Daily News," which declares: "In the winter of 1917 after the conclusion of the Lansing-Ishii agreement the Japanese deliberately misinterpreted the agreement, and at the same time, prior to the date of publication, secretly informed the Chinese Government at Peiping in an effort to create anti-American feeling among the Chinese.

"After the outbreak of the Mukden incident the Japanese Ambassador in Washington urged Col. Henry Stimson not to resort to extreme measures in order not to increase the difficulties of the Japanese Government in placing the Japanese military under control.

"The facts however proved that the Japanese were merely making use of the belief on the part of foreign powers, that if moderates in Japan are supported they are able to check the militarists, to secure gradual realization of their expansion programme.

"There is every reason to believe that Tokyo is once more resorting to the old tactics."—Reuter.

# Katagiri Appointed Chief Of Naval Air Force

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

Vice-Admiral Eikichi Katagiri has been appointed Chief of the Naval Air Force, it was officially announced today.

Vice-Admiral Katagiri arrived in Tokyo last week after serving in an "important post" attached to the Japanese Fleet in China water.

Hitherto, the position of Chief of the Naval Air Force was held concurrently by the Vice-Minister of Navy, Vice-Admiral Yorio Sawamoto. —Domei.

# Malay Coast Defence Area Extended

Singapore, Sept. 9.

The Malaya Government today extended the Malay coast defence area bordering on the China Sea to a point more than 200 miles north of Singapore, placing the entire eastern seaboard of Pahang under military control. The measure affects the mouths of the principal Malay rivers emptying into the China Sea, placing them under military control.—Domei.

# Japan Asked Not to Forget Objective of China War

Tokyo, Sept. 10.

Declaring that Japan should not forget her avowed objectives in the war in China—to free the peoples of Asia from the yoke and oppression of foreign nations—Mr. Yoshitaro Shimizu, "Hochi" commentator, today said, "While it is not for the people to ask about the contents of Prince Fumimaro Konoye's message to President Roosevelt, nevertheless, the entire nation hopes that the authorities will once again clarify the true meaning of the holy war."

Mr. Shimizu devoted the greater part of his front-page article to a discussion of the rise of United States economic imperialism, and the United States' search for new markets and new fields of exploitation.

He criticized the United States as a believer in the Nine-Power Treaty, which was representative of the old order treaties regarding the Far East, and in the Open Door for China, which was grossly unfair because of the United States' insistence of the Monroe Doctrine in her own hemisphere.

Mr. Shimizu warned that if the Open Door was practised in China, it would in reality lead to United States economic domination of China, because of the latter's overwhelming wealth "and this in turn will lead to the creation of a huge munitions industry in China, which no one can say will not be ever used against Japan by the latent forces of anti-Japanism."—Domei.


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# COMMERCE AND FINANCE

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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 3 5/16d. | $ 76.94 |
| U.S. $100 @ 5 7/16 | $1,882.85 |
| Guilders 97/8 | $100 |
| Rupees 1701/2 | 100 |
| Pesos 1085/8 | 100 |
| Hongkong $21 | 100 |

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 3 1/4 | $ 73.84 |
| U.S.$100 @ 5 7/16 | $1,839.08 |
| London—demand, $1= | 3 1/4d. |
| 4 months' sight credits | 3 5/8d. |
| 4 months' sight docts | 3 5/8d. |
| 6 months' sight credits | 3 5/8d. |
| 6 months' sight docts | 3 1/4d. |
| New York—demand, $100= | U.S. $5.7/8 |
| 4 months' sight credits | U.S. $5.7/8 |
| 4 months' sight docts | U.S. $5 1/2 |

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¾ U.S. $1=59.44d.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCEITY

Java Guilders Selling 97/8

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling Rate @ 93¾ per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 205 per H.H.$100

## Local Exchange Report

*Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson*

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

| Cash | SELLING | | BUYING | Sept. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| £ T.T. | 3 5/8 | 4 m/s. l.c. | 3¼ | |
| U.S.$ T.T. | 5 7/16 | 4 m/s. l.c. | 5 3/8 | |
| Rs. T.T. | 17½ | 15 d/s. | 17 5/8 | |

SILVER QUOTATIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| London pence per std. oz. | 23½ 23 7/16 |
| N.Y. cents per oz. troy | 34¾ — |

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

| | |
|---|---|
| New York closing rate for Sept. 9 | 4.03¾ |
| Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close | 4.02 * |
| Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close | 4.02 * |

*—Nominal.

## Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Sept. 9.

**London £ Sterling T. T. on:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 402.50 | Shanghai | 3 3/8d. |
| Madrid | 40.00 | Bombay | 1/6 |
| Berne | 17.30 | Hongkong | 1/3 1/2 |
| Bel. Congo | 176½ | Singapore | 2/4 1/16 |

**New York U.S.$ T. T. on:**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Spain | 9.25 N. | Brazil | 5.05 |
| Paris | 2.32 | Shanghai | 5.40/55* |
| S'zerland | 23.35 | Hongkong | 25.32 |
| Sweden | 23.85 | Hungary | 19.85 |
| Montreal | 89.625 | Manila | 49.85 N. |
| London | | | 4.03¾ |
| Buenos Aires, Paper | | | 29.78 |
| " " " market rate | | | 23.77 |
| Montreal on London | | | 4.50 1/8 |

N—Nominal *—Nom quoted —Reuter

## Foreign Money Rates

| London: | | Sept. 9. |
|---|---|---|
| Fine Bank Bills, | 3 mths. | 1 1/8%-1 1/4% |
| Bank Bills, | 6 mths. | 1 1/8%-1 1/4% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 3 mths. | 2½%-3% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 6 mths. | 3%-3 1/2% |
| Call Money | | 1% |
| **New York:** | | - |
| Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months | | 0 1/2%B 0 1/8%A |
| Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months | | 0 5/8%B 0 3/8%A |
| Call Money | | 1% |

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

## London Stocks

**Tuesday's Closing Quotations**

London, Sept. 9.

The London stock market closed firm today, being influenced favourably by the speech made by Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister.

The chief interest was again centered in British gilt edged securities and speculative Kaffirs, the latter on London and Cape support.

Industrials generally reached slightly higher levels, with tobaccos and breweries ruling firmer, rubbers turning slightly harder and oils presenting a fairly steady appearance.

Home rails eased, but foreign rails were featured by a further rise of San Paulo from 44 to 46.—Reuter.

| | Sept. 8 | 9 |
|---|---|---|
| U.K. LOANS | | |
| 3½% War Loan (Red.) | £106 | 106⅛ |
| 3% Defence Loan | 101⅜ | 101½ |
| CHINESE LOANS | | |
| 4½% Gold Loan, 1898 | 47 | 47 |
| 4½% Anglo-French Loan | 45 | 45 |
| 5% Crisp Loan, 1912 | 30½ | 30½ |
| 5% Reorg Loan, 1913 | 38 | 38 |
| 8% Stg. Notes, 1925 | 10 | 10 |
| 5% Honan Rly., 1905 | 14 | 14 |
| 5% Hukuang Rly., 1911 | 15 | 15 |
| 5% " " " (Ger. Is.) | 13 | " |
| 5% Lung Tsing U. Rly. | 13 | 13 |
| 5% S'hai-Nanking Rly. | 17 | 17 |
| 5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B. | 12½ | 12½ |
| 5% " " C. | 12½ | 12½ |
| 5% " " (Supl. Loan) B. | 12½ | 12½ |
| 5% " " (Supl. Loan) C. | 12½ | 12½ |
| 5% Canton-Kowloon Rly. | 13 | 13 |
| 5% Chinese Imp. Rly. | 57 | 57 |
| JAPANESE BONDS | | |
| 5% Sterling Loan, 1907 | 25½ | 25½ |
| 6% Sterling Loan, 1924 | 27¼ | 27 |
| BANKS AND INSURANCE | | |
| Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C. | 9¼ | 9¼ |
| H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.) | 77 | 77 |
| " " " (Col. Reg.) | 85 N | 84 N |
| Mercantile Bank of India | †11¼ | 11¼ |
| National Bank of India | 32 | 32 |
| Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton | 22 | 22 |
| COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS | | |
| Bristol Aeroplane | 10/9 | 10/9 |
| B'tish American Tobacco | 89/4½ | 90/7½ |
| Dunlop Rubber | 35/9 | 35/9 |
| Imp. Chem. Industries | 31/9 | 31/9 |
| United Steel | 23/7½ | 23/7½ |
| Woolworths | 57/6 | 57/6 |
| MINES | | |
| Chinese Eng. & Min. | 13/6 | 13/6 |
| Chosen Corp. | 4/- | 4/- |
| Marsman Investments | 6/3 | 6/3 |
| Pekin-Syndicate | 1/- | 1/- |
| Sub-Nigel | 143/9 | 143/9 |
| Western Holdings | 19/- | 19/- |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| Great Western Rly. | 40¾ | 40½ |
| Gula Kalumpong Rubber | 15/- | 15/- |
| London, Midland & Scot. | 15 | 14⅞ |
| S'hai Elec. Construction | 13/6 | 13/6 |
| S'hai Waterworks "A" | 15 | 15 |
| Shell Transport & Trad. | 51/10½ | 52/6 |

## Local Commodities

**Yesterday's Prices**

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash | $1,742 |
| Tungchow cotton .. per picul | 345 |
| Shanghai cotton .... per picul | 300 |
| Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78% | picul $7,500 Nom. |
| Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.) | $34.75 |
| Flour, imported " | 30.50 |

## July Rubber Output

| | lb. |
|---|---|
| The Permata Rubber Estate, Ltd. | 8,160 |

# Local Stocks Rule Firm In Active Market

After a steady opening, quotations of local shares advanced sharply yesterday, and in a bullish atmosphere over 900,000 shares were traded in, a sizeable turnover for a half-day session. Highlights of the day were Anglo Javas, Langkats, Kroewoek, Ewos, Explorations while the rest of the list followed suit.

The sudden jump of Java rubbers caught various operators unawares who had not expected such a heavy appreciation. Nobody could exactly say what there was behind the enthusiastic buying movement, and the usual explanations were offered. Thus it was maintained that Java rubbers had lagged behind in comparison to the upward trend of other counters, that the presence of large ample funds seeking for employment had chosen the stock market as a preliminary abode, that the Pacific situation had decidedly improved, and that the firmer attitude of the United States in the Atlantic was an indication of an impending or already concluded agreement with Japan.

There is no doubt that some of the proferred explanations circumscribe more or less accurately the present state of affairs or, at the least, how local traders and speculators interprete this state of affairs. With the bulk of speculative markets eliminated, the stock exchange by far and large is the only place nowadays where a man of means or without such may invest his money, gamble it away, or employ it more or less usefully for a short time.

As has been repeatedly pointed out, rates of earnings have not the last say in such a highly speculative market or make themselves felt only when prices have reached a height without any proportion at all to actual economic conditions. Then the pendulum swings back again, and certain people have become wiser.

For the time being, rates of earnings still hold around rather high levels, and from the investor's point of view many shares should prove to be attractive. This clear cut aspect, however is constantly being blurred by speculative activities on the side of those operators who go into the market and out of it in order to cash in on day to day fluctuations. This holds good of all stock markets, Shanghai being particular only in that speculative transactions from the bulk of all activities carried on by local traders and operators.—W.H.W.

## Shanghai Stocks

**Yesterday's Business**

The upward trend of the market at the close of the previous day was maintained yesterday, a steadp opening being followed by strong and active conditions, with the popular stocks leading the way. There was a revival of interest in rubbers, and in this section good advances were registered, with Anglo-Dutch, Anglo-Java, Langkat and Ziangbe outstanding.

**Official Averages**

| High | Low | | Yesterday's Averages | Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 466.70 | 105.32 | General | 334.66 | + 3.42 |
| 485 40 | 95.55 | Rubbers | 345.51 | +13.77 |

Total 996.800 shares, 2,300 bonds.

**Morning Session**

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| China Finance | 1000 | 1.60 | 1000 | *1.64 |
| Yangtsze Finance | | | 2000 | 21.25 |
| 3500 | 21.50 | 1000 | *21.50 | 2000 | 21.25 |
| 500 | 21.00 | 500 | *21.25 | 3000 | 21.50 |
| 4000 | 21.75 | 1500 | 21.50 | | |
| S'hai Loan | | 4000 | 23.00 | 500 | *23.00 |
| 3000 | *23.25 | 3500 | 23.25 | 6500 | 23.50 |
| 1500 | *23.50 | 1000 | 23.75 | | |
| I. I. Trust | | 1500 | 34.75 | 500 | 35.00 |
| 1000 | 35.25 | | | | |
| Central Prop. | | 700 | 22.50 | 100 | 22.75 |
| China Realty | | 1000 | 13.40 | 5500 | 13.50 |
| 3500 | 13.60 | 500 | *13.60 | 500 | 13.70 |
| 500 | *13.60 | | | | |
| S'hai Land | | 2000 | *22.50 | 14500 | 22.75 |
| 1000 | *22.75 | 500 | *23.00 | 1000 | *22.50 |
| 15500 | 22.75 | | | | |
| Dockyards | | 100 | 32.25 | 1700 | 32.00 |
| 300 | *32.00 | 1100 | 32.25 | 1400 | *32.50 |
| 10400 | 32.25 | 100 | *32.25 | 5900 | 32.50 |
| 4100 | 32.75 | 2100 | 32.50 | 100 | *32.50 |
| Asia Navigation | | 6000 | 13.50 | 500 | 13.60 |
| 4500 | *15.80 | 1000 | 15.80 | 30000 | 15.70 |
| 1500 | *15.60 | 6500 | 15.60 | 2000 | *15.50 |
| 1000 | 15.50 | 4000 | *15.70 | 12500 | 15.70 |
| 5500 | 15.60 | 5000 | *15.60 | 4500 | 15.70 |
| 6500 | 15.60 | 3500 | 15.70 | | |
| Ewo Brewery | | 1000 | 8.25 | 2500 | 8.30 |
| 12500 | 8.35 | 2000 | 8.30 | 8000 | 8.35 |
| 500 | *8.40 | 1500 | 8.40 | 2500 | 8.35 |
| Wheelock | | 400 | 106.00 | 500 | 106.50 |
| 1000 | 107.00 | 1500 | *107.00 | 4300 | 106.50 |
| 500 | *106.00 | 300 | *106.50 | 800 | 107.00 |
| 300 | *107.00 | 800 | 107.50 | 1500 | *108.00 |
| 800 | 108.50 | 400 | *108.50 | 1900 | 108.00 |
| 1600 | 107.50 | | | | |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | | 5200 | 44.25 | 600 | *44.25 |
| 1000 | *44.50 | 5100 | 44.00 | 400 | *44.00 |
| 1300 | 44.50 | 6200 | 44.25 | 3200 | 44.50 |
| 900 | *44.50 | 500 | 44.75 | 1400 | *44.75 |
| 100 | *44.50 | 200 | 44.50 | 4000 | 44.75 |
| China Cotton | | 4300 | 15.20 | 1500 | *15.20 |
| 7400 | 15.30 | 4300 | 15.40 | 2800 | *15.40 |
| 1500 | *15.20 | 8000 | 15.30 | 2200 | 15.40 |
| 1000 | *15.40 | 1000 | *15.50 | 6000 | 15.50 |
| 2000 | *15.60 | 6000 | 15.60 | 21300 | 15.70 |
| 5100 | 15.80 | 1200 | 15.90 | | |
| Textile | | 2000 | 9.65 | 500 | 9.70 |
| 2500 | 9.60 | 2000 | 9.65 | 1000 | 9.70 |
| 1500 | 9.65 | | | | |
| Worsted | | 5000 | 8.00 | 1000 | *8.00 |
| 6000 | 7.95 | 3500 | 7.90 | 500 | *7.95 |
| 500 | *7.85 | 12500 | 7.85 | 5600 | 7.90 |
| 500 | *7.85 | 12500 | 7.85 | 500 | 7.90 |
| 3500 | 7.95 | 1000 | *7.90 | 4500 | 7.90 |
| Tram (Bearer) | £1 | | | 1300 | 44.50 |
| 100 | 44.75 | 300 | 45.00 | | |
| Tram (Regd.) | £1 | | | 1000 | 40.00 |
| C. G. Omnibus | | 1400 | 19.20 | 100 | 19.10 |
| 100 | *19.20 | 600 | 19.20 | | |
| Telephone | | 200 | 34.00 | 500 | 34.25 |
| 100 | *34.50 | 1600 | 34.50 | 500 | 34.75 |
| S'hai Gas | | 200 | *17.10 | 800 | 17.00 |
| 200 | 17.20 | 300 | 17.10 | 800 | 17.20 |
| Paper | | 1500 | 6.40 | 10500 | 6.45 |
| 3000 | *6.45 | 2000 | *6.50 | 4000 | 6.45 |
| 2000 | 6.50 | 3000 | 6.40 | 3500 | *6.45 |
| 1500 | *6.40 | 2000 | 6.45 | 2000 | 6.40 |
| 5000 | *6.45 | 5000 | *6.40 | 3000 | 6.45 |
| 1000 | *6.45 | 10500 | 6.50 | 6000 | 6.60 |
| 500 | *6.60 | 500 | 6.65 | 5000 | 6.60 |
| 5000 | *6.65 | 8500 | *6.60 | 5000 | 6.65 |
| 5000 | 6.70 | | | | |
| Lumber | | 3400 | 74.00 | 700 | 74.50 |
| 400 | *74.00 | 3600 | 74.50 | 3400 | 75.00 |
| 100 | 75.50 | | | | |
| Metal | | 1500 | 36.00 | 3500 | 36.25 |
| 100 | *36.00 | 100 | *36.25 | 1400 | 36.25 |
| 1100 | *36.50 | 100 | 36.00 | 700 | 36.25 |
| 4500 | 36.50 | 200 | 36.75 | 200 | *36.75 |
| 2700 | 36.50 | 300 | *36.50 | | |
| Kaiping | | 700 | 46.00 | 100 | 47.00 |
| Exploration | | 4000 | 28.25 | 500 | *28.00 |
| 1500 | *28.50 | 500 | *28.25 | 11000 | 28.25 |
| 9000 | 28.50 | 4000 | 28.75 | 1000 | 28.50 |
| Anglo Dutch | | 100 | *20.25 | 1100 | 20.25 |
| 100 | 20.00 | 1300 | 20.50 | 300 | 20.75 |
| 1500 | 21.00 | 100 | 21.25 | 400 | *21.25 |
| 1700 | 21.00 | 2700 | 21.25 | 2000 | 21.50 |
| 1100 | 21.75 | 200 | *21.75 | 2800 | 22.00 |
| 1300 | 21.50 | 700 | *21.50 | | |
| Anglo Java | | 200 | 37.00 | 100 | *37.25 |
| 200 | 37.25 | 700 | 37.50 | 800 | 38.00 |
| 1200 | 38.25 | 600 | 38.50 | 1000 | *38.50 |
| 500 | 39.00 | 400 | 38.75 | 200 | *39.00 |
| 200 | 38.50 | 1000 | *38.50 | 2300 | 38.75 |
| 4000 | 39.00 | 200 | *39.00 | 400 | 39.25 |
| 200 | 39.50 | 1100 | 40.00 | 500 | 39.75 |
| 200 | 39.25 | 1000 | *39.25 | 100 | 39.00 |
| Batu Anam | | 5000 | 2.40 | 5000 | 2.35 |
| 1000 | *2.40 | 4000 | 2.40 | 1000 | 2.45 |
| Bute | | 3500 | 12.60 | 500 | *12.60 |
| Chemor | | 4000 | 3.20 | 2000 | *3.20 |
| 4000 | 3.25 | 1000 | 3.27½ | 1000 | 3.30 |
| 2000 | *3.30 | 2000 | 3.35 | 2000 | 3.30 |
| 1000 | 3.35 | | | | |
| Cheng | | 19000 | 1.42 | 3000 | *1.44 |
| 1000 | 1.42 | 1000 | 1.40 | | |
| Consolidated | | 2000 | 13.80 | 1500 | 13.90 |
| 500 | 13.80 | 1500 | 13.90 | | |
| Dominion | | | | 2500 | 16.00 |
| Java Consolidated | | | | 1000 | 4.70 |
| 2000 | 4.75 | 4000 | 4.85 | | |
| Kroewoek | | 2000 | 2.67½ | 3000 | 2.75 |
| 1000 | 2.80 | 2000 | 2.82½ | 4000 | 2.85 |
| 6000 | 2.87½ | 1000 | *2.87½ | 1000 | *2.90 |
| 9000 | 2.90 | 4000 | 2.95 | 6000 | 2.92½ |
| 3000 | 2.95 | 1000 | 2.92½ | | |
| Kota | | 1000 | 7.50 | 1000 | 7.60 |
| 1000 | 7.70 | 1000 | 7.80 | | |
| Langkat | | 300 | 24.00 | 100 | *24.25 |
| 700 | 24.25 | 2100 | 24.75 | 200 | *24.50 |
| 100 | 24.50 | 700 | 25.00 | 1300 | 25.25 |
| 800 | 25.50 | 700 | 25.75 | 2000 | 26.00 |
| 100 | *25.75 | 3700 | 26.00 | 900 | *26.00 |
| 3900 | 26.25 | 700 | 26.50 | 100 | *36.50 |
| 100 | 26.25 | 2600 | 26.50 | 1900 | 26.75 |
| 200 | *27.00 | 2700 | 27.00 | 2000 | 27.25 |
| 5900 | 27.50 | 2100 | 27.00 | 100 | *27.00 |
| 2600 | 27.25 | 1000 | *27.25 | | |
| Padang | | 3000 | 3.55 | 8000 | *3.55 |
| 6000 | 3.60 | 1000 | *3.60 | | |
| Repah | | 3000 | 2.00 | 2000 | 2.00½ |
| 10000 | 2.05 | 3000 | 2.07½ | 2000 | 2.10 |
| 3000 | 2.07½ | | | | |
| Rubber Trust | | 1500 | 16.80 | 500 | *16.80 |
| 2000 | 17.00 | | | | |
| Rubber Trust | | 1500 | 17.10 | 2500 | 17.30 |
| 2000 | 17.40 | 1000 | *17.50 | 1500 | 17.50 |
| 1000 | 17.40 | | | | |
| Kedah | | | | 1000 | 16.00 |
| Kelantan | | 7000 | 1.26 | 1000 | *1.28 |
| 7000 | 1.26 | 13000 | 1.23 | 10000 | 1.30 |
| Samagaga | | | | 9000 | *3.02½ |
| Sungala | | 500 | 11.30 | 1000 | 11.40 |
| Tanah Merah | | 5000 | 4.85 | 1000 | 4.90 |
| 1000 | 4.95 | 1000 | 5.00 | | |
| Tebong | | 10000 | 2.10 | 2000 | *2.15 |
| 9000 | 2.15 | 1000 | 2.17½ | 2000 | *2.12½ |
| 9000 | 2.12½ | 3000 | 2.15 | 4000 | 2.17½ |
| 1600 | *2.17½ | 1000 | *2.20 | 2000 | 2.22½ |
| 5000 | 2.20 | 1000 | 2.25 | 10000 | 2.17½ |
| 1000 | 2.20 | 10000 | 2.17½ | | |
| Ziangbe | | 1100 | 23.75 | 900 | 24.00 |
| 400 | 24.25 | 1100 | 24.75 | 500 | *25.00 |
| 1500 | 25.00 | 500 | *25.25 | 600 | 25.75 |
| 200 | 26.00 | 400 | 25.50 | 1000 | 25.25 |
| 500 | 25.50 | | | | |
| Cathay Land 6% | | 1930 | | 20000 | 100.00 |
| 15000 | *100.00 | | | | |
| Marden Debs. | | | | 5000 | 97.00 |
| S. M. C. 6% | | 1940 | | 10000 | 102.00 |

ODD LOTS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| China Cotton | | 30 | 15.10 | 80 | 15.20 |
| 45 | 15.20 | 40 | 15.20 | 50 | 15.30 |
| 30 | 15.30 | 50 | 15.40 | 60 | 15.40 |
| 50 | 15.60 | 50 | 15.70 | | |
| S'hai Gas | | 25 | 17.00 | 25 | 17.10 |
| Paper | | | | 100 | 6.40 |
| Exploratoion | | 200 | 28.00 | 200 | 28.75 |
| Rubber Trust | | | | 100 | *17.00 |
| I. I. Trust | | 100 | 34.50 | 350 | 34.25 |
| S'hai Loan | | | | 100 | 23.50 |
| Navigation | | | | 200 | 15.90 |
| Yangtsze Finance | | | | 100 | 21.25 |
| 200 | *20.75 | | | | |
| Worsted | | 400 | 7.80 | 265 | 7.85 |
| 110 | 7.90 | | | | |

*—Direct Business.
†—Outport Business.

**Active Local Stocks**

| | Tuesday Closing | Yester-day's Closing | Change in Per Cent |
|---|---|---|---|
| I.I.T | 34.75 | 35.25 | +1.4 |
| Shanghai Loans | 22.75 | 23.75 | +4.4 |
| Yangtsze Finance | 21.00 | 21.50 | +2.4 |
| China Realty | 13.20 | 13.60 | +3.0 |
| Shanghai Land | 22.50 | 22.75 | +1.1 |
| Dockyards | 31.75 | 32.50 | +2.4 |
| Wheelock | 105.50 | 107.50 | +1.9 |
| Ewo Beer | 8.25 | 8.35 | +1.2 |
| Ewo Cotton | 43.75 | 44.75 | +2.3 |
| Worsted | 7.90 | 7.90 | 0 |
| New China Cotton | 15.10 | 15.90 | +6.3 |
| Paper | 6.30 | 6.70 | +6.3 |
| Lumber | 73.50 | 75.50 | +2.7 |
| Metal Industries | 36.00 | 36.50 | +1.4 |
| Exploration | 28.00 | 28.50 | +1.8 |
| Anglo Java | 38.75 | 39.00 | +0.6 |
| Anglo Dutch | 19.90 | 21.50 | +8.0 |
| Kroewoek | 2.65 | 2.92½ | +10.4 |
| Langkat | 23.75 | 27.25 | +14.7 |

# U.S. Commodities

**Tuesday's Closing Quotations**

New York, Sept. 9.

The cotton market opened firm today, with quotations ruling from 8 to 15 points up. Trading was active and prices advanced further to new highs on active trade, Wall Street and commission house buying, the continued advance in commodities and the shortage of contracts as farmers seemed determined to withhold stocks for higher prices. At the day's tops, the market reacted partially on profit taking, southern and local selling and a less aggressive offtake. However, the market later once again forged ahead on renewed trade demand and covering to close steady, with quotations ranging from 21 to 26 points up from the previous final levels.

Firm conditions were again witnessed in the Chicago Wheat Pit, with prices appreciating on mill and speculative buying on Washington indications of a vast potential demand for pork and dairy products. Later, the market receded from the best levels of the day on technical profit taking and producer selling. At the final bell, gains of 1⅛ to 1¼ cents were recorded.

| New York Cotton | | N.Y. Sugar No. 3 | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Oct. | 17.96-96 +21 | July | 18.50-50 +23 |
| Dec. | 18.17-19 +26 | Jan. | 2.78-79 unc. |
| Jan. | 18.24 N. +25 | | B/A |
| Mar. | 18.38-39 +26 | Mar. | 2.78-80 —02 |
| May | 18.49-50 +26 | | B/A |

| N. Y. Sugar No. 4 | | Chicago Wheat | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. | 2.14-15 —3½ | Dec. | |
| | B/A | | |
| Mar. | 2.11½-12½ —5 | May | 124½-12¼ +1⅛ |
| | B/A | | 128½-128¾ +1¼ |
| May | 2.11½-12½ —6 | | |
| | B/A | | |

| Chicago Corn | | |
|---|---|---|
| Dec. | 85⅝-85½ | +½ |
| May | 90⅝-90⅜ | +½ |

B—Bld. A—Asked.—Reuter.

# British Commodities

**Tuesday's Closing Quotations**

London, Sept. 9.

**London Rubber:** Spot buyers 13⅜ unc; sellers 13¾ unc. Oct. del. buyers 13⅜ unc; sellers 13¾ unc.

**London Tin,** Standard, cash, buyers £257⅜ +¾; sellers £258, +¾. 3 mths del. buyers £260¼ +¼; sellers £260½ +¼.—Reuter.

# London Bullion

London, Sept. 9.

**London Gold:** Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce: 168/-, unchanged.

**London Silver:** The market ruled quiet. A very small trade demand was supplied by production selling.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 23½d. unc. |
| Forward | 23 7/16d. unc. |

—Reuter.

# N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Sept. 9.

The stock market was lower today on news of sinking of the American operated, Panamanian freighter Sessa off Iceland.

Prior to the sinking news, trading featured special issues, International Telephone accounted for a 10 per cent turnover of the total 870,000 shares turnover during todays' session. During the day an average of more than eight per cent. of 870,000 shares were traded. Demand was induced by a report that International Telephone was negotiating sale of some European properties to Spain. The company denied the report.

This was coupled with reports of loans to certain South American countries containing clauses which would free company funds now tied up.

Aircraft issues were hard hit by profit taking. Steels and other war issues were weak. Aircraft issues gave the market a lift the past two sessions but so far the demand has not spread to the type of stocks Wall Street likes to think are market leaders. Hence caution continued in financial circles.

Most analysts felt that the market was acting as though sold out and appeared unable to stand bad news. But recently it also has not shown ability to develop a broad, active rise.—United Press.

# New York Stocks

**Tuesday's Closing Quotations**

New York, Sept. 9.

Slightly easier conditions were witnessed on Well Street today, with Stock quotations mostly closing fractions lower on balance.

The market borrowed a slight speculative interest from commodities, which continued to be in the limelight. However, bidding was not insistent enough to promote more than fractional gains which predominated earlier in the day, with support partly attributed to the recurrence of inflationary talk. Subsequently, the market gave way on less favourable foreign news, with realizing erasing earlier advances and fractional losses were recorded in numerous shares.

Aircrafts and steels were whittled down narrowly below yesterday's closing levels, owing to profit-taking; motors, coppers, rubbers, chemicals and farm implements received light support; rails held steady; and, merchandisings and oils moved narrowly.

International Telephone and Telegraph touched new highs on rumours of negotiations being under way to sell another of its foreign properties.

The volume of business done totalled 870,000 shares.—Reuter.

**Dow-Jones Averages**

| | High | Low | Close | Changes |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 Indust | 128.38 | 127.16 | 127.43 | —0.06 |
| 20 Rails | 29.60 | 29.32 | 29.33 | —0.23 |
| 15 Utilit. | 18.91 | 18.67 | 18.68 | —0.15 |
| 40 Bonds | — | — | 90.30 | —0.14 |
| 11 Commod. | — | — | 83.63 | +0.50 |

| | Sept. 8 | 9 | | Sept. 8 | 9 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Exp | 7 | 7 | Int T & T | 2⅜ | 3¼ |
| Alleg Lud | 24½ | †23⅜ | John Man | 69 | 68 |
| Allis Chal | 29½ | 29½ | Kenn Cop | 37⅛ | 36½ |
| Amer Can | 82⅜ | 82⅝ | Lib O F | 31 | 31 |
| Am Cyan | 40⅛ | 40½ | Lock Air | 30⅝ | 29½ |
| Am For Pr | *0⅛ | 0⅛ | Loew's | 37⅛ | 37 |
| " $7 pfd | 26 | 24½ | Martin | 31½ | 30½ |
| Am Loco | *13⅛ | 13 | Mont War | 35⅛ | 35½ |
| Am Metal | 21⅛ | 20⅜ | Nat Avia | 10 | 10½ |
| Am Radtr | 6⅛ | 6⅛ | N C Bank | *26½ | *26½ |
| Am R Mill | 14½ | 14⅜ | Nat D Pro | 15 | 15 |
| Am S & R | 43⅜ | 42⅞ | Nat Dist | 24⅞ | 24⅛ |
| Am Sug | 20⅛ | 20 | Nat P & L | 4⅛ | 4⅛ |
| Am T & T | 155 | 155⅛ | Nat S of P | 6⅞ | 6⅞ |
| Am Tob | 71⅛ | 70⅜ | N Y Cent | 12½ | 12¼ |
| Am Wtwrk | 4½ | 4½ | Niagara | 2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| Anaconda | 28⅛ | 28⅛ | Nt A Avia | 16⅞ | 15½ |
| Atchison | 27⅛ | 26⅜ | N Am Co | 13⅜ | †12⅝ |
| Avition | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | Nthrn Pac | 7⅛ | 7 |
| Bald Loco | 15⅜ | 15 | Packard | 3 | 2⅞ |
| Balt & O | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | Pant Oil | 4⅛ | 4½ |
| Barn Oil | 9⅛ | 10 | Par Pcts | 15⅜ | 15½ |
| Bendiv | 38⅜ | 38⅜ | Penn R R | 23 | 23 |
| Beth St | 68½ | 67⅛ | Phil Pet | 45½ | 44⅜ |
| Bliss | 16⅞ | 16⅜ | Pull Inc | 27⅛ | 27⅛ |
| Boeing | 24⅛ | 23⅜ | Pure Oil | 9⅛ | 9⅛ |
| Borg War | 20⅜ | 20 | Radio | 4 | 4 |
| Briggs | 20½ | 20 | Reading | 15⅞ | *15½ |
| Budd Mfg | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | Rem Arm | *4⅛ | *4⅛ |
| Can Pac | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | Rep Avtn | 4⅞ | 4⅛ |
| Cel Corp | 26⅛ | 25¾ | Rep St | 20½ | †19⅜ |
| C N Bank | *30½ | *30 | Rey Tob | 32⅜ | 31⅜ |
| Ches & O | 37⅛ | 37⅛ | Schenley | 17⅛ | 16⅜ |
| Chrysler | 57⅜ | 56⅛ | Shell U O | 14⅛ | 14⅛ |
| Col G & E | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | Soc Vac | 9⅛ | 9⅛ |
| Col Cred | 24½ | 24½ | Sthrn Pac | 13⅜ | 13 |
| Com & Sou | 0.7/8 | 0⅛ | Sthrn Rly | 29½ | 28⅛ |
| Cons Edi | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | Spicer | *36⅜ | *36⅜ |
| Cons Oil | 5⅛ | 6 | St Brand | 5⅛ | 5⅛ |
| Cop St | 15 | 15 | St G & E | 17⅛ | 17⅛ |
| Curtiss | 10½ | 9⅛ | St O of N J | 42⅜ | 42⅛ |
| Dist Corp | 17½ | 17 | Studebak | 6⅜ | 6⅛ |
| Douglas | 76⅛ | 75 | Swift Int | 23 | 23 |
| Du Pont | 155⅜ | 155½ | Technicol | 9⅞ | 10 |
| E P Lead | 9½ | *9 | Tex Corp | 42½ | 42 |
| E A Lite | 28⅛ | 28½ | Trans | 4⅛ | 4⅛ |
| Elec B & S | 2⅛ | 2⅛ | Tw Cent | 9⅛ | 8⅜ |
| " $5 pfd | 61 | 60½ | Un B & P | 11 | 11 |
| " $6 pfd | 65½ | 63⅜ | Un Pac | 78⅜ | 79½ |
| E P & L | 33⅜ | 33⅜ | Un Air | 42⅜ | 41 |
| Flintkote | 14⅛ | 14⅜ | Un A Lines | 12⅜ | 12⅛ |
| Gen Elec | 32⅛ | 32 | Un Corp | 0⅛ | 0⅛ |
| Gen Motor | 39⅛ | 39 | " $3pfd | 23½ | 24 |
| Gen Rly | *14⅛ | 14⅜ | Un G Imp | 7⅛ | 7⅛ |
| Gen T&R | *12⅜ | 13 | U S Rub | 24½ | 25⅜ |
| Goodrich | 18⅜ | 18⅜ | U S Steel | 57⅛ | 56⅜ |
| Goodyear | 19⅜ | 19½ | Vanadium | 24⅜ | 24½ |
| Gt N I O | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | Vultee Air | 9½ | 9 |
| Gt N Rly | 25¾ | 24½ | Walworth | 5 | 4⅞ |
| Gt W Sug | 27 | 26½ | War Br Pc | 5⅜ | 5 |
| Int Nick | 28½ | 29⅛ | West Elec | 88½ | 88½ |
| Int P & P | 17⅜ | 17⅛ | Wood Ir | 26½ | 27 |

BONDS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am & F P | 67⅛ | 67⅛ | Erie | 30½ | 29⅜ |
| Aust Com | *72 | 74 | Int T & T | 49 | 50½ |
| Brazil | 23 | 23 | N E G & E | 67⅛ | 66⅛ |
| " 6½% | 18⅛ | 19½ | Sthrn Pac | 50⅝ | 49⅜ |
| C S P & L | 96⅜ | 96⅛ | St Gas & E | 85½ | 86 |

WEEKLY CLOSING STOCK

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alaska | 4⅛ | 4⅛ | Mack Trk | 30⅜ | 31 |
| Am Loco | 93⅜ | 91 | McK & R | 13⅜ | 13⅜ |
| Ass G & E | *1 | *1 | Mountain | *2⅛ | 2⅛ |
| Atl G | *40½ | 44½ | Nat Gyp | 6⅜ | 6⅜ |
| Atlantic | 21⅛ | 22⅜ | Nat Lead | 18½ | 19 |
| Atlas Corp | 6⅛ | 7 | N Y Chic | 45 | 42⅜ |
| Auburn | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | Pac G & E | 23 | 24½ |
| Barber | 10 | 11⅛ | Pan A Air | 17 | 17⅜ |
| Bath Iron | 20⅜ | 20⅜ | Pip Air | *6⅛ | 6⅛ |
| Bell Air | 3⅛ | 4 | Pitts C & I | *6 | 7 |
| Call Zinc | *0⅛ | 0⅛ | Pub Ser | 22⅜ | 21⅛ |
| Case | 79⅛ | 78⅛ | Ryan Aer | 4⅜ | 5⅛ |
| Clim Moly | 40⅛ | 42⅜ | Sears Roe | 73⅜ | 73⅛ |
| Cluett | 38⅛ | 39½ | Sthrn Rly | 18⅛ | 16⅞ |
| Col Sol | 11 | 10⅜ | Sperry | 37⅛ | 38⅛ |
| Cont Can | 36⅜ | 36⅛ | St O of C | 23⅜ | 23⅛ |
| Cont Oil | 24⅛ | 23⅜ | Stone & W | 7⅜ | 7⅜ |
| Corn Pro | 52⅛ | 52⅜ | Tex G Sul | 37⅛ | 37⅜ |
| " pfd | 176½ | *173½ | Thompson | 28⅜ | 29⅛ |
| Coty Inc | *4⅛ | 4⅛ | Tide As Oil | 10⅛ | 10 |
| Coty Int | *0⅛ | 0⅛ | Timken | 34⅜ | 33⅛ |
| Curtiss Wr | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | Tw City | 23 | 26 |
| Deere | 25⅛ | 25

## FROM DAY TO DAY

A GENERAL meeting of The King's Daughters' Society will be held on September 24, at 108 Route Ferguson at 5 p.m. Tea will be served at 4.30 p.m.

MR. A. H. Harvey of Shanghai has been admitted to membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers, London, as an associate member, A.M.I.E.E.

THE local Japanese Consular Police Forces will be augmented by 80 new constables who will arrive from Nagasaki in two groups, the first arrived yesterday and the second arriving tomorrow, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

MASS marriage ceremonies will be held at the Auditorium at Nanking on the Double Tenth, October 10, under the joint auspices of the Nanking Special Municipality and the Chinese Social Work Society, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reports.

THE speaker at the Rotary Club today will be Mr. William Yinson Lee of Hongkong, who is on a visit to Shanghai. His subject will be "China and the Philippines", and the meeting will take place at 12.15 p.m. in the rooms of the International Bridge Club at the Shanghai Racecourse.

CAPTAIN Shoichi Kamada, newly appointed chief of the press Bureau of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, and his predecessor, Commander Naoki Hazama left for Nanking on Monday in order to make formal calls on Japanese and Chinese military and civilian officials in that city, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

MR T. K. Tsutsumi, director of the Japanese Cotton Mill Owners Association in China, returned to Shanghai on Monday from Tokyo, where he conferred with the authorities concerned regarding cotton policies to be followed in the event of a total stoppage of foreign cotton imports the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

THE B.W.A. Sports section wish to announce that the tennis party and fun fair arranged for September 13, has been cancelled owing to inclement weather. The raffle of a camphor wood trunk arranged in connection with the fair will be drawn on September 24 and the winning number announced in the press.

A CHINESE woman was taken to St. Elizabeth's Hospital at 12.30 a.m. yesterday after she had made an attempt to commit suicide by swallowing a gold ring. She was picked up from her home in Chengtu Road, near Avenue Foch, by an S.F.B. emergency ambulance. It was believed that she had been driven to it by an unhappy love affair.

TOMORROW provides the admirers of "Whangpoo Showboat" with the opportunity of hearing another of their entertaining programmes from station XCDN. "Bund Baloney" is a burlesque of nonsense in which the ringleaders Steve Gavin, McIsaacs, Bill Howard and the Follies M.C.s, Noel and Kenneth, explore various night spots with unexpected results.

THE Central China Japanese Technical Experts Society, designed to increase industrial production, which was recently formed in Shanghai, will shortly open branch offices at Nanking, Hankow and other important Chinese cities, the "Tairiku Shimpo" reported. Members of the branch offices will compose of Japanese technical experts resident in each city.

THE Chungking University, established by the late General Liu Hsiang some years ago, which was dissolved by order of the Ministry of Education, following a student boycott of their new chancellor, will shortly resume operation, said General Chang Chun, Chairman of the Szechuen Provincial Government in Chungking on Tuesday, the "Shun Pao" reports.

THE tenth anniversary of the Manchurian Incident, which falls on September 18, will be appropriately observed by the Japanese Community in Shanghai, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported. On that date, the hoisting of the Rising Sun flag and the offering of silent prayers for the soldiers who sacrificed their lives in the incident, will take place at the Shanghai Shrine at 8.20 p.m., the hour of the first shot which started hostilities.

A MALE Chinese pedestrian was knocked down and slightly injured by a bus near the corner of Love Lane and Bubbling Well Road at 7.45 a.m. yesterday. He was removed to Paulun Hospital where he was found to be suffering from laceration of scalp. Half an hour later, another Chinese was knocked down by a lorry in the Hongkew district and was removed to the Shanghai Sanitarium Clinic in Range Road. He sustained laceration of head.

MR. Kenji Kodama, President of the Central China Development Company, arrived in Shanghai from Japan on Monday, and registered at the Broadway Mansions, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported. He will stay in China for about one month. Mr. Kodama is due to confer with Dr. Kumataro Honda, Japanese Ambassador at Nanking, regarding the further adjustment and greater unification of joint Sino-Japanese companies on the basis of closer Sino-Japanese co-operation.

THE majority of the natives of French Indo-China are in full sympathy with China's national resistance, as they realize that the emancipation of Indo-China depends on the final victory of China, said Mr. Chen Chao-Chi, a prominent Chinese from Indo-China, in a press interview in Chungking yesterday, the "Cheng Yien Pao" reports. There are over 500,000 Chinese in Indo-China, and about 80,000 of them are Indo-Chinese subjects, but nearly one half of the natives of Indo-China have consanguinous ties with the Chinese, he continued.

Mr. Carroll Alcott was a guest at yesterday's meeting of the Zero Club and was bidden a hearty farewell by all the members present. In introducing Mr. Alcott to the gathering, all of whom were well acquainted with him over the air, Mr. Arthur Piercy, the acting President, expressed the admiration with which Britons in Shanghai had followed Mr. Alcott's fearless defence of the cause of justice, from the war of 1937 to today. Mr. Alcott thanked the President for his remarks and the club for its hospitality. He is leaving Shanghai on holiday about September 15.

A ROBBER was arrested by two apprentices of a wood hong at 946 Ferry Road at 7.50 p.m., on Tuesday and was handed over to police, together with his pistol and seven rounds of ammunition. The gangster was a member of a gang of five, two of them armed, who had entered the hong where they intimidated the occupants. One woman, however, escaped unnoticed and shouted for help. The robbers took to flight without stealing a thing, but were pursued by the two apprentices and the woman. They caught up with one of them and handed him to police. The others got away, but it was expected that they would be arrested. The pistol, it was reported, had been carried to the scene of crime by a woman, who also acted as a lookout.

# *Churchill Delivers Cheering Review

(Continued from page 1)

needs. We are prepared to make sacrifices, prepared to increase that production, but I think you want a little word of warning to remember always the time lag in these things."

Mr. Winston Churchill's latest review of the war situation, delivered in the House of Commons yesterday, dealt extensively with operations of the Battle of the Atlantic. "The public," he said, "have derived the impression that things have gone much better in these two months. I cannot deny this is so.

"Improvement in sea war manifests itself in two directions," the Prime Minister continued: "Firstly, there is a very great falling off in the sinkings of British and Allied shipping, with a corresponding increase in the tonnage of invaluable cargoes safely landed on our shores. Estimates which I made at the beginning of the year of the volume of our imports for 1941 look as if they would not only be made good, but exceeded

### Enemy Shipping Losses

"The second improvement is the extraordinary rise during the last three months in the destruction of German and Italian shipping. This has been achieved very largely by the development of new and brilliant tactics by the Coastal Command and R.A.F. bombing squadrons. To the exploits of the Air Force must be added those of our submarines. The destruction of enemy shipping by both these forms of attack has been enormous. I may say—and I would like the House to pay attention to this statement, because it is really an extraordinary one for anyone to be able to make—the sinkings of British and Allied ships by enemy action in July and August added together do not amount to much more than one-third of the German and Italian tonnage which we have sunk by our aircraft and submarines

"How remarkable that statement is may be judged when we remember we present ten or twenty times the target to hostile attack upon the seas than is presented to us by enemy shipping. His ships make short voyages of daring across a narrow strip of water, or slinking along coasts from one defended port to another, under air protection, while we carry on a gigantic world-wide trade, with never less than 2,000 ships at sea, and never less than 400 in the danger zone."

### Tribute to Submarines

Paying tribute to British submarines, Mr. Churchill said: "There is no branch of His Majesty's forces which in this war has suffered the same proportion of fatal loss as our submarine service. It is the most dangerous of all services. During 1941, British submarines sunk, or seriously damaged, 17 enemy warships, some of which were U-boats. One hundred and five supply ships have fallen to their torpedoes. They average 15 ships monthly, or one ship every two days. They included a considerable number of laden troop transports and tankers, most of which were passing across the Mediterranean to keep alive the enemy's armies in Libya. Submarines of the Royal Netherlands Navy and Free French naval forces, operating in combination with our submarines, have contributed in the most gallant manner to these results.

### Britain's Silent Service

"We do not hear much about the mine menace now. Yet almost every night, 30 or 40 enemy aeroplanes are casting these destructive engines, with all their ingenious variations, at most likely spots to catch our shipping. The attack is now waged continually by the acoustic mine, as well as the magnetic mine, in many dangerous combinations. We do not hear much about all this now, because by the resources of British science and organization, it has been largely mastered. Twenty thousand men and a thousand ships toil ceaselessly with many strange varieties of apparatus to clear ports and channels every morning of the deadly deposits of the night. This service has been performed in all weathers and constantly under enemy attack. We hear little about it, because it is done secretly and in silence.

"Although there has been a very great improvement in our losses at sea in July and August, it would be very foolish to assume the grave dangers which threaten us are ended. The enemy has been employing a greater number of U-boats and a larger number of long-range aircraft than ever before, and we must expect further increases. We have made prodigious exertions, and our resources are continually growing, but the Admiralty staff, who have been working in perfect harmony with the R.A.F., would be the last to guarantee their continuance as a matter of course, and the slightest relaxation of vigilance of exertions and contrivance would be followed swiftly by very serious relapses.

### Nazi Fear of U.S. Patrols

"The Germans are very much hampered on American parts of the Atlantic, which are very extensive, by the fear of trouble with powerful American naval forces, which ceaselessly control the approaches to the Western hemisphere. This has been of help to us. I could wish it might be of greater help, but here again the enemy's tactics may change. No doubt Hitler would rather finish off Russia and then Britain before coming to close quarters with the United States. That would be in accord with his usual technique of one by one. Hitler has, however, also the greatest possible need to prevent precious munitions and supplies now streaming across the Atlantic, in pursuance of the policy of the United States Government, from reaching our shores. Should he do so, the area of danger zones will again become ocean-wide.

"In the meanwhile, let us hear no vain talk about the Battle of the Atlantic being won. We may be content with successes, which are the reward of patience and exertion, but war is inexhaustible in its surprises.

### Visit to Iceland

"With great pleasure on my homeward voyage, after the meeting with Mr. Roosevelt, I visited Iceland, where we were received with utmost cordiality by the Government and people, and where I had the honour of reviewing large numbers of strong British and United States forces, which no doubt for entirely different reasons, and in pursuance of separate duties, happened to be engaged jointly in defending this all-important island and stepping stone across the Atlantic from Nazi intrusion and attack. Very considerable British and United States air and naval forces are also assembled there, and in Newfoundland, and will play an ever-increasing part in the control of broad waters, and in the continual flow of the broadening stream of heavy bombers now acting against Germany night after night, which will play a decisive part, or one of the decisive parts, in the final victory.

### Relationship With Iraq

Our affairs have also prospered in the Eastern theatre of war. Our relations with Iraq are governed by a treaty of alliance, which in time of war or other emergency, accords to us wide powers for the purposes of defence to Iraqian and British interests," continued Mr. Churchill.

After reference to German infiltration and intrigue, and the flight of the pro-German Rashid Ali, Mr. Churchill said: "This move did not find us wholly unprepared. We had the right and duty to protect our communications through Iraq, and orders were immediately given to send to Basra an Indian division which had been held in readiness for this emergency. Hoping perhaps to secure from us recognition of his illegal regime, Rashid Ali even pretended to welcome the arrival of our troops.

### Scant German Help

Mr. Churchill traced the progress of operations in Iraq and said Rashid Ali appealed constantly to the Germans to fulfil their promises, but only 30 or 40 German aeroplanes arrived from Syria and endeavoured tentatively to instal themselves at Baghdad and in the north, at Mosul. There was an explanation of this German failure. A German parachute and air borne corps, which was doubtless to have operated in Iraq and would have been assisted on their journey across Syria by the Vichy French, had been largely exterminated in the Battle of Crete. Over 4,000 of these specialist troops were killed, and very large numbers of aircraft carriers were destroyed. This specialist corps was so mauled in ferocious fighting that although they forced us to evacuate Crete, they were in no condition for further operations.

"With the new Iraq Government, we have been able to return to the basis of friendly co-operation which we propose to follow. The treaty is now being loyally observed on both sides. There are still dangers in Iraq which require attention, but cause no major anxiety.

### Invasion of Syria

"The Germans' intrigue with the Vichy French in Syria had, in the meanwhile, been in full swing and the Vichy French Governor, Dentz, in a base and treacherous manner was striving his utmost to further German interests. We were ourselves hard-pressed. Our armies in Greece had been evacuated, having lost much equipment.

"Our western front in Cyrenaica had been beaten in by an incursion of General von Rommel's German African corps, and we had a revolt in Iraq to suppress. Nevertheless, we found it possible, in conjunction with the Free French, to invade Syria. The Free French battalion fought gallantly, in co-operation with our forces, which ultimately reached the equivalent of about four divisions. Australian and Indian troops distinguished themselves repeatedly in action. The occupation of Syria by the Army of the Nile carried with it the means of securing safety at Cyprus, and all this part of the Levant came into a far more satisfactory position. Our naval and air control over the eastern end of the Mediterranean became effective, and we obtained direct contact with our Turkish friends and control of the pipeline and other resources.

### No Ambitions in Syria

"We have no ambitions in Syria. We do not seek to replace or supplant France, or substitute British for French interest, in any part of Syria. We are only in Syria to win the war. However, I must make it clear that our policy, to which our Free French allies have subscribed, is that Syria shall be handed back to the Syrians, who will assume at the earliest possible moment, their independent sovereign rights. We do not propose that the process of creating an independent Syrian Government, or governments, shall wait until the end of the war. We contemplate constantly increasing Syria's share in the administration. There is no question of France maintaining the same position which she exercised in Syria before the war and which the French Government had realized must come to an end. On other hand, we recognize that among all European nations, the position of France in Syria is one of special privilege, and so far as any European countries have influence in Syria, that of France will be preeminent. We did not go to Syria to deprive France of her long historic position there, except in so far as is necessary to fulfil our obligations to the Syrian population.

There must be no question, even in wartime, of a mere substitution of Free French interests for Vichy French interests. I was asked a question about our relations with Iraq. They are special, and our relations with Egypt are special in the same way. I conceive France will have special arrangements with Syria. In dependence of Syria is a prime feature in our policy.

### Nazi Boasts Unfulfilled

"Meanwhile, on the eastern flank of the Army of the Nile, the Army struck two heavy blows at German and Italian forces which have recaptured Cyrenaica. These forces found themselves unable to advance upon Egypt, as had been foreseen, without destroying the stronghold of Tobruk, which was firmly held by Australian and British troops. Heavy attacks by our forces in the Western Desert in the middle of May and June, while they did not succeed as we hoped, in forcing the enemy to retreat, played a great part in bringing him to a standstill. All widely circulated German boasts that they woud be in Suez by the end of May have thus proved to be in vain. Powerful reinforcements have reached the Army of the Nile in the interval, and I feel considerable confidence that we shall be able to defend Egypt successfully from German invasion across the Western Desert.

### War in Russia

"Now I turn to a far wider field, the magnificent resistance of the Russian armies and the skilful manner in which their vast front is being withdrawn makes it certain that Hitler's hopes of a short war with Russia will be dispelled. Already, in three months, he has lost more German blood than was shed in any single year of the last war. Already, he faces the certainty of having to maintain his armies on the whole front, from the Arctic to the Black Sea, at the end of long and precarious lines of communication, through all the severity of the Russian winter, and with vigorous counter-strokes, which may be expected from the Russian army.

"From the moment when Russia was attacked, we have cast about for every means of giving the most speedy and effective help to our new ally. Discussions of military projects which have been examined would be harmful. Nor will it be possible to enter upon arguments on such questions. In field of supply, more can be said. I agree with Mr. Roosevelt upon the message which was sent to Stalin. The need is urgent and the scale is heavy. A considerable part of the munitions and iron and steel production of Russia has fallen into the enemy's hands. On the other hand, the Soviet disposes of from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 soldiers, for nearly all of whom they have equipment and arms

### Aid to Russia

"To enable the Russians to continue their resistance and to organize operation of their supplies will be the task of the Anglo-American and Russian conference. There has been no unavoidable delay in arranging for this conference, or in choosing the personnel of the British mission. Some people speak as though nothing was being done. Study of the whole problem has been ceaselessly proceeding in the United States and here, and we are awaiting the arrival of the American mission under Mr. Averill Harriman, which, I trust, will soon be here. Our mission will be headed by Lord Beaverbrook, who has already been in closest conference with President Roosevelt. Those whom Lord Beaverbrook takes with him will supplement those who are already there. The names are already selected and will be published in due course. It is obviously undesirable to announce the date the mission will start for the conference, but no time will be lost.

### Sacrifice For Russia

"Meanwhile," proceeded the Premier, "Many very important emergency decisions are being taken, and large supplies are on the way. We must be prepared for serious sacrifices in the munitions field to meet Russia's needs (Cheers). The greatest exertion will be required from all concerned in production, not only to help Russia, but to fill the gaps which must now be opened in our long-sought and at last arriving supply. Everything given to Russia is subtracted from what we are making ourselves, or in part at least from what would have been sent us by the United States. The flow of our own production in Britain and the Empire is still rising. It will reach full flood during the third year of war-time munitions production.

"If the United States are to fulfil the task they set themselves, very large installations will have to be established or converted and there will have to be further curtailment of civilian consumption over there, as they fully recognize. We may ourselves expect a definite reduction in military supplies from America on which we had counted, but within certain limits, we are prepared to accept those facts.

### Limiting Factors

"Other limiting factors like time, distance and geography, impose themselves upon us. There are limitations of transport and harbour facilities. Above all, there is the limitation of shipping. Only three routes are open—the Arctic by Archangel, which may be hampered by winter ice, the Far Eastern route via Vladivostok, which is scowled upon by the Japanese and operates over 7,000 miles of railway lines, and the route across Persia, which leads over a 500 miles stretch from the Persian Gulf into the great inland sea, the Caspian, upon which the Russians maintain a strong naval force, and which gives access to the very heart of Russia, namely the Volga basin.

"The Germans were, of course, busy in Persia with their usual tricks. German tourists, missions and diplomats were undermining the people and the Government, with the object of creating a fifth column which would dominate the Government of Teheran, and not only seize or destroy the oil fields, which are, of highest consequence but—a fact to which I attach extreme importance—to close the surest and shortest route whereby we could reach Russia. We thought it necessary, therefore, to ensure these machinations did not succeed. Accordingly we demanded from the Persian Government immediate expulsion of their Teutonic visitors.

### Control of Communications

"We must have the surrender into our hands of all Germans and Italians who are on the premises (cheers); we must have the expulsion of German and Italian legations, whose diplomatic status we, of course, respect. We must have the unquestioned control and maintenance of through communications from the warm water port of Basrah to the Caspian Sea (cheers). It is from this point particularly that American supplies can be carried into the centre of Russia in an everwidening flow—and British supplies as well.

"I have no doubt the House will approve of the somewhat drastic measures we thought it right to take to achieve those important objects (cheers) and the further measures we may have to take. The occupation of Persia enables us to join hands with the southern flank of the Russian army, and to bring into action there both military and air forces. It also serves an important British object in presenting a shield which should bar the eastward advance of the German invader. In this, the armies of India, whose military quality becomes shiningly apparent, will play an increasing part, and in so doing, will keep the scourge of war thousand of miles or more from the homes of the people of India.

### Vast Allied Front

"The Allied front now runs in an immense crescent from Spitsbergen in the Arctic to Tobruk in the Western Desert, and our section of this front will be held by British and Empire armies, with their growing strength fed and equipped by ocean-borne supplies from Britain, the United States, India and Australasia. "I am glad to say," continued Mr. Churchill, "that adequate naval power will be at hand both in the Atlantic and the Indian oceans to secure sea-routes against attack.

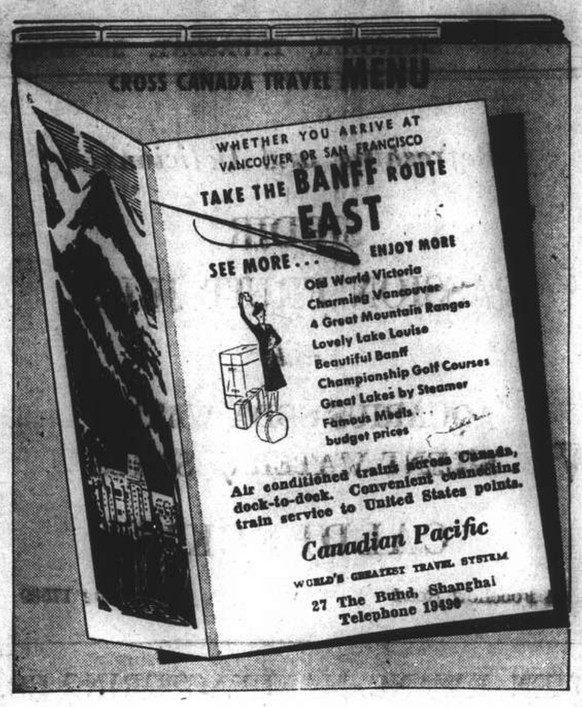
"If we now look back for a moment, we can measure the solid improvement in our position in the Middle East, or east, which has been achieved since the French suddenly fell out of the war and the Italians made haste so eagerly to come in against us. At that date, all we had in those parts was about 80,0000 or 100,000 men starved of munitions and equipment which had been sent to the French front—always first to claim the best we had. We had lost our means of safe communication through the Mediterranean, and almost all the main bases on which we relied. We were anxiously concerned for our defence of Nairobi and Khartoum, and above all, of the Nile Valley and Palestine, including the famous cities of Cairo and Jerusalem. None was safe, but, nevertheless, after a little more than a year we had managed to gather very large and well-equipped armies which already begin to approach the 750,000 mark and are supplied with masses of equipment of all kinds.

### List of Achievements

"We have developed an air force almost as large as we had in Britain when the war began, and it is rapidly expanding. We have conquered the whole Italian empire in Abyssinia and Eritrea, and killed or taken prisoner Italian armies of over 400,000 men, whereby these regions were defended. We have defended the frontiers of Egypt against a German and Italian attack. We have consolidated our position in Palestine and Iraq. We have taken effective control of Syria, and provided for the security of Cyprus. Finally, by a swift and vigorous campaign in Persia, we have joined hands with our Russian allies and stand in line to bar a further eastward progress of the enemy."

Drawing to his conclusion, Mr. Churchill said: "Whatever the future may contain, these are achievements which will earn the respect of history. Thus far have we travelled along the terrible road we chose at the call of duty. The mood of Britain is wisely and rightly averse from every form of premature exultation. This is not the time for boast or glowing prophesies, but there is this—a year ago our position looked forlorn and well-nigh desperate to all eyes but our own. Today, we may say, before an awestruck world: "We are still master of our fate. We are still captain of our soul." —Reuter.


TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

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### *Vessels Sailing*

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### *Men-of-War in Port*

| Name | Flag | Type | Berthed |
|---|---|---|---|
| Luizon | Am. | Gbt. | B.N.R. |
| Fran. Garnier | Fr. | Gbt. | K.R.D. |
| Eritrea | Ml. | Gr. | 20-21-B |
| E. Carlotto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B. |
| Lepanto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B. |

### *Yesterday's Arrivals*

| Name | From | Consignees |
|---|---|---|
| Antai | Hsinkong | Chung Hua |
| Valeureux | Fr. Cruise | — |
| Beryl | Fr. Cruise | — |
| Tsingtao M. | Dairen | D.K.K. |
| Asahi M. | Tsingtao | K.U.K. |
| Nagaseki M. | Japan | T.K.K. |
| Pres. Cleveland | Manila | A.P.L. |

### *Yesterday's Departures*

| Name | Flag | Despatcher |
|---|---|---|
| Katuura M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Tangyang M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Dairen M. | Jap. | D.K.K. |

CAMERAS

When a person wants to wander his first thought is to buy a camera; this is the way to capture the sights and thrills of his travels. In Shanghai there are novelties and sights that must be recorded and kept against that time when one leaves the East to settle in the home country. Consult our classified advertisement columns about buying a camera.


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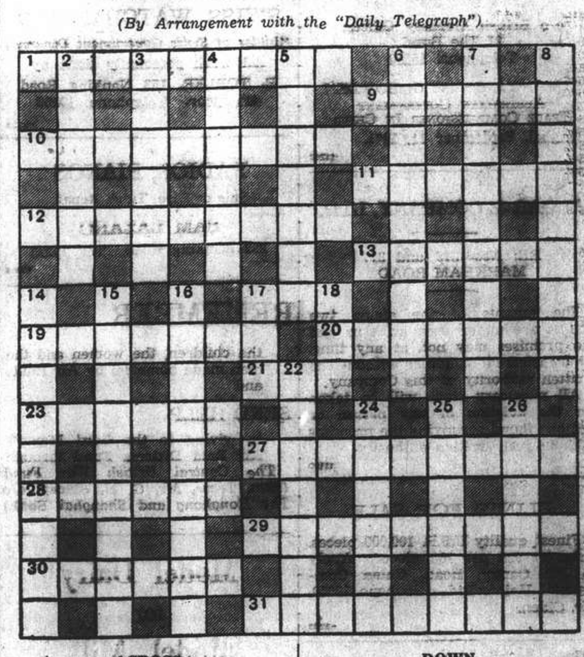
*Agents*
27 The Bund Telephone 15290


### *CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 596*

*(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")*



**ACROSS**

1 Another rush to make material for your paper (9)
9 The fate of some orientals (6)
10 As sure to find out (9)
11 A seat for one who likes a good row (6)
12 Horse with a fish head (9)
13 This man has the makings of an artful sailor (6)
17 A piece of the harness obviously (3)
19 River of S. America (7)
20 In time long past (two words—4,3)
21 Town of France (3)
23 African native (6)
27 It makes more gates (9)
28 In plenty (6)
29 Artist's accessory of importance to poultry keepers (two words—3, 6)
30 These lands are obviously not highlands (6)
31 It sounds as if prehistoric man might have used this peculiar leaf to sew his skins with (two words—3, 6)

**DOWN**

2 Pacific Island known for its peculiar antiquities (5)
3 "I do not much dislike the matter but the manner of his——" ("Antony and Cleopatra") (6)
4 The word for preference (6)
5 "A. I. Robin" (anag.) (7)
6 The top of the flood (two words—4, 5)
7 Unbiassed (9)
8 Not some official hall but a superior cabin (9)
14 Sad instruction to sorrow to depart (9)
15 Of no high standard in morals (9)
16 Part of Staffordshire snows an unusual creature to be put in pies (9)
17 The sort of snake ladies freely handle (3)
18 Strain (3)
22 "I aid war" (anag.) (7)
24 A popular singer (6)
25 Part of some agreement (6)
26 Spirit of modern progress (6)

Y'DAYS SOLUTION—ACROSS: 1, Faction; 5, Milksop; 9, Chiming; 10, Tenancy; 11, Open hatch; 12, Maize; 13, Yeast; 15, A poor shot; 17, Hip-pocket; 19, Horus; 22, Tonic; 23, Buffeting; 25, Ancient; 26, Apprise; 27, Hearten; 28, Delight. DOWN: 1, Factory; 2, Chimera; 3, Irish; 4, Night-hawk; 5, Match; 6, Long march; 7, Sunfish; 8, Payment; 14, Tool chest; 16, Out of hand; 17, Hot bath; 18, Fanacea; 20, Raiding; 21, Suggest; 23, Baton; 24, Expel.

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**TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES**

Cloudy and fine weather with freshening northerly winds over Shantung. Cyclonic circulation with rain over southern Korea and Kiusiu. Overcast to cloudy threatening drizzle and fresh northerly to easterly winds over our regions. Variable weather and winds along the coast to the south of the Saddles.

| | At Cathedral | At Siccawei |
|---|---|---|
| Temperature yesterday | min. 69.0 max. 82.5 | min. 68.9 max. 81.9 |
| „ same date last year | min. 68.0 max. 85.0 | min. 64.6 max. 85.5 |


# NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1941 (20th day of 7th moon)


**AIR AND OCEAN MAILS**

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Sept. 11, 4 p.m. registered and 5 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Sept. 11, 4 p.m. registered and 5 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Sept. 11, 14, 1941.

## LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS


*NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS*
Single copies 30 cents
Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $12
China, Korea and Japan ..... „ 16
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 55
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 104

*NORTH-CHINA HERALD*
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News
Single copies $2
Shanghai China and Japan..6 mos. $12
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 44
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald, Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

*Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the* NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

*To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.*


### BIRTH

WIDDOWSON.—On September 10, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. WIDDOWSON a son, William Antony.

### TO-DAY'S EVENTS

SEPTEMBER

11 Rotary, International Bridge Club, 304 Mohawk Road, 2nd fl. 12.15.
*11 89 raiders shot down over London; time bomb exploded in Buckingham Palace.*

### COMING EVENTS

SEPTEMBER

13 S'hai Cricket Club, Cinema Show, 9.30.
13 B.W.A. Fun Fair and Tennis Tournament, in aid Red Cross, Cathedral Girls' School, 3.
17 B.U.S.C. Open Meeting, Dr. J. Marin, 'Foot-binding in China,' Henry Lester Institute, 1320 Avenue Road, 5.45.
20 Final Wood Trophy Match, S.C.C.
21 Final Wood Trophy Match, S.C.C.

OCTOBER

3 B.W.A. Jumble Sale, 9.30 a.m.
9 P.T.H.O.G.A. Reunion 8A Tifeng Rd, 6
9 K.D.S. Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30.

### THE SHANGHAI AND HONGKEW WHARF CO., LTD.

*(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors has this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending December 31, 1941 of Twelve Dollars Local Currency per Share to be paid to Shareholders on the register of the Company on September 17, 1941.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 11 to September 17, 1941 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
*General Agents.*

Shanghai, August 25, 1941.

10951

### NOTICE

Beginning September 15, 1941, the members of the American Workroom will meet afternoons instead of mornings, at the American Women's Club, 2 o'clock.

11257

### NOTICE

As from to-day, official or business communications for me should be addressed to:—

c/o British Embassy Offices,
27 The Bund
Telephone: 15650

V. G. BOWDEN
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN CHINA

Shanghai, September 11, 1941.

11268

### ALGAR & COMPANY, LTD.

RE: Nos. 313 and 317 MARKHAM ROAD

The tenants of the above two houses are under lease with us and the premises may not, at any time, be transferred or sublet without the written authority of this Company.

All necessary steps will be taken for the eviction of any person or persons found occupying the premises without such written authority.

11180

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A MISSIONARY

tells of how a Babu contrasted the earlier and later stages of man's life. "In life's morning", said the Indian, "we sow our seeds; in life's evening we cut our corns." The seeds of financial security are sown when your person is insured against Accident and your property against the many perils for which cover is available.

V V

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### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees are hereby notified that henceforward and until further notice, all Wharf Company's "Receiving, Storing and Delivering" charges and extra surcharge thereon on all cargo landed from this Company's vessels shall be borne by the importers.

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SHELL FILLING STATIONS

All night service will be discontinued as from to-day. All Stations will close at 8 p.m. until further notice.

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11259


## WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

| Meteorological Reports | Sept. 9 16.00 | Sept. 9 21.00 | Sept. 10 4.00 | Sept. 10 9.00 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer (inches) | 29.76 | 29.79 | 29.81 | 29.88 |
| at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.) | —0.15 | —0.15 | —0.07 | 0.00 |
| at 32 F. ( „ „ 12 hrs.) | —0.12 | —0.09 | —0.05 | —0.09 |
| Wind (direction) | WSW | W | WNW | NNW |
| „ (miles per hour) | 10.6 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 5.0 |
| Temperature (Fahr.) | 81.1° | 74.5° | 68.2° | 73.8° |
| Humidity (per cent) | 86 | 100 | 98 | 88 |
| Nebulosity (0 to 10) | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Rainfall (inches) | 0.01 | — | — | — |

| Siccawei Abridged Report Sept. 9 | Mean 1941 | 24 hrs. variation | 68 years average |
|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer (mean 4 obs.) | 29.83 | —0.10 | 29.82 |
| Temperature: min. 70 5° max. 84.4° | 77.4° | +3.4° | 75.4° |
| Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches) | 52.48 | 0.18 | 35.18 |

| Time and Tide | 11/9 | 12/9 | 13/9 | 14/9 | 15/9 | 16/9 | 17/9 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sun rises at Shanghai | 5.35 | 5.36 | 5.36 | 5.37 | 5.38 | 5.38 | 5.39 |
| Sun sets at Shanghai | 18.06 | 18.05 | 18.04 | 18.03 | 18.01 | 18.00 | 17.58 |
| Moon rises at Shanghai | 21.29 | 22.09 | 22.53 | 23.40 | — | 0.30 | 1.24 |
| Moon sets at Shanghai | 10.16 | 11.07 | 11.58 | 12.48 | 13.38 | 14.25 | 15.11 |
| Flood makes Shai. (day) | 13.00 | 13.45 | 14.34 | 15.35 | 17.00 | 5.35 | 7.00 |
| Ebb. makes Shai. (day) | 6.00 | 6.28 | 7.09 | 7.44 | 9.00 | 10.50 | 13.08 |
| H.W. W'sung Bar (day) | 14.48 | 15.31 | 16.22 | 17.30 | 6.14 | 8.20 | 9.28 |
| Ht. above LLW. (feet) | 10.30 | 5.80 | 7.30 | 6.50 | 6.65 | 6.60 | 7.70 |

### THE WEATHER

*(See top of page, left)*

State on the morning of the 9th:—High and steady pressure over China and Japan. Low area or typhoon to the north of Yap moving west-north-westward. Fresh northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy weather is China with showers in the Yangtze Valley.

State on the morning of the 10th:—Overcast and damp weather. North-westerly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

### TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 6 a.m., within 120 miles of latitude 14, longitude 132, slowly west-north-west, intensity unknown.

N.B. The service of the time ball giving midday time will commence from today.—Siccawei Observatory.

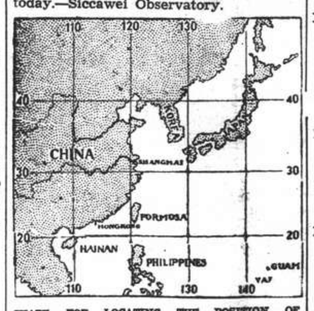


CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYTYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

### POST OFFICE NOTICES

*(See top of page, right)*

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

THURSDAY, September 11. *Reg.* *Ord.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki | *20.00 | 7.15 |
| Ninghsien (Ningpo) | 11.00 | 11.30 |
| Hongkong and Canton | 14.30 | 15.00 |
| Australia New Zealand | A 16.00 | 17.00 |
| Hongkong and Canton | 16.30 | 17.00 |
| Honolulu U.S.A., Canada and Europe via Pacific | B 16.30 | 18.30 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| U.S.S.R. via Siberia | 18.30 | 20.00 |

FRIDAY, September 12.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Tsingtao and Dairen | *20.00 | 7.15 |
| Hongkong and Canton | x*20.00 | 8.00 |
| Shenkiamen and Tinghai | 9.30 | 10.00 |
| Indo-China | C 15.30. | 16.00 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |

SATURDAY, September 13.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki | *20.00 | 7.15 |
| Weihaiwei and Tientsin | *20.00 | 8.00 |
| Ninghsien (Ningpo) | x 10.30 | 11.00 |
| Hongkong and Canton | 11.30 | 12.00 |
| Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Nantung | 18.30 | 19.00 |
| Swatow | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Amoy and Fukien Province via Amoy | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Hunan West Hupeh Kwangtung Kwangsi Yunnan and Kweichow via Amoy | 19.30 | 20.00 |

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for S.S. and F.M.S., closes at 12.00 on 11th.
B Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 11th.
C Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 12.00 on 12th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.

**Domestic Air Mail**

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow, per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaiwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

*Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.*

**Ministering Children's League**

IN MEMORY OF WILLIAM E. HAYES
Stella and Cliff ..... $30

**Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund**

Mrs. Eric Clarke ..... $20

**Portuguese Benevolent Society**

IN MEMORY OF SYLVIRA A. BASTO DA SILVA
Associacao das Senhoras Portuguesas $10
Morgado, Miss Esmalia ..... 5
Britto, Mr/Mrs. A. M. ..... 10
Silva, da J. Marques, (Macao) .... 5
Leitao, Mr/Mrs. Alvaro ..... 5


*Ideal for Golf . . .*

Dunlop 'Grads' and 'Gabs'

WEATHERPROOF SPORTS TROUSERS

*Available in All Fittings*

*'GRADS'*—In a fine Mid-Grey English Worsted Flannel
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WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.


## Positions Vacant

*Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.*

WANTED, educated foreigner as office assistant and experienced in book-keeping. Preference will be given to one with good knowledge of languages. Reply giving fullest particulars of qualifications, past experience and salary expected to Box 1999, NCDN. 11265

WANTED immediately lady stenotypist. Apply Room 116 Embankment Building, North Soochow Road. -3202

APPLICATIONS invited for foreign male assistant, with secretarial experience. Age 30 to 35. Address Box 1968, NCDN. 11249

IMMEDIATE position open for well-educated Chinese lady stenographer in booking office of respectable British firm. Must be well-conversant with English language. Apply to Box 1970, NCDN. 11245

WANTED, Japanese subjects under 30 years of age, fluent command of English, preferably graduated college in America or England. State full qualifications with references. Address Box 1938, NCDN. -3196

## Business Opportunities

INVENTOR of novelties and useful articles, seeks financier. Box 1960, NCDN. -3212

## Motor Cars and Cycles

1935/6 Austin Seven saloon, 35-40 m.p.g. Recently re-ducoed and overhauled. Always owner-driven. Fully insured till March. US$600. No dealers. O'Connell, 15349. 11260

CHEAP sale. Ford 1932 perfect condition, US$325; Marmon 1932, excellent condition, US$300; Chrysler 1932 touring, new tyres and good running condition, US$275. Telephone 31936. -3271

FOR SALE, Lincoln Zephyr, 1941 and Mercury Eight 1941. Never used. On view 11 Darroch Road. No brokers. What offer? Reply Post Office Box 224. -3264

AMERICAN coupe de luxe, completely overhauled, as new, economical, owner leaving. Real bargain. $5,000. Box 2000, NCDN. 11266

1934 STUDEBAKER sedan in A1 condition. Always owner-driven, low mileage. US$430 or nearest. Telephone 11099 office hours, McDonald. -3258

OPEL 1933 convertible cabriolet, excellent condition, 22 m.p.g., for sale. Schwarz, c/o Ka Foong Tire Company. 425 Avenue Foch. -3236

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11091

PACKARD 1939 de luxe, small six-cylinder, four-door sedan, perfect shape and condition, always owner driven. Built-in radio, gear-shifter on steering column, US$1,600 or nearest offer (or equivalent in local currency). Owner leaving with next boat. For demonstration reply to Box 1959, NCDN. -3210

FORD V8 1939 four-door sedan, excellent condition, five new tyres, price cheap. Telephone 79448, 12-2. -3206

1933 Standard sedan, 6-cylinder; 1934 Singer sports, 28 miles per gallon; 1937 Topolino Fiat; 1937 Pontiac sedan with radio; only 10,000 miles. Telephone 14847, office hours. 11224

FORD V8 sedan, 1934 model, with radio. Owner-driven, US$350. Address Box 1951, NCDN. 11235

FOR SALE, one Hillman Minx 4-door saloon, 1935 model, recently overhauled and in first-class condition. Mileage 22 per gallon. For particulars apply to Box 1947, NCDN. 11231

## Boats

FOR SALE, motor house-boat, built 1933. Length 55 feet, beam 11 feet. Speed 9 knots, nett tonnage 33.79. Hull, teak. Two anchors, 60 fthm.-Chain. Diesel engine, built by H. Widdop & Co., 4 cylinders. Galley with oil stove and refrigerator, two large state rooms and dining saloon, two baths, large upper sun-deck. Address Box 1964, NCDN. -3221

## Miscellaneous

JAPANESE legal adviser offers his services to nationals (companies or individuals) of any country for the conduct of affairs and safeguard of interests. Secretary Terui, 673 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17289, 19351. -10939

MAUSER bullets: the E-W brand of bullet-proof vests will stop the Mauser bullets. V stands for vest. The E-W vest is guaranteed bullet-proof. Telephone 22273. -1780

## Lost

LOST during removal from Bubbling Well to Haig, October 1940, handbag containing passport. Hereby declared null and void. Halpern, 129/22 Haig. -3278

LOST, one chop named "Yee Kee" (裕記) character style carved known as Tsuan Ven, size square, registered with Messrs. G. E. Marden & Co., Ltd., authorizing delivery of goods under godown warrant No. Gr-513, GR-522, is hereby declared void and null. -3256

## Dancing

DANCING—the social necessity Rhythm. Deportment. For correct tuition apply to Mme Rena, 261 Gordon Road. -3791

## Positions Wanted

*Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.50.*

MARINE engineer, British ex-service man. Many years' experience in machine shop, sugar refining, textile mills, first-class hotel resident engineer. Seeks any position. Salvation Army Social Bureau, Sassoon House, telephone 13113. 11264

EXPERIENCED Chinese seeks position as stenotypist or any capacity. Good references. Box 1994, NCDN. -3261

BRITISH subject, aged 35, desires change position. Experienced general office work. Advertising, correspondence, teaching, promotion public relations, knowledge Chinese, French, German. No objection to outport. Box 1991, NCDN. -3234

YOUNG lady secretary desires better position in well-established firm. Starting salary $900. Box 1993, NCDN. -3257

EXPERIENCED Chinese young lady steno-typist, college graduate, with knowledge of bookkeeping, seeks immediate position, moderate salary. Box 1978, NCDN. -3238

INTELLIGENT Chinese, aged 18, desires junior position. Knowledge typewriting. Salary $150. Box 1941, NCDN. -3172

GOVERNESS seeks position. Speaks English. 713 Avenue Joffre, V. V. -3120

FOREIGN junior mechanical engineer, 20 years old, best references, seeks position. Box 1793, NCDN. -2940

## Cameras

BLISS film-service: cameras—projectors exchange. Orders taken of movies of weddings, families, children, Shanghai scenes. Titles, copies, enlargements. 465 Bubbling Well, telephone 38557. -3289

AM prompt buyer for Leica, Contax, other good camera. No fancy prices. Box 1983, NCDN. -3249

BARGAIN: Contaflex $3,400; Leica IIIA 1.2; Cine Exakta Tessar 2.8. Leaving next week. Box 1985, NCDN. -3247

EXPORTER urgently wants cameras of any make. Payment in USA currency. Box 1569, NCDN -2561

## Chinese Servants

WANTED, recommended, experienced cook-boy (old type preferred) or cook-wash amah. Box 1990, NCDN. -3252

CAN anyone recommend a good cook-boy with wife who will look after baby, wash, iron, sew and be generally useful in the house? Room provided. Please state salary, etc. to Box 1981, NCDN. -11239

WANTED reliable and clean baby/wash-amah with references. Room provided. Reply Box 1987, NCDN. -3248

34097 Reliance Employment Agency. 1082 Avenue Road. Trustworthy household servants only. Individual, quick service. -3077

73148. Central Employment Agency. British, Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. -2969

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -2990

## Radios

DIAL 51140 for accurate radio repairs and antenna installations. "Radio Expert" 131/438 Museum Road. -2767

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 11079

WANTED urgently: new or used, if in good working condition, high-quality communication radio receivers. Address Box 1937, NCDN. -3160

WANTED to buy, RCA transmitting/receiving tubes, communication/broadcasting receivers, transformers, generators, converters, parts new/used. Address Box 1889, NCDN. -3089

## Personal

ATTRACTIVE, serious lady, mid-twenty, some funds, desires acquaintance of kindred gentleman with possible view to matrimony. Box 1967, NCDN. -3230

SERIOUS young gentleman, Scandinavian, 25 years, wishes to meet rich lady between 40-80 years, for marriage. Address Box 1928. NCDN. -3159

ROXY Theatre. Would young Chinese lady attending Monday 2.30 performance, wearing blue dress, afterwards visiting Chocolate Shop, please communicate with admirer. Box 1953, NCDN. -3197

## Clothing and Fabrics

BEDSHEETS, best imported grades, in all sizes. Table cloths, napkins and household linen in best European pure linen quality. Box 1927 NCDN. -3182

SHIRTS correctly made to measure at reasonable prices. Autumn shirtings just unpacked. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11118

## Offices, Shops, Godowns

GOOD office, central location, moderate terms. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. 3274

GODOWN to let, about 3,600 square feet. Ground floor, Broadway district. Apply Box 1957, NCDN. -3208

## For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE. Black kid, land otter, grey kid fur-coats. One skunk jacket; gentleman's wardrobe, new large cupboard with shelves, dog-kennels. Telephone 75527. 11261

LIVING-ROOM set, dining-room set, bedroom set, babies' beds, kitchenware and dishes. Call morning 9 to 12. Telephone 73967. -3270

COMPLETE set of schoolbooks, four upper public school. Apply Saturday, 4-6 p.m. 812 East Seward Road. 11263

ONE Leitz and one Himmler microscopes for sale. To be seen in office hours 2 Peking Road, Room 105. -3273

WANTED to exchange medium small house for larger house with garden, French Concession, rental basis. Box 2002, NCDN. -3277

BINOCULARS (German) 8 x 30, brand-new. Bargain. 250 Nanking Road, Rarities. -3276

FOR SALE, piano Strauss, in good condition, excellent tone. Telephone 71826, from 2 p.m. -3263

DURFERRIT saltbath furnace, oil burning, with 1,400 kg. casehardening salt. Address Post Office Box 656. -3250

KAPOC for sale, from Saigon, of first-grade quality. Address Box 1861, NCDN, stating quantity required and price offered. -3262

QUALIFIED lady secretary stenographer (British nationality). Reliable, speedy. Capable voluminous work. Box 1697, NCDN. -3237

TWO antique oil pictures, about 200 years old, by well known European painter. For connoisseurs only. Box 1976, NCDN. -3240

BEDROOM suite, almost new and in very good condition. Best offer. Box 1988, NCDN. -3249

PERSIAN carpet (Tabris), 7½ x 10½, beautiful colours, in perfect condition. Rarities, 250 Nanking Road. -3280

"PHANTASIES on Beethoven's Symphonies" etchings by Arthur Paunzen 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -3216

SECONDHAND furniture, refrigerators, ice-boxes, household effects, bought/sold at best prices. G. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat. Telephone 73597. -2643

DOLLS, toys, exclusive nice selection. Broken dolls repaired, renovated perfectly. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -2799

GORGEOUS paintings, finest porcelain, crystalware, sets, bronces, vestibule carpets, antique time pieces, miniatures. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -2799

FOR SALE, ferro chrome, 60 per cent and 65 per cent, 1,000 lb. Box 1958, NCDN. -3209

DINING-ROOM suite, 8 pieces, $800. Couch $500, good condition. Telephone 22008 between 2 and 5 p.m. -3211

ONE General Electric refrigerator, perfect working condition, US$175. Box 1929, NCDN. -3184

BEDROOM furniture, ten pieces. Bed-sofa three cushions. Two Chinese carved chest of drawers. Glass topped table. Best offer. Box 1930, NCDN. -3184

TEN tons Almaciga Copal gum for sale at US$200 or nearest offer, per ton, cif. ex-wharf godown, Hongkew. Please Telephone 14865. -3177

## Wanted to Rent

WANTED, small window in shop in downtown area. Address Box 2003, NCDN. 11267

WANTED, furnished room with bathroom, kitchenette. Nanking Road/Bund district. Box 1997, NCDN. -3266

NANKING-Bubbling Well, not further than Majestic. Apartment, urgently wanted three/six-roomed flat. Telephone 79611. -3251

MODERN, completely furnished, three-five-roomed apartment required for three to six months by a responsible neutral. Full details, including price to Box 1955, NCDN. 11239

RESPONSIBLE party of Allied nationality, would like to take over for 6 months or longer, apartment during owner's absence. Box 1972, NCDN. -3223

ONE/two-roomed flat for two persons. Box 1973, NCDN. -3233

REQUIRED by bachelor just returned from leave, two or three-roomed modern flat, preferably furnished, in down-town district, south of Soochow Creek. Quiet locality essential. Reply stating terms to Box 1952, NCDN. 11235

REQUIRED immediately, two or three-roomed flat, all modern conveniences, furnished or unfurnished, not further west than Settlement, St. George's. Concession, Roi Albert. Particulars to Box 1453, NCDN. -2948

WANTED two-three room apartment by responsible party. Willing to take over furniture. Box 1875, NCDN. -3091

## Unfurnished Apartments

ONE, two, three-roomed apartment, under construction, Settlement. Beautiful three, four-roomed apartment, Concession. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -3274

SEVEN-ROOMED apartment with two bathrooms. Large roof-garden, first-class apartment-building. Concession. $1,600. Premium $20,000. Box 1995, NCDN. -3205

FOUR-ROOMED apartment with two bathrooms, two verandahs, Concession. No key-money. Shanghai Realty Co., 110/52 Szechuen Road. -2164

TO LET, compact two-roomed apartment, garden, private entrance, screened throughout. No brokers. Box 1965, NCDN. 11242

## Unfurnished Houses

WANTED to rent, large residence, French Concession with grounds, suitable for high-class private British school. Box 2001, NCDN. -3277

## Beauty Culture, etc.

*Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.*

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -2996

## Foreign Craftsmen

BOOKS, albums, documents, etc., rebound. Astra Book Binding, 133 Route Say Zoong, Apartment 28. Telephones 74113, 76434. -2905

## Educational

LANGUAGE teacher, Ph.D., qualified philologue and experienced lecturer, teaches English, French and German. Please address Box 1932, NCDN. -3160

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A., Educational Classes: Chinese (Mandarin and Shanghai dialect), English, French, Japanese, German, Spanish, Greek, radio operators and technical courses, starting September 15. Apply Educational Office, telephone 92250. 11225

LEARN German: German lessons, grammar and conversation, given by Mr. Knoche. 2 Quinsan Gardens. Exceptional references. -2586

PIANO lady-teacher (Viennese State diploma) gives lessons, moderate terms. 587/8 Seymour Road, telephone 36720. -2917

## Rooms with Board

BELMONT House, 15 Kelmscott Gardens, south double room, verandah, dressing-room, bathroom, excellent food, English owned. -3269

TO LET: Two nicely furnished rooms, full board, steamheated, good locality, married couple preferred. Apply Box 1923, NCDN. -3146

## Furnished Apartments

FOUR-ROOMED flat, completely furnished, French Concession. To let for six months. Servants' quarters, small garden, garage. Occupation early October. Allied nationals only. Box 1996, NCDN. 11260

FOR SALE, modern, furnished two-roomed apartment, kitchen, bath, small verandah. Apply 1528 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 2, after 10 a.m. -3238

CENTRALLY located, elegantly-furnished four-roomed apartment, to be let to bachelor or couple (Allies or neutrals), from November 1 for one year. Rental US$94. References required. Address Box 1931, NCDN. -3188

FOUR-ROOMED apartment, best residential section. French Concession. Fixtures and some furniture to be taken over. Reply stating nationality to Box 1949, NCDN. -3193

## Houses and Land

WANTED to buy or rent, small house of three/four rooms with all conveniences, small garden. Address Box 1954, NCDN. -3189

FOR SALE, western district, big garden residence about 5 mow, title-deeds. Immediate occupation, US$42,500. Post Office Box 1381. -3033

WANTED bank premises in banking district, value around half million Shanghai dollars. Address Box 1818, NCDN. -2983

HOUSES and land, situated in the western district of Shanghai, and Hungjao; if for sale, please write full particulars to The E-W Property Department. 54 Great Western Road. Ground Floor. Telephone 22273. -3000

## Rooms without Board

106 Peking Road. Well-furnished room. -3278

TO LET, September 15, well-furnished room facing garden. Telephone, verandah. 372/3 Rue Maresca. -3244

SUITE with porch, kitchen, frigidaire, US$60; also room. Convenient for people tired of hotel life. Bubbling Well Road, telephone 60888. -3161

FURNISHED room, convenient location French Concession apartment. No objection children. Apply Box 1933, NCDN. 11227

## Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to purchase, any quantity of formaldehyde, 40 per cent. Box 1992, NCDN. -3265

ADVERTISER willing to pay good price for copy of Punch No. 5217, dated March 12, 1941. Reply Box 1934, NCDN. -3246

HEALTH RAY lamp for home use. Price and particulars. Address Box 1940, NCDN. -3171

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpet, clothing etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -3044

WANTED: Buy all kinds of secondhand furniture, as refrigerator, piano, carpets, radio, etc. Dunlentin, 795 Nanking Road, Telephone 94220, 1-7 p.m. -2749

TRANSFORMERS wanted. Those who want to sell old or damaged electrical transformers may write Box 1623, NCDN, stating kilowatt capacity, number of phases, voltage rating, number of pieces and price. -2644

WANTED Chinese silk carpet for bedroom. Box 1617, NCDN. -2636

## Animals

PEDIGREED fox-terrier pups, also roe-pincher for sale. 967 Avenue Joffre, House 16, telephone 74201. -3272

WANTED services of miniature black cocker spaniel. Box 1992, NCDN. 11256

SPRINGER spaniel for sale to approved home only. Address Box 1989, NCDN. 11258

## Medical

Dr. J. KASSOFF M.D.
*(New York and Berlin Clinics)*
*Specialist in Urology and Skin Diseases*
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